The Fort Wayne Sentinel.

VOL. 20 NO. 3 — FORT WAYNE, INDIANA, SATURDAY, JULY 16, 1859. — WHOLE NO. 1363

THOMAS TIGAR,
EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

OFFICE.—*Corner of Pearl and Calhoun streets, Third Story, opposite P. Kiser.*

TERMS:

Two Dollars per annum, in Advance; Two Dollars Fifty Cents at the end of Six Months; or Three Dollars at the end of the Year.

No paper discontinued until all arrearages are paid up, except at the option of the publisher.

Advertisements *inserted* at One Dollar per Square of Ten lines for the first three weeks, and half that rate for subsequent insertions.

A liberal allowance made to those who advertise by the year.

JOB PRINTING

Executed with neatness, accuracy and dispatch, and on the most reasonable terms.

General Insurance Agency,
FORT WAYNE, IND.
Ætna Fire & Mar Insurance Co.,
Hartford, Connecticut.—Capital $500,000.
MERCHANTS FIRE&MARINE INS. Co
Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.—Capital $100,000.
STAR FIRE & MARINE INS. Co.
Ogdensburgh, N Y.—Capital $150,000.

The above Companies have all th ir capital paid in, and have complied with all the conditions of the late Act of the Legislature relating to Foreign Insurance Companies, thus affording ample guarantees to the insured.

JOHN HOUGH, Jr.
Fort Wayne, Oct. 30 1851. y17.

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.

JOHN J. GLENN,
Attorney-at-Law,
FORT WAYNE Ind.

Office on Calhoun street, over J C. Evans's Store. y—13

WM H COMBS WM H JONES
COOMBS & JONES
Attorneys-at-Law
FORT WAYNE Ind.,

WILL give prompt attention to all business entrusted to them in any of the Courts of the State.
June 1st, 1859 49

L. M. NINDE, Attorney and Counsellor at Law,
OFFICE—Corner of Calhoun and Pearl streets, under the Sentinel Office

WM. W. CARSON, Attorney and Counsellor at Law
OFFICE—On Calhoun street, one door south of P Kiser's Grocery store.

F. P. RANDALL, Attorney and Counsellor at Law, and Master in Chancery.
OFFICE—Clinton street, two doors south of H. Coleman's Brick Store.

R. BRACKENRIDGE, Jun., Attorney and Counsellor at Law, will attend to the Collection, Adjustment or Securing of Debts, the payment of taxes, purchase and sale of lands, and examination of titles in any part of Indiana.
OFFICE—Corner of Pearl and Calhoun streets, under the Sentinel office.

JOSEPH S. FRANCE, Esq.,
HAS been commissioned District Attorney for the Common Pleas Circuit in the Counties of Adams and Allen. Mr France has filed his bond and taken the oath of office, and is now ready to prosecute all misdemeanors coming within his jurisdiction. y48

Office on the southeast corner of Calhoun and Columbia Streets, over Moehring's Clothing Store.

MEDICAL NOTICES.

DR. CHARLES E. STURGIS,
☞ Has resumed the practice of Medicine & Office over N. Nirdlinger's Drug Store. Entrance on Main st. Dwelling on Berry st., opposite the Hamilton House. Feb 11 '58 9. y—33

Dr. W. D STEWART
WOULD respectfully announce to the citizens of Fort Wayne and vicinity that he has returned to and permanently located in Fort Wayne, where he will continue the practice of Medicine and Surgery.
Residence north side of Berry street, two doors west of the 2d Presbyterian Church. Office on Clinton street, immediately east the Post Office.
May 21, 1857. y44

HOMŒOPATHY.
P. M. LEONARD, M D, respectfully tenders his professional services to the citizens of Fort Wayne and vicinity, as Homœopathic Physician and Surgeon. He may be found at the office of Dr Brooks, on Calhoun street, in building north of Canal Bridge, at all times when not professionally engaged.

DENTISTRY.
Drs. MAWSON & HALLIWELL.
Surgeon Dentists,

FROM Cleveland, Ohio, from the Colleges of Fort Wayne and surrounding Country that they have taken up their abode in this City for the purpose of practicing their profession. Many years experience in North & South America enables them to give entire satisfaction to all persons who need their services; they have the latest improvements in Dentistry viz for inserting teeth viz Vulcanized India rubber, Porcelain, Celluloid, extra fine gold and silver plate, Filling teeth Crystal gold foil, Gold foil Enamelled Cement Tin foil &c.

Teeth cleansed, Extracted and all operations appertaining to their profession performed with skill and ease. Children's Teeth, where every thing depends on having a regular set of teeth, will be carefully operated on

Teeth inserted with the latest improvements, that I almost defy the most scrutinizing observer. Charges made rate, and all their work warranted. Office, Corner Main & Calhoun Streets, above Nirdlinger's Drug Store.
Fort Wayne, August 25 1858. 6)

FLORAL NOTICE.
THE undersigned will offer for sale this Spring, as soon as the weather is suitable for planting (which is usually from the 1st to the 12 of May) a very fine collection of

GREEN HOUSE PLANTS,
Verbenas, Dahlias, Phloxes, Pœonies, &c, &c.

We have over fifty varieties of VERBENAS, most of them new and rare. A superior assortment of Dahlias of every shade of color, very double and extra fine. Pæonies, besides the usual varieties, are the White and Pink, very perfect flowers, and highly fragrant. Poleas a full shade plant that is perfectly hardy, and without attention will turn out every season a great display of flowers.

☞ We will further add that we have made arrangements for carrying on the NURSERY BUSINESS on the grounds of L. D. G. Nelson, at Elm Park, and will be prepared in the Spring of 1860 to fill all orders that may be intrusted to us.

A. DAGROFF NELSON,
W. R NELSON.
Fort Wayne, April 15 '58 9. t42

SILAS J. LEE & CO
Chemists & Apothecaries,
No. 117 N Wells St. cor. of Ohio, CHICAGO, ILL.
IMPORTERS OF
French and German Essences, Flavoring Extracts of Oils and Wines.

THESE Extracts are prepared with the greatest care and warranted to contain no mineral preparations or vegetable poisons.

They impart to pure Spirits, the flavor of the finest brands of Cognac, Hennessy, Dupuy, Seignet and Catabs Brandy, Wine, Rum, Whiskey and Gin. They are put up in quantities proportioned to 20 and 40 gallons. ESSENCES of Cognac, Holland Gin, London Dock Gin, Jamaica Rum, St. Croix Rum, Rye, Bourbon, Monongahela, Scotch and Canty Whiskey, Kumel Zwetschwasser Absynth and Port Wine.

Brandy and Wine Coloring
Essences and Extracts for Flavoring Syrups, Ice Cream and Confectionary.

Orders promptly filled and sent to any order by Express. Terms cash on delivery.

☞ Circulars, Prices and directions for use sent on application.

G. C. NILL & CO.'s
DRUG STORE,
Corner of Calhoun and Main Streets.
CONSTANTLY ON HAND a fine assortment of
DRUGS, MEDICINES,
CHEMICALS,
PAINTS, OILS,
VARNISHES,
DYE-STUFFS,
GLASSWARE,
WINDOW GLASS
AND PUTTY,
BRUSHES of all kinds,
PERFUMERY, SOAPS,
AND FANCY ARTICLES.

Tobacco, Cigars and Snuffs
PATENT MEDICINES.
Pure Wines & Bandries.

CUSTOMERS AND PHYSICIANS will always find at his establishment fresh and unadulterated Medicines, which will be sold on liberal terms
Fort Wayne, May 20th, 1859.

X. VALROFF,
BAKER,
Main St. between Barr & Lafayette,

MAKES the best of Wheat and Rye BREAD, FRENCH ROLLS RUSKS, BRIZZLES, and various other CAKES. He has recently added to his establishment a superior Machine by which he is enabled to furnish Boston, Soda Pic Nic, and common CRACKERS of the first quality, at reduced prices.

☞ His team goes round the city every morning, and will leave Bread, Cakes, &c., regularly at the houses of those who desire it.
April 6th, 1859 6n42

RAILROAD NOTICE.
THE PITTSBURGH, F. WAYNE & CHICAGO
Railroad Company

WITH its ample rolling stock and equipment, is prepared to transport Passengers and Freight from
Philadelphia & Pittsburgh to Chicago,
ST LOUIS INDIANAPOLIS, CINCINNATI,
And all places West and South-West,
With a great degree of regularity and expedition.

The fact that this road forms a direct and consolidated line between PITTSBURGH and CHICAGO is a sufficient guarantee that its trains will make time, and connections with trains on other Roads.

Change of Time.
GOING WEST
PASSENGERS TRAINS LEAVE

	Express.	*Mail.*	*Freight.*
Crestline,	8 45 P M	5 25 A M	1 30 P M
FT. WAYNE,	2 30 A M	1 45 P M	6 30 P M
REACH CHICAGO	8 17 A M	7 45 P M	10 30 P M

All Trains make close connections at CRESTLINE for COLUMBUS CINCINNATI, INDIANAPOLIS and SAINT LOUIS.

Also at FORT WAYNE with Trains on Wabash & Western Railroad for *Lafayette, Central Illinois,* and *St. Louis.*

Also at Forest with trains on the M. R. & L. E R. R.

RETURNING.

	Express.	*Mail.*	*Freight.*
Leave Chicago,	7 30 P. M.	7 30 A M	4 15 P M
FT WAYNE,	1 07 A. M.	1 30 P M	7 15 AM
Arrive Crestline,	5 45 A. M.	7 17 P M	6 30 P M

Making close connections with trains for Philadelphia, Baltimore and New York.

Trains from St Louis, Indianapolis, Cincinnati, and Columbus make close connections at Crestline with all returning trains. At Fort Wayne trains from St Louis, Central Illinois, Lafayette, and intermediate places, connect with above trains. At Forest, connections are made with trains to and from Cincinnati, Springfield and Dayton.

☞ *Baggage checked through, and no charge for handling.*

☞ For tickets and further information apply to A T Johnson, Agent, at the Great Western Railroad Office, directly on the corner, at the Monongahela House, Pittsburgh, or to Geo Parkin, Passenger Station, Penn Street, between Wayne and Canal; R F Patrick, No. 30 Dearborn Street, opposite the Tremont House, Chicago, or to the Agents at the Stations on the line.

☞ All Trains stop at Fort Wayne 15 minutes.—Remember above is *leaving* time.

J. B ANDERSON Gen Superintendent.
J. N. DURAUFF, Supt Western Division.
June 22 1859. t51

New and Direct Route
FROM
Toledo to St. Louis,
Springfield, Naples, Decatur, and all points in the West.

Toledo & Wabash Railway.
No change of Cars or Baggage between Toledo and St. Louis

ON and after Sunday, April 24th, 1859, Passenger trains will leave Fort Wayne as follows:

GOING WEST,
Mail Express ..... 2 45 A M
Express ..... 2 15 P M
Freight ..... 5 45 A M

GOING EAST,
Mail Express ..... 11 55 A M
Express ..... 4 15 A M
Freight ..... 7 45 P M

Passengers by these Trains are through to St. Louis with no change of Cars, *all advantage not possessed by any on the route.* These trains make close connections at Sandusky with Great Western Railroad, for *Springfield, Naples Decatur, &c.*

The Railroad is built and equipped in the most thorough manner, and for SPEED AND COMFORT, not exceeded by any route to St. Louis.

The Mail Express leaving Fort Wayne at 6 10 A M, connects at Peru with Morning Train of the Peru and Indianapolis Railroad, for Indianapolis and at Indianapolis with *all the Roads leading from that point.*

Both Trains going East make close connections at Toledo with Trains of the Cleveland and Toledo Railroad, for *Cleveland, Dunkirk, Buffalo, Albany, New York and Boston.*

☞ FREIGHT TRAINS run daily between Toledo, Fort Wayne and State Line.

GEO. H BURROWS, Gen Supt.
Toledo, April 21, 1859

1853 FORT WAYNE 1853
STEAM IRON WORKS.
JACOB C BOWSER. JOSEPH STOR
BOWSER & STORER,
Manufacturers of and Dealers in
STATIONARY STEAM ENGINES
Of every size and variety, for Saw and Grist Mills, Shops and Warehouses.
Railroad Cars, Car Wheels,
SAW AND GRIST MILL GEARING,
Threshing Machines, Stove, Potash, & Sugar Kettles, Plows, Plow Shears, &c.,
and every other variety of Castings used in the western country, all on the most approved style and pattern. We invite particular attention to our
SHORT STROKE ENGINES
and machinery for saw mills, which are the most simple, durable, economical, and easily managed of any built in this city, the saw dust and slabs supply ing abundant fuel.

Those wishing to purchase in our line will do well to give us a call (or address us by letter) as we are bound not to be beat in style and prices by any establishment in the country.

REPAIRS done with neatness and despatch. Cash paid for old Castings and Brass.
Fort Wayne, October 20, 1853. 16

NAPKINS AND TABLE LINEN
OF all styles and prices just opened at the Basto Dry Good Store. W. T. ABBOTT.
July 2th.

SILK CAPES, Raglins, and Mantillas, at DEFT'S

NAILS—Wheeling Nails, of the best quality HED-KIN & SON.

C. F. RAPP,
MANUFACTURER AND WHOLESALE
Dealer in
STICK AND FANCY CANDIES.
Calhoun Street, Opposite Public Square.
P.J., 6m. 43. Fort Wayne, Indiana.

ROCKHILL HOUSE,
By PHILO RUMSEY,
Corner of Broadway and Main Streets,
FORT WAYNE, IND.
January 20th, 1855. y26

CITY READING ROOM
CALHOUN STREET,
Opposite Odd Fellows' Hall,
IS now open to the public, where will be found
DAILY PAPERS,
From the cities of New York, Philadelphia, Boston, Cincinnati, Louisville, St. Louis, New Orleans, Chicago, Buffalo, Cleveland, Toledo, and Fort Wayne. Also,
Pictorials & Weeklies
From different parts of the United States; FREE to all good Citizens and Strangers.

In a room adjoining will be found all the choicest brands of
Cigars, Tobacco and Fruit.
Fort Wayne, March 26, 1859. y—33

H. N. WARD,
Calhoun st., Fort Wayne in Stewart's building,
IMPORTER OF
CHINA,
Glass and Queensware,
SILVER PLATED
Tea Setts, Spoons, & Forks,
Castors, Butter Knives, Waiters and Goblets,
IVORY HANDLED KNIVES,
Common Knives—Forks,
Chamber Setts, Toilet Setts,
BRITANNIA WARE,
LOOKING GLASSES.
One Price Store, "For Cash Only."

The China and Queensware are imported direct from the first manufactories in France and England, and the Glass Ware bought of the best American makers.

Cincinnati bills duplicated at the same price.

☞ A large assortment of Common Ware for country merchants. y30

C. ORFF,
AGENT OF THE
WHEELER & WILSON Manft. Co.,
The best
SEWING MACHINE
In the world.

Call and see a sample. If you want a nice present for your wife, go to ORFF'S and order a
SEWING MACHINE.

NEW SPRING GOODS!
WOODWARD & YOUNG
Have just received a splendid assortment of
MEN & BOYS'
Ready-made Clothing,
HATS, CAPS,
And Furnishing Goods.
No. 95 Columbia st, opposite Meyer & Bro's.

ROBINSON'S
New Brick Store,
At the Old Stand in Fort Wayne.
This Wholesale and Retail
BOOT AND SHOE
MANUFACTORY
AND LEATHER STORE
IS the most extensive establishment of the kind in this part of the country.
My Retail Room
Is stocked now and full from the tops of the White Satin Bronze Patent Kid and Toilet Slipper, to the FANCY GAITER and STOGA BOOT.
Merchants & Shoe Dealers
can be supplied as low as they can buy of Eastern Jobbing Houses, as they chose direct from the Manufacturers in Exeter. Villages where the Jobbers buy their stock; and when in my own
HOME MADE WORK
is added to the Eastern, a better stock is furnished.
Also: Sole Leather, Upper, Calf Skins, Kip Skins, Linings, Bindings, Lasts, Pegs and Findings.
Cash paid for Hides & Skins
JAMES H. ROBINSON.
Fort Wayne, Ind. May 15, 18 8

Spring & Summer Clothing
C. E. VOGEL,
Calhoun st., two doors south of P. Kiser.
HAS just received his Spring Supply of
Cloths, Cassimeres, Summer Stuffs Vestings, &c.,
Which he is prepared to make to measure, in the best and most fashionable style, and warrants to give entire satisfaction to his customers, in quality, workmanship and cheapness. He is also making up and keeps for sale a full stock of
Ready-made Clothing,
Coats Summer Coats Pant, Vests &c., of all qualities.
His clothing is all home-made, and will be found superior to any eastern shop work.
Gents Furnishing Goods, Shirts, Under-shirts, Drawers, Cravats, Umbrellas, &c., in great variety—all of which will be sold for cash
Cheaper than ever.

MRS. VOGEL, also, offers at the same place a neat and fashionable assortment of
MILLINERY,
Bonnets and Fancy Goods,
To which she invites the attention of Ladies, as she designs selling at the very lowest rates. Bonnets made up, and all kinds of Millinery Work promptly attended to.
Bonnets Altered, Cleaned and Pressed.

THE BOUDOIR
Family Sewing Machine,
Cheapest, Best and most Reliable Machine yet offered to the Public.

THIS machine, which works with TWO threads making the double lock stitch, is equal in every respect to the highest priced machines, and is sold for half the price.

Mrs BRONK, the agent for the sale of these Sewing Machines, has removed from the Daguerrean Room to the room over Vordermark's Shoe Store Calhoun Street, and invites the ladies to call and examine. Full and efficient instruction will be given to those who purchase.

Satisfactory references can be given from ladies of this city who are using them truly valued. Sewing Machines
May 6th, 1859. 6

BY AUTHORITY.

PUBLIC ACTS
Of the Thirty-Fifth Congress of the United States.

Passed at the second session, which was begun and held at the City of Washington, in the District of Columbia, on Monday, the sixth day of December, A. D. 1858, and ended on Thursday, the third day of March, A. D. 1859.

CHAP. LXXXVI.—An Act for the Relief of Congressional Township number twenty-seven, North, of Range Number six, East, in Wabash County, Indiana.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the auditor of the county of Wabash, aforesaid, for the time being, be authorized and allowed to make in his own official name of the quantity of five hundred and thirty-seven and nine one-hundredths acres, in legal subdivisions, of any lands of the United States, or any part of the public domain subject to private entry, at the minimum price of one dollar and twenty five cents per acre, the same, when so entered for the purposes hereby made, and declared to be for the inhabitants of congressional township number twenty seven north, of range number six, east, in the county of Wabash, and State of Indiana, and to stand in lieu of a deficit of that quantity in the amount of school lands belonging to said township, and to be held and controlled in the same manner.

Sec 2. *And be it further enacted* That when the said lands shall have been selected and entered as aforesaid, and duly reported to and approved by the Secretary of the Interior, he shall cause a patent or patents to issue therefor.

Approved, March 3, 1859.

CHAP. LXXXVII.—An An Act making an Appropriation for the Payment of the Expenses of Investigating Committees and for other Purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the sum of ten thousand dollars be, and the same is hereby, appropriated out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated for the payment of the expenses of the several investigating committees of the House of Representatives during the present Congress, and that the same shall be added to the miscellaneous item of the contingent fund of the House with which payments of the appropriations for the engraving of maps, charts, and other plates and engraving documents ordered to be printed at the first session of the thirty fourth Congress, contained in "An act to supply deficiencies," approved May fifteenth eighteen hundred and fifty six—*Provided*, that the clerk of the House may charge to and miscellaneous item, any deficiency in the items of contingency, folding documents, and furniture and repairs of the same, in the south wing of the Capitol.

Approved, March 3, 1859.

CHAP. LXXXVIII.—An Act making Appropriations for the Payment of Invalid and other Pensions of the United States for the year ending the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and sixty.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums be, and the same are hereby, appropriated, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the payment of pensions for the year ending the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and sixty:

For invalid pensions under various acts, four hundred and thirty thousand dollars

For pensions under acts of eighteenth March, eighteen hundred and eighteen, fifteenth May, eighteen hundred and twenty eight, and seventh June, eighteen hundred and thirty two, forty thousand dollars.

For pensions to widows of those who served in the Revolutionary War, under the third section of the act of fourth July, eighteen hundred and thirty eight, third March eighteen hundred and forty three, seventh June, eighteen hundred and forty four, second February and twenty ninth July, eighteen hundred and forty eight, and second section of third February, eighteen hundred and fifty three, two hundred and fourteen thousand dollars.

For pensions to widows and orphans, under first section and fourth July, eighteen hundred and thirty six, act of twenty first June, eighteen hundred and forty eight, first section act of third February, eighteen hundred and fifty three, and under special acts, fifty thousand dollars.

For navy invalid pensions one thousand dollars.

For navy pensions to widows and orphans, under act of eleventh August, eighteen hundred and forty eight, one hundred and fifteen thousand dollars.

For privateer invalids, one thousand dollars

Sec 2. *And be it further enacted*, That in all cases of application for the payment of pensions to invalids under the several laws of Congress granting pensions to invalids, the affidavit of two surgeons or physicians, whose credibility as such shall be certified by the magistrate before whom the affidavit is made, stating the confirmance of the disability for which the pension was originally granted (adjudging it and the extent of such disability at the time of making the affidavit shall accompany the application of the pensioner, which shall fall due upon and by the next fourth day of March proximo, and thereafter to be declared by the Secretary of the Interior, and at the end of every two years thereafter; and if in a case of continued disability it shall be stated at a rate below that for which the pension was originally granted, the applicant shall only be paid at the rate stated in the affidavit: *Provided* That where the pension shall have been originally granted for a total disability, in consequence of the special wound, or other cause which cannot, either in whole or in part be remedied, the above affidavit shall not be necessary to entitle the applicant to payment.

Approved, March 3 1859.

RESOLUTIONS.

[No 1] A Resolution for the Appointment of two Regents of the Smithsonian Institution.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the vacancies in the Board of Regents of the Smithsonian Institution of the class other than members of Congress, be filled by the appointment of Alexander Dallas Bache, a member of the National Institute, and resident in the city of Washington, and George E Badger, of the State of North Carolina.

Approved, January 17 1859

[No. 2] Joint Resolution authorizing Townsend Harris, United States Consul General at Japan, and H. C. J Heusken, his Interpreter, respectively, to accept a Snuff box from her Majesty, the Queen of England

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That Townsend Harris United States Consul General in Japan, and H J C Heusken be, and they are hereby authorized, to accept respectively, from the Queen of England a snuff box bearing her Majesty's cypher, which it is the intention of the Queen to offer to each as a mark of her gratitude for assistance rendered to Lord Elgin in his negotiation of a treaty between Great Britain and Japan.

Approved, January 25, 1859.

Cheaper than ever.

[No 4] A Resolution authorizing the Secretary of the Treasury to convey a Portion of the Government Lot on which the United States Court House stands in Rutland, Vermont, in Exchange for other Land adjoining the said Lot.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled. That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby authorized and empowered, to convey to Joan B Page, Esq., of Rutland in the State of Vermont all such of the east side of the lot of land on which the United States court house and post office stands in said Rutland, as in the opinion of the said Secretary will not be required for the use of the government, in exchange for other lands of equal area on the north side of and adjoining said government lot, without cost to the government, and to give and receive deeds to and from the said John B. Page for the lands so given and received in exchange.

Approved, February 5 1859.

[No. 2] A Resolution for the Payment of an unexpended Balance to the State of Georgia, on Account of Militia Services.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums be, and the same are hereby, appropriated, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the payment of pensions for the year ending the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and sixty:

For invalid pensions under various acts, four hundred and thirty thousand dollars

For pensions under acts of eighteenth March, eighteen hundred and eighteen, fifteenth May, eighteen hundred and twenty eight, and seventh June, eighteen hundred and thirty two, forty thousand dollars.

For pensions to widows of those who served in the Revolutionary War, under the third section of the act of fourth July, eighteen hundred and thirty eight, third March eighteen hundred and forty three, seventh June, eighteen hundred and forty four, second February and twenty ninth July, eighteen hundred and forty eight, and second section of third February, eighteen hundred and fifty three, two hundred and fourteen thousand dollars.

For pensions to widows and orphans, under first section and fourth July, eighteen hundred and thirty six, act of twenty first June, eighteen hundred and forty eight, first section act of third February, eighteen hundred and fifty three, and under special acts, fifty thousand dollars.

For navy invalid pensions one thousand dollars.

For navy pensions to widows and orphans, under act of eleventh August, eighteen hundred and forty eight, one hundred and fifteen thousand dollars.

For privateer invalids, one thousand dollars

Sec 2. *And be it further enacted*, That in all cases of application for the payment of pensions to invalids under the several laws of Congress granting pensions to invalids, the affidavit of two surgeons or physicians, whose credibility as such shall be certified by the magistrate before whom the affidavit is made, stating the continuance of the disability for which the pension was originally granted (adjudging it and the extent of such disability at the time of making the affidavit shall accompany the application of the pensioner, which shall fall due upon and by the next fourth day of March proximo, and thereafter to be declared by the Secretary of the Interior, and at the end of every two years thereafter; and if in a case of continued disability it shall be stated at a rate below that for which the pension was originally granted, the applicant shall only be paid at the rate stated in the affidavit: *Provided* That where the pension shall have been originally granted for a total disability, in consequence of the special wound, or other cause which cannot, either in whole or in part be remedied, the above affidavit shall not be necessary to entitle the applicant to payment.

Approved, March 3 1859.

[No 1] A Resolution for the Appointment of Commissioners to the Exhibition of the Products of Industry of all Nations.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the President of the United States be, and he is hereby authorized to appoint three Commissioners to the Exhibition of the Products of Industry of all Nations, to be held in the City of London, in the year eighteen hundred and fifty-one, and that the sum of twenty thousand dollars be, and the same is hereby appropriated out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to defray the expenses of said Commissioners, including the compensation of a Secretary, to be appointed by the President, and the cost of the transportation to and from London of such articles as may be selected by the Commissioners to be sent to said Exhibition.

Approved, March 3 1859.

[No. 2] Joint Resolution for the Relief of Thomas Allen.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized to pay to Thomas Allen, late Captain of the Company of Volunteers in the service of the United States, in the war with Mexico, the amount of the pay and subsistence due to the men of his company, who died in the service of the United States, and whose names are borne on the muster rolls of said company, and which has been withheld from said Allen by the Auditor of the Treasury for the Post Office Department, on the ground that said Allen had failed to pay over the same to the heirs of said deceased soldiers, upon the production of satisfactory evidence that said Allen has paid the same to the heirs of said deceased soldiers.

Approved, March 3 1859.

[No. 3] Joint Resolution for the Relief of Lieutenant Thomas Jefferson Page.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Navy be, and he is hereby, authorized to place the name of Thomas Jefferson Page, late a Lieutenant in the Navy of the United States, on the list of retired officers of the Navy, with the rank of Commander, and to pay him the same amount of salary as is allowed to officers of that rank on the retired list.

Approved, March 3 1859.

[No. 4] Joint Resolution for the Relief of Lieutenant Thomas Jefferson Page.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Navy be, and he is hereby, authorized to pay to Thomas Jefferson Page, late a Lieutenant in the Navy of the United States, the amount of pay and subsistence due to the men of his company, who died in the service of the United States, and whose names are borne on the muster rolls of said company, and which has been withheld from said Page by the Auditor of the Treasury for the Post Office Department, on the ground that said Page had failed to pay over the same to the heirs of said deceased soldiers, upon the production of satisfactory evidence that said Page has paid the same to the heirs of said deceased soldiers.

Approved, March 3 1859.

[No. 5] Joint Resolution for the Relief of Lieutenant Thomas Jefferson Page.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Navy be, and he is hereby, authorized to pay to Thomas Jefferson Page, late a Lieutenant in the Navy of the United States, the amount of pay and subsistence due to the men of his company, who died in the service of the United States, and whose names are borne on the muster rolls of said company, and which has been withheld from said Page by the Auditor of the Treasury for the Post Office Department, on the ground that said Page had failed to pay over the same to the heirs of said deceased soldiers, upon the production of satisfactory evidence that said Page has paid the same to the heirs of said deceased soldiers.

Approved, March 3 1859.

[No. 6] Joint Resolution for the Relief of Lieutenant Thomas Jefferson Page.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Navy be, and he is hereby, authorized to pay to Thomas Jefferson Page, late a Lieutenant in the Navy of the United States, the amount of pay and subsistence due to the men of his company, who died in the service of the United States, and whose names are borne on the muster rolls of said company, and which has been withheld from said Page by the Auditor of the Treasury for the Post Office Department, on the ground that said Page had failed to pay over the same to the heirs of said deceased soldiers, upon the production of satisfactory evidence that said Page has paid the same to the heirs of said deceased soldiers.

Approved, March 3 1859.

[No. 7] A Resolution for changing the Plan of the Custom House at Galveston in the State of Texas.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby authorized, to make such alterations of the dimensions and plan of the custom house building constructing at Galveston, Texas, as he may deem best and as petitioned for by the people of Galveston: *Provided* the cost, when completed, do not exceed the amount already appropriated; *and provided further* that the consent in writing of the contractors and their sureties for the construction of said custom house to such alterations shall be first had and delivered to the Secretary of the Treasury.

Approved, February 9, 1859

[NO. 8] Joint Resolution giving the Consent of Congress to the Acceptance by Captain M F. Maury, and Professor A. D Bache of Gold Medals from the Sardinian Government.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the consent of Congress be, and it is hereby given to the acceptance by Captain M. F. Maury, and Professor A D Bache, and [they] are hereby authorized to accept, respectively, a Gold Medal tendered to each of them by the Sardinian Government as a mark of its appreciation of their scientific labors and achievements.

Adopted, February 14 1859

[NO. 9] Joint Resolution in Relation to the Tobacco trade of the United States with Foreign Nations.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the trade in Tobacco with Great Britain, France, Spain, Portugal, Austria, Belgium and other foreign nations is clogged with few restrictions and limitations which if inconsistent with the fair and reciprocal conditions of commerce which subsist between the United States and those nations respectively, and is therefore unsatisfactory to the states of Virginia, Kentucky, Maryland, North Carolina, Missouri Tennessee, Ohio, and Connecticut, and other tobacco growing States, in which that article is an important, if not the cheap, staple of agricultural production

2d. *Resolved*, That it is the duty of the federal government to use its utmost power, by negotiations or other constitutional means, to obtain a modification or reduction on the part of said foreign nations of the duties and restrictions imposed by them on the importation of American tobacco, and to that end to employ all the diplomatic and consular powers which the constitution has confined to it in producing a more just and equitable reciprocity in the trade so deeply involving the value of that portion of the agricultural labor of the country in which at least four of the confederacy is concerned.

3d *Resolved*, That the treaties of the United States with China and Japan present a fair and fitting occasion for the commencement and extension of the tobacco trade of the United States to use all their exertions, within the limits of constitutional power, to foster and encourage the introduction of American tobacco as an article of use among the people of those nations.

4th *Resolved*, That diplomatic negotiations with England, France, Spain, and Austria, as well as with China and Japan, ought to be commenced as soon as practicable by the government of the United States, with the view of obtaining a modification of the existing system of revenue and taxation of those nations in respect to American tobacco, and for this purpose instructions ought to be given to our foreign ministers, consuls, and commercial agents in those nations by the Executive of the United States to use all their constitutional and legitimate functions in producing so desirable a result.

Approved, February 14 1859

[NO. 10] Joint Resolution to authorize the Secretary of the Treasury to sell a certain Plat of Land in the City of Petersburgh, Virginia, belonging to the United States.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized in his discretion, if deemed by him consistent with the public interests, to sell, and by deed convey to the purchaser, a piece or parcel of land lying in the southeast corner of the custom house lot in Petersburg, Virginia, to be laid off and defined as to make the eastern boundary of said lot a straight line from the beginning, on Bank street, south to the lot belonging to Powell's Hotel company; and that the proceeds of such sale be applied, if necessary, to the completion and furnishing of said custom house building or grading and enclosing said lot: *Provided* That the Secretary of the Treasury shall fix the minimum below which the said lots shall not be sold.

Approved, February 18 1859

[NO. 12.] A Resolution conferring the Rank of Senior Flag Office on the Active Service List of the United States Navy on Captain Charles Stewart.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the President of the United States, with the advice and consent of the Senate be, and he is hereby authorized and empowered to confer on Captain Charles Stewart, of the United States Navy, in recognition of his distinguished and meritorious service, the commission of senior flag officer in the United States Navy on the active service list.

Approved, March 2 1859

[NO. 13] A Resolution in Relation to the Second Section of the act of Congress entitled "An Act to provide for the Location of certain confirmed private Land Claims, in the State of Missouri and for other Purposes."

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the second section of the act of Congress, entitled "An act to provide for the location of certain confirmed private land claims in the State of Missouri and for other purposes," approved June second, eighteen hundred and fifty one, be hereby so construed as to operate and take effect until the end of the thirty-sixth Congress, as to the patents or patents which are issued, or may be authorized to be issued by the executive authority or department of the government, or any officer or agent thereof, under or by virtue of said act.

Approved, March 3, 1859

[NO 14] A Joint Resolution amendatory of the Act entitled, "An Act to regulate the Compensation of Members of Congress," approved August sixteenth, eighteen hundred and fifty-six, so far as relates to such Members as shall die during their Terms of Service

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That whenever, hereafter, any person elected a member of the Senate or House of Representatives shall die after the commencement of the Congress to which he shall have been so elected, compensation shall be computed and paid to his widow, or if no widow survive him, to his heirs at law for the period that shall have elapsed from the commencement of such Congress as aforesaid to the time of his death, at the rate of three thousand dollars per annum: *Provided however*, That compensation shall be computed and paid in all cases for parts of not less than three months; and, *Provided further*, That in no case shall constructive mileage or commutation be paid.

Sec 2. Be it further resolved, That the provision of this joint resolution, so far as the same are beneficial to the widow or heirs at law of members of Congress as aforesaid, shall be extended and applied to the widows and heirs at law of members elected to the present Congress, who have died since its commencement.

Approved, March 3 1859.

The late King of Prussia once sent to an aide de-camp, Colonel Malachowski, who was brave but poor, a small portfolio, bound like a book in which was deposited five hundred crowns. Some time afterwards he met the officer, and said to him, Ah, well, how did you like the new work which I sent you?—Excessively fine, replied the colonel. I read it with such interest that I expect the second volume with impatience.—The King smiled, and when the officers birthday arrived he presented him with another portfolio, similar in every respect to the first, but with these words engraved upon it—"This book is complete in two volumes."

Madam, said a cross-tempered physician to a patient, if women were admitted into paradise their tongues would make it a purgatory. And some physicians if allowed to practice there, replied the lady, would soon make it a desert.

It is said that since the death of his father Wm B Astor, has (laid up) $1,000,000 a year He had nearly $18,000,000 to commence his with.

From the American Union.

Mr. Pepper's Wife—How he Shut her up

BY MARY A. CHAPIN.

"Mrs. Pepper I labor under the impression that it is high time you were getting breakfast. As my former house keeper understood all my wishes, with regard to things, I never found it necessary to give any orders respecting them: but with you it is different, as you have not got a meal in this house, of course you know nothing of the regulations of the household.

"In the first place you will make a fire in the kitchen, put on the tea kettle, &c. Then you will make a fire in here; that done you will cook the breakfast and bring it in here as I have always been accustomed to take mine in bed, and I do not think it necessary to depart from that custom on your account; but should you prefer it, you can take yours in the kitchen, as it is perfectly immaterial to me."

This occurred the morning after Mrs. Pepper went to house keeping. Mrs. Pepper was a sensible woman—she made no reply to Mr. Pepper's commands, but as soon as her toilet was finished, she left the room, and

Fort Wayne Sentinel.

SATURDAY, JULY 16, 1859.

☞ For Sale, a Certificate of Scholarship in *Dietrick's Mercantile Institute*. Enquire at this office. tf48

Democratic State Convention—It has been usual in Indiana to hold our Democratic State Conventions on the 8th of January—a glorious day, and very suitable for that purpose. That day falling on Sunday next year, the State Central Committee have called the Convention to meet on Monday, the 9th. This is objected to by the entire democratic press of the state, as inconvenient and unsuitable, compelling the delegates from remote counties to leave home on Saturday, and lay over at Indianapolis on Sunday, subjecting them to unnecessary expense and delay, causing the desecration of the Sabbath by the political caucusing and manoeuvring which would be sure to take place on that day. A later day, say Wednesday or Thursday, is recommended. The Central Committee have not, as yet, seen fit to listen to the remonstrance and make the change desired, but we hope they will do so. Inasmuch as the convention cannot be held on the 8th, and Monday is undoubtedly a very inconvenient day, we certainly would recommend a change to Wednesday or Thursday. It is essential that this should be done to ensure a full attendance of delegates, as many who would wish to attend, would refuse if they were to be subjected to the additional expense and loss of time of staying an extra day at Indianapolis. We therefore unite in the call to the committee to change the day, and trust they will not remain longer in opposition to the declared sentiment of the entire democratic party in the state.

Our City Council—The old board of council have at length seen fit to retire from office, and the new board and other officers chosen at the late election have been sworn into office. The same course has already been adopted in every other city in the State.

The council drew lots to decide their respective terms of office, which resulted as follows:

1st. Ward:	John Burt,	4	years.
	John Trentman	2	"
2d "	B H Tower,	4	"
	Morris Cody,	2	"
3d "	B D Miner,	4	"
	H Niermann,	2	"
4th "	James Humphrey,	4	"
	O D Bird.	2	"
5th "	Daniel Nestle,	4	"
	A C Beaver.	2	"

On Monday the new board fixed the salaries of officers as follows: Mayor, $1,000 per annum. Clerk $500; Marshal $500; Treasurer $400; Market Master $200; Council $1 00 for each meeting, and $2 per day while serving on Committees. Chief Engineer $2 per day, while actually engaged in the duties of his office.

The assessment for City Taxation is 55 cents on the $100, and 50 cents poll, for the general levy; and 25 cents on the $100 for School purposes.

On Tuesday the Council elected George Humphrey Chief Engineer of Fire Department; and Drs. Woodworth, and Meindermann, and J. H. Robinson, Esq., Board of Health.

The Canal—The repairs on our canal are finished, and water will be let in this evening.

A swing or pivot bridge is in course of erection over the canal on Calhoun street. This will be a great convenience to travellers, as it obviates the necessity of the high embankments on each side. The bridge will be under the charge of the city authorities, who take the responsibility of keeping it in order, that no unnecessary detention may arise to persons wishing to cross.

The Weather has been intensely hot for the past week, the thermometor ranging at 96° to 98° in the shade, and on Thursday it reached 100°. On that day we learn that refreshing showers were experienced in several places, but the boon was not extended to us, and we are almost parched up with the excessive heat and drought.

Of course our readers will not be so unreasonable as to expect us to write lengthy editorials under such a torrid heat. The *thing* is impossible, for if we should chance to stumble on an idea, it would certainly evaporate before we could put it on paper.

The Wheat Harvest in this region is about over. The weather has been most propitious, and we rejoice to learn the crop is abundant and of the very best quality. It is perhaps the best crop we have had for many years. Oats and corn also promise well.

The wheat crop in all parts of the country is spoken of as excellent.

Vandalism—Some disorderly boys are in the habit of breaking the windows and committing other depredations on the Western School House. The new Marshal should keep a sharp look out for the rowdies and bring them before the Mayor, who would doubtless inflict such a penalty as would learn them to avoid such wanton disregard of propriety in fortune. A heavy fine and a few days or weeks imprisonment in the Calaboose would have a beneficial effect on them.

How the Course of Gov. Willard is Looked Upon—The Columbia City News copies an article from our last paper, on Gov. Willard's refusal to concur with the Commissioners in their location of the Penitentiary at Fort Wayne, and adds:

> We wonder if Willard will not begin to think, soon, that he cannot have his own way after all is said and done? Had he not better approve the action of the board at once, so that the design of the Legislature can be carried out? We think he had; and save his credit. If he does not, salt will not save him

Jewish Synagogue—The Jews of this city have purchased the German Methodist Church, on Harrison Street, which they intend to enlarge and beautify, and use as a place of worship. This will be the first Jewish synagogue in the state. The congregation is small, and the expense of the building will be heavy. They therefore appeal to the liberality of our citizens for some assistance. The appeal, we are gratified to learn, has been, so far, very generously responded to, and hopes are entertained that the requisite amount will be raised. This class of our citizens have been liberal in their contributions to all public enterprises, and as it is the first time they have asked any thing from the public, it is right to afford them the assistance they ask, and creditable to our citizens that their claims have been so kindly acknowledged

Another Match—Bell's Life in London of the 26th June, contains a notice of the acceptance of the challenge given by Mr. King of this place for a pigeon match. The party accepting proposes to shoot for £150 ($750) a side. The match to come off at Newmarket, during the October races. One half the stakes are already deposited.

This makes two matches Mr. K has engaged in England. He will doubtless have more, and we expect to see him return in the fall crowned with laurels and with his pockets lined with rocks.

☞ The best place we know of this hot weather is Drake's Reading Room; while that superb lemonade of his is the most delightful and refreshing thing imaginable, and leaves the happy partakers cool and calm as a summer morning. The saloons and groceries are deserted, and every one is drinking Drake's lemonade. His establishment has given an impetus to the cause of temperance that all the abstinence societies lecturers and prohibitory laws failed to accomplish. Father Mathew did some good in his day, but nothing like what Moses Drake is effecting now. He deserves the thanks of the community for his good work

Mr. Wm. Jacobs has returned to town, and has in connection with his son, bought out John Hamilton's boot and shoe store, corner of Calhoun and Columbia streets. Mr. Jacobs is well known to our citizens as a fair and honorable tradesman, particularly obliging to his customers, and his return to the business will be hailed with satisfaction by hundreds of his old friends. He makes a point of always keeping the best goods and selling at the lowest prices, and having secured the services of the best boot-maker in the state, his home-made work will now be superior to any to be found elsewhere. Give him a call.

C. NEIREITER will remove his saddlery store next week to the new building erected by P. Ohneck on the opposite side of the street, No. 122, where he will offer for sale a large and full assortment of saddles, collars, valises, &c. &c., of the best quality, at the lowest rates. He will furnish the trade at wholesale prices. Further particulars will be given in his advertisement next week.

CHARLEY RAPP is making a choice article of Ice Cream, and his neat little saloon, (on Calhoun, opposite public square,) deserves a pretty good share of custom these warm evenings.

For the Sentinel.

THE NORTHERN STATE PRISON.

The Logansport Journal, in an article entitled "The Penitentiary Question," lets off the following paragraph:

> "The Commissioners refuse to report any other location than Fort Wayne, and the Governor positively refuses to approve that. Between them the final location will be likely to go over until the next session of the Legislature."

Unfortunately for the astute editor of the Journal, not a word of the above paragraph is true. The Commissioners have selected Fort Wayne—the Governor refuses to either approve or disapprove and seeks by non action to bring the Commissioners to his own selected point. The law evidently intends that the Commissioners shall make the location and the Governor approve; but his Excellency and the editor of the Journal, think the Governor should make the selection and the Commissioners approve. *This is not the law.* The law says very clearly, that the Commissioners, "after a careful examination," shall select a point north of the National Road for a site upon which to build the prison, and present a report of the same to the Governor for its approval or disapproval; if he approves, it shall be the place of the erection of the said prison; if he disapproves, the Commissioners, "without further examination," shall select another site, and so on until "they"—the Governor and Commissioners—"agree." The questions now before the public are: Have the Commissioners done their duty? and, has the Governor done his? It is unquestionably the *duty* of the Governor to approve the selection made by the Commissioners, if the location is the better one. If there are other points that present superior facilities for the erection of the Prison, then let the Governor disapprove of this one, and the Commissioners under the law select another, and present that other to him.

The Journal is evidently in the fog in relation to the law and its "requirements." The Journal says:

> "Papers that attack the Governor for withholding *his* sanction, do not render him justice, for he is given by the law, an influence and a responsibility in the selection of a place equal at least, to the Commissioners."

Now, not a word of this is true. The Governor is not made by the law one of the "Board of Control," and if he has no secret motives or *pecuniary interests*, he ought evidently to let the "responsibility" fall upon the *Commissioners*.

The law empathically says that the "Board of Control" shall have the absolute *control of* the erection and management of the New Prison; and provides further that they shall "make a careful examination" for the location, and report the same to the Governor for his approval. What business the Governor had to travel around and examine different points, we cannot understand. That he very properly might have visited the point selected by the "Board of Control," and examined into the health of the location, facilities for building, appropriateness of the site, &c., is true; but that he had a right to constitute himself a "Board of Control" to select a location, is an assumption as impertinent as it is unwarranted by the law. Let it be remembered that this law was recommended by his Excellency in two messages; that it was passed by Democrats of both Houses; that it received his approval; and that the "Board of Control" were appointed by *himself*, and the gentlemen appointed were universally acknowledged by the *press* of both parties, to be honest and qualified for the position; then let the people of the State decide whether there is not "a cat in the meal tub."

We have heard it whispered that certain political considerations induce his Excellency to take this course of non-action. Well, all we have to say on that subject is, that *Democratic Allen* will take care of herself. We are of course proud of our city, and the enterprise of her citizens. He who strikes at either to subserve political or personal ends may expect to feel the *weight* of our blows in a political contest. No trumped up charges against the Commissioners will amount to anything. The question is this—*'Is Fort Wayne an eligible point for the erection of the Prison?'* If it is, let the Governor approve! If it is not, let him disapprove and that without further delay. B.

Financial Condition of our City.

The following extract from a paper presented to the Common Council by F. P. Randall, Esq., Mayor, on Monday evening last, showing the financial condition of our city, will be interesting to our readers:—

A large proportion of the present indebtedness of the city has been created by the purchase of the lots and the erection thereon of the two new School Houses.

School House No 1, in the eastern part of the city, on Clay street, and the lots upon which it stands, have cost the sum of $16,079.27. School House No. 2, in the western part of the city, on Jefferson street, and the lots upon which it was erected, have cost $18,342.90; making together the sum of $34,422.27, of which amount $17,955.33 has been paid, leaving due on account of School Houses $16,486.96 and some interest. Of this amount there is now due and will become due during the present year $8,270.21 besides interest.

There was a law passed at the last session of the Legislature, amending the Common School Law, which requires all lands or lots acquired for School House purposes to be conveyed to the city in its corporate name, and the tax for building and repairing the same to be levied by the Common Council of the city. Under this law it becomes your duty to levy a tax sufficient to meet the $8,270 21 payable the current year. The taxable property of the city, as returned by the Assessor, is $2,300,000, or so nearly that we can assume that sum as the basis. Making proper allowance for delinquencies, to meet this indebtedness alone will require a levy of thirty five cents on the one hundred dollars valuation, and a poll tax of 50 cents in addition. The law, however, limits your levy for this purpose to 25 cents, and a poll tax of 50 cents, which is the same levy as was made by the School Trustees last year, and will yield a revenue to apply on the School House of about $5,585.

The indebtedness of the city, exclusive of the School House debt, was on the first of May, 1859, above $5,000. The current ordinary expenses of the city for the year ending May 1st, 1859, were $13,465. The total debt of the city, incurred for the year ending as above, was $19,337 73; of this last amount $3,213 53 was expended in the purchase of four lots in the western part of the city for market purposes, and $2,650 were appropriated by the Council and paid on the School House debt.

If the ordinary expenses of the present year equal the past, namely $13,465 00, and putting the indebtedness of the city on the first of May last at $5,000, you would have to provide for the payment of $18,465 00 during the present year,—to raise which would require a levy of eighty cents on the hundred dollars valuation. Such a tax would be too heavy a burthen upon the business and enterprise of the city; I would therefore recommend a levy not exceeding sixty cents, and then by a careful selection of those improvements which the public interests require to be made immediately, and postponing others, bring the expenses within your means of paying.

The Penitentiary Question

The Commissioners refuse to report any other location than Fort Wayne, and the Governor positively refuses to approve that. Between them the final location will be likely to go over until the next session of the legislature.

The Commissioners do not all believe they have the right to locate, without reference to the Governor. One of them, only thinks so. He is attracted to Fort Wayne, by peculiar influences. It was his suggestions, alone, that originated the proposition to purchase the grounds and make contracts.

The requirment, contained in the law, for the approval of the Governor was put in for wise purposes, and the wisdom of it is now apparent. Papers that attack the Governor for withholding his sanction do not render him justice, for he is given, by the law, an influence, and a responsibility in the selection of a place, equal, at least, to the Commissioners'—*Logansport Journal.*

That is true. The Governor is entitled to full immunity from attack for regarding his responsibility in this matter of locating the penitentiary, but not for *disregarding* that responsibility. And that is just where we place our objection to his conduct. His right to refuse his sanction to the location already made is indisputable, but his duty to *so inform* the Commissioners is equally indisputable. Except from rumor the Commissioners and the public have no knowledge, of course, not an other step can be taken in the business. And this is the trouble. If Governor Willard had promptly told the Commissioners that he thought their location a bad one, and he would not approve it, he would have fulfilled the requirements of the law, "put in for wise purposes," whether he might have judged wisely as to the location or not. They would then have gone on and made another location, and submitted it to him, and so kept on till they had settled upon some place that the Governor would approve. But he won't do this. He won't say whether he approves Fort Wayne or not, except as we may trust rumors, and newspaper statements. He has made no official declaration of his opinion. In this state of affairs nothing can be done. Now it is clearly the Governor's duty to do one thing or the other, to approve or disapprove. There is no mistake about that. But he won't do either. Why, we, of course, don't know, though we might hazard a guess if it was worth while hunting for the motives of a man who acts so whimsically, and so like a petulant, spoiled boy, instead of a clear-headed, sensible man. But whatever his motive there is his action, or rather non action, and there is the law, and it is very easy to see if the two fit together. What motives the Commissioners may have had in selecting Fort Wayne, or adhering to their selection, we don't know, and we don't care. We are no apologist of theirs. It is with the public conduct of both Commissioners and Governor that we are concerned, and we don't care for the hidden motives, if there are any in either case.—*State Journal*

State Board of Equalization.—This body adjourned yesterday. It was ordered that the following changes be made:

Additions to the value of real estate in the following counties, as equalized by the District Boards, of 12 per cent. in Parke; of 10 per cent. Vermillion; 5 per cent in Hamilton; 1 per cent in Wabash; 10 per cent. in Monroe; 10 per cent in Bartholomew; and 2 per cent in Tippecanoe. Reductions were made from the value of real estate in the following counties as equalized by the District Boards, of 10 per cent in Putnam; 10 per cent in Wells; 5 per cent. in Jay; 5 per cent. in Adams; 30 per cent. in Brown; 10 per cent. in Jennings; 5 per cent. in Lawrence; and 3 per cent. in Carrol county.

An effort was made to add 5 per cent. to the total value of the appraisement of the 6th District, but it was voted down by a vote of 12 to 2.

The following statistics show the taxables of Indiana, exclusive of railroads and personal property, reported to the State Board. The changes made will increase the amount but little:

Whole number of acres	22,125,124
Value of lands and improvements	$252,383,779
Value of lots and improvement	47,443,723
Total value of Real Estate	$299,827,502
CHANGE MADE BY DISTRICT BOARDS.	
Increase over appraisement	$4,679,507
Decrease ove appraisement	3,154,153
Net Increase	1,527,354
Total value as equalized	$301,354,856
Average value of lands and improvements per acre	$12 62
Total value in 1851	$147,198,484
Increase value since 1851	154,156,372
Increase since 1858	79 per cent.

It is estimated that the personal property will amount to $130,000,000, which, with the railroads added to the real estate, will make the total valuation about 470,000,000. The whole number of polls will be about 210,000.—*State Journal*

Death of Hon. Rufus Choate.

HALIFAX, July 14.

Hon. Rufus Choate died in this city yesterday morning. His health had continued to improve during his stay here, until half past six o'clock on Tuesday evening, when the attacks commenced which closed his career. He was unconscious from six o'clock until two on Wednesday morning, when he died. His remains will be taken to Boston for interment. A meeting of the Bench and Bar of this city has been called to prepare an address of condolence to his family.

Mr. Choate was sixty years of age; was born in Ipswitch, Mass., in October, 1799. He was preparing for a trip through Europe for the benefit of his health

WASHINGTON, July 11.

Mr. Seaman, the former Superintendent of the Public Printing, now under indictment for malfeasance in office, has returned to this city.

A special dispatch from New Orleans, published in the Charleston Courier on the 9th inst says that General Wool has defeated the Liberal forces, and that General Zuloaga at Gunnajuato had proclaimed Santa Anna Dictator. This affair has caused great confusion at San Luis Potosi. Ex Governor Barrera had attempted a revolution in the Province of Campeachy, which was followed by similar demonstrations in the other provinces. The Government was making vigorous efforts to suppress the outbreak

The State Department has recently had under consideration the subject of the Hudson Bay and Puget Sound Agricultural Companies in connection with their privileges in Washington Territory; and it is understood that its action thereon is to the effect that their possessory rights ceased by the limitation of their charters, on the 20th of May last, as well as under the Oregon Treaty. It will be recollected that these companies, some years ago, offered to sell their rights to the United States for $4,000,000, and subsequently expressed their readiness to be satisfied with $600,000 for their possessions.

The Catholic Missions at Vancouver, and other claims, are involved in this decision, which, now falling under the administration of the Interior Department, is likely to present some important features, if not controversy, concerning the titles to valuable lands.

WASHINGTON, June 12.

The late Congress appropriated only fifteen thousand dollars as a preliminary to the taken of the next census for the preparation of blank forms, instructions to Marshals, etc. Ample time will be allowed for the selection of reliable deputies and such arrangements be made by the Secretary of the Interior as will secure the prosecution of the work with more perfectness than heretofore. Many applications have been made for employment as Clerks, but the Census Bureau will not be organized until next year, when the returns shall be received.

There is authority for the assertion, that however desireable the acquisition of Lower California may be to the Administration, no such proposition is now pending between the Governments of the United States and Mexico as has been stated.

Secretary Floyd's health is slightly improved. He will return to Washington to accompany the President to Bedford Springs on Monday.

WASHINGTON, July 14.

The Constitution of this morning contains a copy of a dispatch from the State Department recently sent to our minister at Berlin, on the subject of naturalization. The case is, that if a naturalized citizen of the United States, who is a native of Hanover and who, when he left his native country was neither in actual service in the Hanover army or had been drafted to serve in it, but who has set upon his return to Hanover been deprived of his liberty and compelled to perform military service, the President and Cabinet concur in the views expressed, taking the ground that the moment a foreigner becomes naturalized his allegiance to this native country is severed, he is no more responsible for anything he may say or do or omit to say or do after assuming his new character than if he had been born in the United States. Should he return to his native country, he returns as an American citizen and no other character.

In order to entitle his original government to punish him for an offence, this must have been committed whilst he was a subject and owed allegiance to that government. The offence must have been complete before his expatriation. It must have been of such a character that he might have been tried and punished for it the moment of his departure. Our Minister is instructed to demand the release of the naturalized citizen in question.

WASHINGTON, June 14.

Gun Exploded.—While the gunner's crew was engaged in their usual practice at the Washington Navy Yard to-day, a sixty-four pound army gun, which is said to have been thoroughly tested in 1851, burst. Two of the gunners, James H Wilson and William Nokes were instantly killed, a part of their heads being blown off and their bodies thrown a considerable distance from the gun platform. Besides, eight men were severely and two men slighly wounded.

One Day Later from Europe.

Arrival of the City of Baltimore and Adelaide.

NEW YORK, July 11.

The steamships City of Baltimore and Adelaide have arrived.

The Adelaide comes from Liverpool via St. Johns, to which point she brought the first intelligence of the battle of Solferino.

The City of Baltimore left Liverpool on the 29th, but brings advices to the 30th ult., received by telegraph at Queenstown, where she stopped on her passage.

Count Pourtales, the Prussian Embassador, has arrived at the headquarters of the Austrian army.

Laybach has been fixed upon as the seat of government of Lombardy.

The Austrian head quarters have been moved from Villa France to Verona.

France is preparing to move an army on the Rhine.

General Gyulai, the ex-commander in-chief of the Austrian army, has taken command as Colonel of a regiment bearing his name.

The Paris correspondent of the London Times says, in regard to the battle of Solferino, that General Neil, with 35,000 men and two divisions of cavalry—in all about 50,000—was engaged in forcing the Austrian center. After twelve hours' fighting, the Austrians brought up reserves of 80,000, and the allies their reserve of 50,000. It was a most critical moment, and in three hours more the general fighting ended to the advantage of the Allies. The Zouaves are said to have been much cut up, and the first chasseurs of Algeria were terribly treated. Four Generals killed and one wounded. Orders have been received at Milan to prepare 14,000 beds for the wounded.

PARIS, June 29

The Moniteur contains details of the battle of Solferino, but these are reports of different attacks of the various corps d'armee. The Moniteur does not state the number of killed and wounded on either side.

TURIN, June 28

The Piedmontese Gazette publishes official details of the battle, written on the same day. According to positive information, twenty five thousand Sardinians held their ground against fifty thousand Austrians, who occupied a formidable position, from which they were dislodged by the Sardinians, under the orders of King Victor Emmanuel.

The Sardinian loss is said to be about one thousand killed and the same number wounded.

The London Times' Paris correspondent reports that a project has been opened for the mobilization of one hundred battalions of the National Guard, and reorganizing them for garrison duty.

The details received of the recent massacre at Perugia by the Swiss troops, state that neither sex nor age was spared. Among the murdered by the soldiers after the fighting had ceased, were three married couples, five elderly females a girl four years old, &c. An infant was also torn from its mother's breast and thrown into the Tiber.

The London Times' Paris correspondent says that the Piedmontese were at one time during the battle of Solferino completely enveloped by the Austrians, but they recovered, and, repulsing the enemy, kept their position with exceeding courage.

TURIN, June 29

Deserters from the Austrians state unanimously that there were forty thousand Austrians at Pozzolengo. This position fell to the Piedmontese. General Baraguay d'Hilliers won Solferino, and marched against Carrina.

Arrival of the Canada.

Later from the Seat of War.

SACKSVILLE, N. B., July 12.

The steamship Canada, from Liverpool, with dates to the 2d inst., passed Cape Race, at half past 5 o'clock on Sunday afternoon, and arrived at Halifax this forenoon

The intelligence from the seat of war states that no fighting had occurred since the battle of Solferino. The allied troops continued to cross the river Mincio without molestation from the enemy.

The Emperor of Austria has not taken his departure from Vienna, as he was said to intend but he is now expected to remain in Italy.

The new English Ministry has announced that it will be governed by a strict neutrality Mr. Cobden has declined the proferred seat in the new English Ministry

The Emperor Napoleon had removed his head quarters from Volta to Valeggio. The Sardinians under the command of Victor Emmanuel, have invested Peschiera, their lines extending from Lake Garda to the Mincio

The battle commenced at a little before five o'clock in the morning, not far from sunrise. Just back of Castiglione rises a high range of hills which project a mile or thereabouts into the plain and then break off toward the left into a wide expanse of hills, and so into the rolling surface which makes that portion of the plain. The Austrians had taken the position upon those hills, planting cannon upon those nearest to Castiglione which they could approach, as the French army was in full force, and around that little village, and had stationed their immense array all over the surrounding plain.

As nearly as we can now learn, the Emperor Francis Joseph, had collected here not less than two hundred and twenty-five thousand troops and commanded them in person. His evident purpose was to make a stand here and risk the fortunes of the war upon the hazards of the day.

Napoleon promptly accepted the challenge, and commenced the attack as soon as it was light this morning, by placing the cannon upon the hills still nearer to Castiglione than those held by the Austrians, and opening fire upon on the heights beyond. He took his own stand upon the highest of these, a steep, sharp backed ridge, which commands a magnificient view of the entire circuit of the plain, and from that point directed the entire movement of his army during the early portion of the day.

The French very soon drove the enemy out of the town and followed them into the small villages of the plain below. The first of these was Solferino, where they had a sharp and protracted engagement. The Austrians disputed every inch of the ground, and fought here as they did throughout the day, with the utmost desperation.

They were three times driven out of the town before they could stay out. The people of the village, moreover, took part against the French, upon whom they fired from their windows, and the French were compelled, in self defense, to burn the town. When they found it impossible to hold their ground any longer they fell back slowly and stendily until they reached the village of Volta, directly southeast from Castiglione, and is only about a mile from the river Mincio, from which however, it is separated by a range of hills.

Upon these hills in the rear of the town, and over looking it completely on the south and south east sides, the Austrians had planted very formidable batteries, and when I arrived on the field and went at once to the height where the Emperor had stood at the opening of the engagement, but which he had left an hour before to follow his victorious troops, these batteries batteries were blazing away upon the French who were stationed on the plains below.

The general result was soon made evident by the slackening of the Austrian fire, and by the falling back of their smoke, and a corresponding advance on the part of which rose from the French artillery. The cannonading at that point lasted for nearly an hour, but in in precisely what direction the Austrians returned it was not possible from the position I occupied to see.

Part of the Austrain force probably crossed the river Mincio which flows southward from the lower end of Lake Garda, and empties into the Po; but the battle continued to rage all over the region northwest of a line connecting the towns of Castiglione, Solferino, and Volta. At one point after another a sharp cannonading would arise, and continue half or three-quarters of an hour, and after each successive engagement of this kind, the result became apparent in the retreat of the Austrians and the advance of the French forces.

During all the early part of the day the sky had been clear and the weather hot; but clouds began to gather about noon, and at five o'clock, while the cannonade was at its hight, a tremendous thunder storm rolled up from the north west. The storm lasted for about an hour, and the cannonade, so far as we could distinguish, was suspended.

Then the rain ceased, the clouds blew away and the sun shone out again, and the air was cool and perfectly delightful.

Though the cannon may have ceased for a time to take part in it, the fight had in the mean time gone on; and when I again resumed my point of observation, from which the storm had expelled me, the cannonading commence on the extreme left of the entire field and on the very borders of the Lake, south east from Castiglione and west of Peschiera.

The Piedmontese troops, under the King who commands them in person, had been posted there and received the Austrians as they came around. From about seven o'clock until after nightfall, an incessant and most terrible combat was here kept up.

The batteries of the two armies were apparently about a half a mile apart, and at the out set they were both served with nearly equal and effective vigor, but the Austrians gradually slackened their fire, and took up new positions while the Sardinians poured a rapid and uninterrupted shower of balls upon them, suspending only for a few moments at a time, and then renewing it again with redoubled fury.

The wind had gone down the air was still, and the sound of musketry, as well as of cannon was distinctly heard. Sometimes only a single flash would be seen then two or three at once and sometimes half a dozen would break forth in instant succession.

It was beginning to be dusk when I turned to descend the hill, and all the way down I still heard the roar of the cannon and the clattering of the guns of the Infantry.

The Austrians have sustained an overwhelming defeat, and it seems to me not unlikely that the Emperor may now be induced, by the representations of the neutral powers, to accept the peace which Napoleon will very likely to tender him.

I am afraid to venture upon any conjecture as to the number killed and wounded, but from the nature of the case, it must be enormous. I am confident that not less then ten thousand wounded have been brought into this village alone during the day, to say nothing of those who were left on the field, or taken to other places.

Details of the Foreign News—The Paris letter in the London Times, dated June 23, says an extraordinary meeting of the Deputies will be held to raise a fresh contingent of men, and the writer thinks this does not strengthen the hope that the war will be confined to Italy. The same writer, in his letter of the 22d, says:

The breach between the Archbishop of Paris and the court is regarded as certain. His Highness is said to have given the request to officiate at the *Te Deum* for Magenta an answer to which there was no reply possible: "I can not join in thanksgiving for the murder of fifteen thousand human beings, nor raise a hymn of joy founded upon the pain and misery of others; but I will sing a *De Profundis* and *Requiem* for the souls of the departed with the greatest pleasure."

In some of the rural districts of France the priests are said to have preached against the war, and have denounced what they would consider the predatory view of Victor Emmanuel.

ROME, June 18.

The Pope's Trouble—The Holy father is in the beginning of new difficulties. Those of 1848 were nothing in comparison. For the last few months the French in command here have gone on step by step, and test by test, depriving the Pope of his authority. They have now come to the point that the Pope is only a name in Rome.

Last Sunday a telegraphic dispatch announced the departure of the Austrians from Bologna and the other legations. This was immediately followed by an other stating that Bologna was in arms against the Pope, and that a Provisional Government had been proclaimed there, as in Florence.

Since then the Perugia and all the Romagna have rebelled. The Pope's troops that were sent to put down the insurrection, have in great part deserted and gone over to Piedmont. Several congregations of Cardinals have been held to deliberate as to whether the French are to be called in to put down the insurrection or not

It is hard to know the plan of Napoleon with regard to Rome. I think he will either take away the legations or impose a constitution on the Pope which can never be accepted. Napoleon will not appear in all this. Cavour is now the Tribune of Italy. All obey his orders. Palmerston's old project will now be realised—to have the Austrians driven out of Italy, and to give a constitution to all the Papal States. The Neapolitans are only waiting for orders from Cavour to rebel. Such is the present state of Italy.

[From the Washington Constitution.]

Interesting Letters on the Naturalization Question.

Reference having been made to the course pursued by Mr. Fillmore's Administration in relation to naturalized American citizens who return to their native homes, we publish on the subject, the recorded opinions of Daniel Webster and Edward Everett each of whom was Secretary of State, during the Administration:

[Extract]—Mr. Webster to Ignacio Tolen, N. Y.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE,
Washington, June 25, 1850.

The respect paid to any passport granted by this department to a naturalized citizen, formerly a subject of Spain, will depend upon the laws of that nation in relation to the allegiance due its authority by its native born subjects. If that government recognizes the right of its subjects to denationalize themselves and assimilate with the citizens of other countries, the usual passport will be a sufficient safeguard to you but if allegiance to the Crown of Spain may not legally renounced by its subjects, you must expect to be liable to the obligations of a Spanish subject if you voluntarily place yourself within the jurisdiction of that government.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE,
Washington, June 1, 1852.

SIR: I have to acknowledge the receipt of your letter to Mr. Reddall of the 7th ultimo, inquiring whether Mr. Victor B. Depierre, a native of France, but a naturalized citizen of the United States, can expect the protection of this Government in that country when proceeding thither with a passport from this Department. In reply, I am to inform you that if, as is understood to be the fact the government of France does not acknowledge the right of natives of that country to renounce their allegiance, it may lawfully claim their services when found within French jurisdiction.

I am, sir, very respectfully,
Your obedient servant,
DANIEL WEBSTER.

To T. B. Nones, Esq., New York.

The letter from Mr. Everett was addressed to our minister at Berlin, under date of 14th January, 1853, in reference to several cases which had been presented by that minister the question raised, Mr. Everett writes, "has received the particular attention of the President." The following extracts sufficiently state the doctrine:

If then, a Prussian subject, born and living under this state of law, chooses to emigrate to a foreign country without obtaining the certificate which alone can discharge him from the obligation of military services, he takes that step at his own risk. He elects to go abroad under the burden of a duty which he owes to his government. His departure is of the nature of an escape from her laws; and if, at any subsequent period he is indiscreet enough to return to his native country, he cannot complain if those laws are executed to his disadvantage. His case resembles that of a soldier or sailor enlisted by conscription or other compulsory process in the army or navy. If he should desert the service of his country, and thereby render himself amenable to military law, no one would expect that he could return to his native land and bid defiance to its laws, because in the mean time he might have become a naturalized citizen of a foreign State

For these reasons, and without entering into the discussion of the question of perpetual allegiance, the President is of opinion that, if a subject of Prussia, lying under a legal obligation in that country to perform a certain amount of military duty, leaves his native land, and without performing that duty or obtaining the prescribed "certificate of emigration," comes to the United States and is naturalized, and afterward, for any purposes whatever, goes back to Prussia, it is not competent for the United States to protect him from the operation of the Prussian law. The case may be one of great hardship especially if the omission to procure the certificate arose from inadvertence or ignorance, but this fact, though a just ground for sympathy, does not alter the case as one of international law.

☞ Several deaths from sun stroke have already occured in Philadelphia and New York. The attack may generally be averted by bathing the head occasionally with cold water, or wearing a wet cloth inside the hat. Intoxication is a predisposing cause. The remedial treatment is simple. The head should be rubbed with cold water, and the patient made to swallow carbonate of ammonia in solution.

BALTIMORE, July 13

Murder—A shocking murder occurred in South Baltimore last night. Thomas Eaton and George Bark, demanded of Wm. H. Taylor, a peaceable citizen, that he should go into town and treat them; upon Mr Taylors refusing he was seized by Eaton and knocked down, when Bark put a pistol to the back of the prostrate man's head and blew out his brains. The murderer escaped, but Eaton was arrested.

Fort Wayne Railroad Time Table.

The Toledo & Wabash Trains leave the depot at Fort Wayne:—

Going West:

Mail Express, at 2 45 A.M.
Express—2 15P. M.
Freight—5 45 A. M.

Going East:

Mail Express, at 11 25 A M
Express—4 15 A M.
Freight—7 45 P. M.

Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne, & Chicago Trains

Going East:

Mail Accommodation 1 30 P. M.
Through Express 1 07 A. M.
Express Freight 7 15 A. M.
Local Freight 6 00 P. M.

Going West:

Mail Accommodation 1 45 P. M
Through Express 2 30 A M.
Express Freight 6 30 A. M.

HAIR DYE—HAIR DYE—HAIR DYE!

W. A. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE.

The Original and Best in the World!

All others are mere imitations and should be avoided if you wish to escape ridicule.

Grey, Red, or Rusty Hair dyed instantly to a beautiful and natural Brown or Black, without injury to Hair or Skin. Fifteen Medals and Diplomas have been awarded to Wm. A Batchelor since 1840, and over 80,000 applications have been made to his patrons of his famous Dye.

Wm. A Batchelor's Hair Dye produces a color not to be distinguished from nature, and is warranted not to injure in the least, however long it may be continued, and the ill effects of bad Dyes remedied, the Hair invigorated and beautified by this splendid Dye.

All the above sold and applied in private rooms at the Wig Factory, 233 Broadway, New York.

Sold by Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers throughout the United States.

The Genuine has the name and address upon a steel plate engraving on the side of each Box of

WILLIAM A. BATCHELOR,
233 Broadway, New York.

y3

WIGS!—WIGS!!—WIGS!!!

BATCHELOR'S WIGS AND TOUPEES surpass all. They are elegant, light, easy and durable. Exchanges to obtain—no turning up behind—no shrinking. Private rooms for ladies, in the same establishment where the Wigs, &c. are made to order, and attended to.

y3 233 Broadway, New York

Common sense rules the mass of the people, whatever the ism named and misanthrope philosophers may say to the contrary. Show them a good thing—let its merits be clearly demonstrated, and they will not hesitate to give their most cordial patronage. Most masses have a ready ratified the judgment of physicians as to the virtues of Hostetters Bitters, as may be seen in the immense quantities of this medicine that are annually sold in every section of the land. It is now recognized as greatly superior to all other remedies yet devised for the dyspepsia, and for the various evils that arise from derangement of those portion of the system. Hostetter's name is rapidly becoming a household word from Maine to Texas, from the shores of the Atlantic to the Pacific. Try the article and be satisfied.

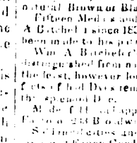
Sold by all Druggists in the world.

☞ See advertisement.

Dr Robadt's Scandinavian Remedies

Are you sick, no matter what organ is affected, depend upon it the *blood*, which is the food and sustenance of every organ, is full of corruption! My Scandinavian Blood Purifier, break up the source of disease in the fluids of the body. They purge and purify the elements of the blood. Hence their quick and complete cures in dyspepsia, scrofula, eruptions, tetter, tumors, nervousness, kidney complaints, yellow fevers, debility, rheumatism, headache, want of sexual vigor, etc., etc. These remedies are astonishing the whole medical world. See advertisement.

The Poetry of Physic.



AYER'S PILLS glide, 'tis said, over the palate, but their energy, although wrapped up, is *there*, and tells with giant force on the very fountain of disease. There are thousands of sufferers who would not wear their distempers if they knew they could be cured for 25 cent. Try Ayer's Pills and you will know it.

Purify the blood and disease will be starved out.

Cleanse the system from impurities and you are cured already.

Take the best of all purgatives, and scrofula, indigestion, weakness, headache backache, sideache, jaundice, rheumatism, derangements of the liver, kidneys and bowels, all these more durable types of all diseases which a purgative remedy can reach, fly before them like darkness before the sun.

Reader, if you are suffering from any of the numerous complaints they cure—suffer no more—the remedy has been provided for you, and it is criminal to neglect it.

That Ayer's Cherry Pectoral is the best medicine for a Cough, is known to the whole world; and that Ayer's Pills are the best of all pills, is known to those who have used them.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER, Practical Chemist, Lowell, Mass., and sold by

H B REED & Co
MEYER & BROTHER

'52

The condition of the stomach is of vital importance. No man, woman, or child can be healthy unless the work of digestion is regularly, thoroughly, and vigorously performed. With three-fourths of civilized society, this is not the case. And yet the remedy is within the reach of all. Hoofland's German Bitters, prepared by Dr C M Jackson, Philadelphia, will as surely create a regular and healthy action of the stomach, as oil will lessen the friction of machinery. Let the victim of dyspepsia or indigestion in any of its forms, *try it*, and we guarantee a good appetite, physical vigor, firm nerves, sound sleep by night, and increased cheerfulness by day. See advertisement

Card to Ladies.

The HACHISH or PERCIE PILLS, for Females. The importers of this reliable and safe remedy for female complaints would respectfully

JACOBS

ON HAND AGAIN WITH

BOOTS, SHOES,

AND LEATHER!

AT WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

THE undersigned would respectfully announce to the citizens of Fort Wayne and surrounding country, that they have purchased the entire stock of Mr JNO. HAMILTON and will continue in the old stand at the corner of Calhoun and Columbia streets in Fort Wayne. Their assortment will at all times be general and complete. In Eastern manufactured work for

Children, Misses, Ladies and Gentlemen

every grade and style direct from the very best manufacturers; and having made arrangements with a prominent and well known boot and shoe maker of Fort Wayne, we have every facility for getting up and constantly keeping on hand a general assortment of

HOME-MADE WORK

not surpassed by any other establishment in the city of Fort Wayne—

ALL WARRANTED.

In short, may be found in our stock anything in this line from the little child's fancy Parodi up to the gent's long-legged Water-Proof Boot. Our prices throughout will be found very reasonable indeed.

All work done to order on the shortest notice and in the best manner. From our long acquaintance with the business, our close application to the same, and our efforts to please, we hope to merit a liberal share of public patronage.

W. JACOBS & SON.

Fort Wayne July 13, 1859 y3

Louisa Smith, vs. Henry Smith } Allen Circuit Court. November Term, 1859.

DIVORCE.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Clerk of the Allen Circuit Court, by affidavit filed, that said defendant is a non resident of the State of Indiana.

Notice is therefore hereby given said defendant of the filing and pendency of said complaint, and that unless he personally be and appear before the Judge of said Court, on or before the second day of the next term thereof, to be holden at the court house in the county of Allen on the 7th day of November, 1859, and answer or demur to said complaint the same will be heard and determined in his absence.

I. D. G. NELSON, Clerk.

CRANE & SMITH, Att'y's for plaintiff.

July 12, 1859. $2 10 3w3

PARK HOTEL

Corner Beekman and Nassau Streets.

Opposite Whitlock Building,

NEW YORK.

THIS house having been newly refitted with all the modern improvements will be opened for the accommodation of the travelling public on the 25th July, and the proprietor respectfully solicits a liberal share of patronage, feeling confident from the manner in which the house will be conducted that the guests cannot fail to be satisfied. It has superior advantages of situation, being near the Park, Railroad Steamboat and Stage Routes, and convenient to business locations and places of amusements—Every attention will be paid to the wants and comfort of its guests.

3 2 P. WIGHT, Proprietor.

THOS. PARSONS, M. D.

Physician, Surgeon, & Accoucher

Formerly of the Nottingham Eye Dispensary, England.

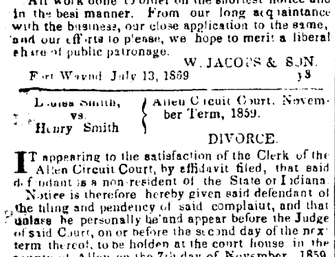
OFFICE, Calhoun Street, over Bullinger's Shoe Store. D. Parsons will devote his whole time and attention to professional duties, and attend promptly to all calls both from town and country.

Particular attention will be given to diseases of the Eye, Ear, and Lungs. Operations for Cataract performed.

Office hours, 8 to 10 a. m., and 1 to 3 p. m.

Fort Wayne July 8th 1859 pd3:2

READY FOR SALE!



16 MOFFIT'S Patent Grain Separators!

THE best Threshing Machines in use. For sale at the manufactory.

MOFFITT & TOWER.

Fort Wayne July 9th.

$12,000 STAPLE AND FANCY

Dry Goods,

Received at ORFF'S.

Lyons worth 25c at 12½

Chintz Rockwoods worth $6 at $4

Printed Brilliants worth 25c at 12½c,

Printed Jaconets and Cambrics at 25c; 16 yds. best colored Calico for $1.

Linville and Patchomint Cloth for Dusters and Traveling Dresses. Bon Trait and Opera Cotton, Cloth Rugs and Mantelettes, Bayadere Stripe Bleaches, White Valentia, Brown and Bleached Diaper, Brown and Bleached Drilling.

Bleached Linen Table-Cloths

at 87c., worth $1 25

Silk Irishes at 44c worth 75c. Fancy Cassimeres Satin and Grenadine Vestings, &c. &c.

☞ Call and see.

July 8th, 1859 2f

THE WHEELER & WILSON

SEWING MACHINE

is the perfection for family use, AND WE CHALLENGE THE WORLD.

$100 MACHINE FOR $75!

$75 do. " 50!

Call soon and see, at the agent,

Old No. 8.

Street Planking.

THE undersigned will receive Sealed Proposals until 7 o'clock p. m. on Monday, August 1st, 1859, for

Grading & Planking Main Street,

From the east side of Calhoun street to the west side of Barr Street, 43 feet wide. The work to be completed by the 1st day of November next. Plans and specifications to be seen at the Mayor's office in this city.

E. VORDERMARK,
J. FOELLINGER,
A. M. WEBB,
Committee.

Fort Wayne, July 9th 4w2

State of Indiana, } Allen Common Pleas Court
Allen County, ss. } July Term, 1859.

Amariah Thorp vs James W. Thorp.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, by affidavit filed, that said defendant is a non-resident of the State of Indiana, it is therefore ordered by the Court that said defendant be notified of the filing and pendency of said suit by publication in the Fort Wayne Sentinel. Notice is therefore hereby given said defendant that unless he personally be and appear before the Court now here, at the next term thereof, on the first Monday in October next, to answer or demur to said complaint, the same will be heard and determined in his absence.

I. D. G. NELSON, Clerk A. C. C.

July 8th, 1859 [$1 85] 3w2

$12,000 STAPLE AND FANCY

Dry Goods,

Received at ORFF'S.

Lyons worth 25c at 12½

Chintz Rockwoods worth $6 at $4

Printed Brilliants worth 25c at 12½c,

Printed Jaconets and Cambrics at 25c; 16 yds. best colored Calico for $1.

Linville and Patchomint Cloth for Dusters and Traveling Dresses. Bon Trait and Opera Cotton, Cloth Rugs and Mantelettes, Bayadere Stripe Bleaches, White Valentia, Brown and Bleached Diaper, Brown and Bleached Drilling.

Bleached Linen Table-Cloths

at 87c., worth $1 25

Silk Irishes at 44c worth 75c. Fancy Cassimeres Satin and Grenadine Vestings, &c. &c.

☞ Call and see.

July 8th, 1859 2f

THE WHEELER & WILSON

SEWING MACHINE

is the perfection for family use, AND WE CHALLENGE THE WORLD.

$100 MACHINE FOR $75!

$75 do. " 50!

Call soon and see, at the agent,

Old No. 8.

Street Planking.

THE undersigned will receive Sealed Proposals until 7 o'clock p. m. on Monday, August 1st, 1859, for

Grading & Planking Main Street,

From the east side of Calhoun street to the west side of Barr Street, 43 feet wide. The work to be completed by the 1st day of November next. Plans and specifications to be seen at the Mayor's office in this city.

E. VORDERMARK,
J. FOELLINGER,
A. M. WEBB,
Committee.

Fort Wayne, July 9th 4w2

State of Indiana, } Allen Common Pleas Court
Allen County, ss. } July Term, 1859.

Amariah Thorp vs James W. Thorp.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, by affidavit filed, that said defendant is a non-resident of the State of Indiana, it is therefore ordered by the Court that said defendant be notified of the filing and pendency of said suit by publication in the Fort Wayne Sentinel. Notice is therefore hereby given said defendant that unless he personally be and appear before the Court now here, at the next term thereof, on the first Monday in October next, to answer or demur to said complaint, the same will be heard and determined in his absence.

I. D. G. NELSON, Clerk A. C. C.

July 8th, 1859 [$1 85] 3w2

Administrator's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned have been appointed Administrator of the Estate of William A. Jackson, late of Allen County, Ind., deceased. Said estate supposed to be insolvent.

PHEBE V. JACKSON
JESSE COLES,
July 8th, 59 3w2 Admrs.

Administrator's Sale.

NOTICE is hereby given that we will sell at Public Auction on Tuesday, August 2d, at the residence of William A. Jackson, late of Allen County deceased all his personal property not taken by the widow, consisting of horses, hogs, farming utensils, and household furniture. A credit of six months will be given on all sums over three dollars, the purchaser giving his note with approved surety, waiving valuation and appraisement laws.

PHEBE V. JACKSON,
JESSE COLES,
Fort Wayne, July 9, 59. [$1 50—3w] Admrs

Gifts Rare and Beautiful!

GIVEN INDISCRIMINATELY WITHOUT MONEY

TO ALL PERSONS ORDERING BOOKS FROM

CLARK'S GREAT

GIFT BOOK ESTABLISHMENT,

No. 806, Spring Garden Street,

PHILADELPHIA.

THIS ESTABLISHMENT IS CONDUCTED ON A SCALE OF UNSURPASSED MAGNIFENCE AND LIBERALITY, AS THOUSANDS CAN TESTIFY, AND UNIVERSALLY ACKNOWLEDGED TO BE THE MOST LIBERAL AND PUNCTUAL GIFT ENTERPRISE IN THE UNITED STATES.

MY New and Classified Catalogue of Books, a pamphlet of 48 large pages, contains a full list of Histories, Biographies, Travels, Adventures' Stories, Anecdotes, Tales, Narratives, Romances, Sports and Pastimes, Astronomical, Religious, Biblical, Theological, Classical, Philosophical, Geographical, Botanical and Agricultural Works, Dictionaries, Lexicons, Albums, Annuals and Presentation Books, Bibles, Hymn and Prayer Books, in every style of Binding, together with all the NEWEST WORKS of the day, all of which are handsomely bound and guaranteed PERFECT in every respect.

The schedule I present (as will be seen by reference to my Catalogue) is the most extensive, as it is the most superior, elegant and magnificent ever offered by any similar establishment in the Union—one of which gifts will accompany each book at the time of sale.

☞ A FINE GOLD WATCH accompanies every order of 100 Books ordered at one time from my Catalogue

TESTIMONIALS.

As an evidence of the truth of what has been asserted I append the names of a few persons of high standing, whose veracity cannot be questioned, who have purchased or ordered books from me, and received GOLD WATCHES namely: Wm Zimmerman, Middletown, Pa.; John D. Skiles, wholesale Grocer, Lancaster, Pa.; Hon. G. G. Walker, Representative from Somerset county, in the Pennsylvania Legislature; Walter G. Evans, notary public, Lancaster city, Pa.; Jacob Martin, Esq., Rochester, N. Y.; Hiram Fisk, Esq., Cleveland Ohio, Mr Evo. Lenhart, Harrisburgh Pa., Mr J. L. Fenrs, Rock Creek, Henry County, Georgia, Mr Thos. Smead, Bedford, Pa., &c. Julia Crosby, 927, Lawrence St. Phila., who received a splendid Silk Dress Pattern worth $15

D. W. CLARK,
No. 806, Spring Garden St., Philadelphia, Pa.

AGENTS WANTED in every town and village in the United States. My terms to Agents are such as to afford them a liberal remuneration for their, trouble. Full particulars may be had by addressing me as above. ☞ Catalogues sent free to any address. 3m3

CAUTION TO TRAVELERS!

WAR AGINST MONOPOLY!

Pay Fare no further tha Toledo.

CHEAPEST FARE YET!

Ward's Steamboat Line! Opposition

To Railroad Monopoly

The fast-sailing Upper Cabin Steamer

FORESTER,

CAPT. J. P. WARD,

Leaves Toledo Mon. Southern and Northern Indiana Railroad Dock, EVERY MORNING, (Sunday excepted) on the arrival of the M. S. and N. I. R. R. and Western Trains from the West, at 6 45 A. M. touching at SANDUSKY and KELLY'S ISLAND, and arriving in CLEVELAND at 6 30 P. M., connecting with Ward's Fast and Splendid Opposition Steamers

SEA BIRD, Capt. C. C. Blodget,

ARCTIC, Capt. H. Fish.

For Buffalo.

Connecting with trains for Niagara Falls and all points east.

Fare from Toledo to Sandusky	Cabin. $1 00	Deck. $0 50
" " Kelly's Island	1 00	—
" " Cleveland	1 50	1 00
" " Buffalo	4 00	2 50
" " Niagara Falls	5 00	—
" " and return	9 00	—
" " New York	12 00	—

Meals and Berth Included.

The Fare by this line will be kept at *One half that Charged by Railroad* or any competent line of side wheel Steamers, no matter how cheap the two latter may be.

Unlike the Railroad Steamers, passengers are obliged to pay their fare but once. Meals and berths included.

Passengers by this line can have a delightful ride through the Islands by daylight, and from Cleveland to Buffalo can have a good night's rest free from the jar, noise, dust, and fatigue of a Railroad.

☞ For freight or passage apply on Board.

N B. Passengers going East, will, upon their arrival at Toledo, pass through the Depot to the front where the Boat's Porters are always in waiting to receive checks and convey passengers' baggage to the Boat free of charge.

Western money will be taken by this line for fare

☞ Beware of Cleveland & Toledo R. R. runners.

pd. 4m—No. 1.

State of Indiana, } Before S. H. Bloomhuff, J. P.
Allen County, ss. } ATTACHMENT.

John Millenbaugh vs E. B. Jones.

NOTICE is given defendant of the pendency of the above entitled suit, and that proceedings in attachment have been commenced therein, and that said cause will be heard before said Justice at his office in the city of Fort Wayne, county of Allen and State of Indiana, on the 18th day of July, 1859, at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day; and said defendant fail to appear at said time and place his cause will be heard in his absence.

S. H. BLOOMHUFF, J. P.

June 11 1859. pd3w1

[redacted]

Sheriff's Sale.

Aaron Blorb, vs. Christopher Klieber } In the Court of Common Pleas of Allen County, Indiana.

BY virtue of an execution to me directed and delivered by the Clerk of said Court, in the above entitled case, I have levied upon and will expose for sale by public auction, at the Court House door, in said County, between the hours of one and four o'clock P. M. of the 23d day of July, 1859, the rents and profits for a term of years not exceeding seven, of the following described premises, viz:

Lot number sixty five (65) in Hanna's addition to the town of Fort Wayne, Allen county, Indiana.

And on failure to realize therefrom the full amount of the judgment, interest thereon and costs, I will at the same time, and in the manner aforesaid, expose to sale the fee simple of the above described premises. Taken as the property of the defendant, to satisfy said execution.

WM. FLEMING, Sh'ff A. C.

June 25, 1859. [$2 50] 3w1

Sheriff's Sale.

John Marshall vs. Elizabeth Marshall, } In the Court of Common Pleas of Allen County, Ind.

BY virtue of an Execution to me directed and delivered by the Clerk of said Court, I have levied upon and will expose for sale by public auction, at the Court House door in said county, between the hours of one and four o'clock P. M. of the 23d day of July, 1859, the rents and profits for a term not to exceed seven years, of the following described premises, viz:

All of the East on North fraction of section number four [1] except forty acres off of the east side of said fraction in township number thirty-one [31] north of range number twelve [12] east, in the district of lands subject to sale at Fort Wayne, Indiana.

And on failure to realize therefrom the full amount of the judgments, interest thereon, and costs, I will at the same time and place, by public auction aforesaid, expose to sale the *fee simple* of the above described premises. Taken as the property of the defendant to satisfy said execution.

WM. FLEMING, Sh'ff A. C.

June 25, 1859. [$2 50] 3w1

Sheriff's Sale.

Aaron Blorb, vs. Christopher Klieber } In the Court of Common Pleas of Allen County, Indiana.

BY virtue of an execution to me directed and delivered by the Clerk of said Court, in the above entitled case, I have levied upon and will expose for sale by public auction, at the Court House door, in said County, between the hours of one and four o'clock P. M. of the 23d day of July, 1859, the rents and profits for a term of years not exceeding seven, of the following described premises, viz:

Lot number sixty five (65) in Hanna's addition to the town of Fort Wayne, Allen county, Indiana.

And on failure to realize therefrom the full amount of the judgment, interest thereon and costs, I will at the same time, and in the manner aforesaid, expose to sale the fee simple of the above described premises. Taken as the property of the defendant, to satisfy said execution.

WM. FLEMING, Sh'ff A. C.

May 27th, 1859 [$3 00] 4w43

☞ The above sale is postponed until Saturday July 30th, 1859, at the same hour and place.

WM. FLEMING, Sh'ff A. C.

June 25, 1858 [$5 50] 3w1

Sheriff's Sale.

Jackson McMahon vs. David McClaren and others. } In the Court of Common Pleas of Allen County, Indiana.

BY virtue of an execution to me directed and delivered by the Clerk of said Court in the above entitled cause, I have levied upon and will expose for sale by Public Auction, at the Court House door in said county, between the hours of one and four o'clock P. M., of the 4th day of June, 1859, the rents and profits for a term not to exceed seven years, of the following described premises, viz:

South east quarter of section ten (10) in township thirty-one (31), north of range eleven (11) east, containing one hundred and twenty acres, in Allen County, Ind.

And on failure to realize therefrom the full amount of the judgment, interest thereon, and costs, I will at the same time, and in the manner aforesaid, offer for sale the *fee simple* of the above described premises. Taken as the property of the defendant to satisfy said execution.

WM. FLEMING, Sh'ff A. C.

May 6th, 1859. [$3 00]

By direction of the plaintiff the above sale is further postponed until the 30th of July, at the same hour and place.

WM. FLEMING, Sh'ff A. C.

June 31, 1859. [$9 00] 13w45

NOTICE.

THE Board of Commissioners of Allen County hereby give notice that the Plans and Specifications for the erection of a Court House, submitted to their inspection on the 21st of June inst., not being accompanied by full specifications and estimates of costs, they have postponed the further consideration of the subject until the 25th of July next.

Further Plans, with full specifications and estimates of cost, for the erection of a good and suitable Fire Proof building will be received at the Auditor's office, in Fort Wayne, Allen County, Indiana, until that day. By order of the Board.

F. LUTZ, Auditor A. C.

June 25th, 59 4w39

State of Indiana, } Before S. H. Bloomhuff, J. P.
Allen County, ss. } ATTACHMENT.

William Gilfney vs Patrick Lyons

NOTICE is given the defendant of the pendency of the above entitled suit, that proceedings in attachment have been commenced therein, that said cause will be heard before said Justice at his office in the city of Fort Wayne, county of Allen, and state of Indiana on the 1st day of August 1859, at 10 o'clock A. M of said day; and that if said defendant fails to appear at said time and place, said cause will be heard in his absence.

S. H. BLOOMHUFF, J. P.

July 11th, 1859 [$0 00] 3 3

HORSE BLANKETS, for sale by

B. W. OAKLEY.

J. C. DAVIS. W. R. EVANS.

NEW YORK CASH STORE.

THE new firm are offering great inducements to purchasers as they are desirous of closing out the present stock at reduced prices, to make way for the Fall Trade. The stock of

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods,

consisting in part of

Ladies' and Children's Dress Goods and Trimmings, White Goods, Gloves, Hosiery, Shawls, Lawns, Prints, Mantillas, Curtains, Parasols, Umbrellas, Hoop Skirts, Bonnet Ribbons,

Millinery Goods, Flowers, Embroideries,

FANCY ARTICLES

is as full and complete, and so well known, as to need no puff at our hands. We merely wish to say to the friends of the late firm, to our friends, and to all who will favor us with a call, that we are bound to sell off our present stock

Very Cheap for Ready Pay

Wanted, City and County Orders, at par, for DRY GOODS. EVANS & CO.

Fort Wayne, May 27th, 1859.

JNO. FAIRFIELD, JR.

PAINTER, GLAZIER,

AND PAPER HANGER,

FORT WAYNE, INDIANA.

INFORMS the public, including his old patrons, that he keeps at his old stand, on Main Street, between Barr and Lafayette, and has fitted up his shop in good style. He is prepared to do work on call, in

House Painting, Ornamental Painting, Carriage Painting, Gilding, Graining,

PAPER HANGING GLAZING

☞ He will pay special attention to

FLORENCE WHITE & GRAINING,

styles which cant be excelled.

For reference he gives the names of Samuel Shoaf, Mrs Chittenden, Compart & Hubbell, and others.

May 23d, 1859 1y47

ONE [horse] GROCERY!

Brown's Old Stand

Has been turned into a regular "One Horse"

Grocery and Provision Store!

WHERE may be found at all times, as choice a lot of goods in our line as can be found in the city. Perhaps we may not have everything—from a German Flute down to a penny whistle—but then "some things can be done as well as others." And to

FARMERS

we say bring along your PRODUCE of all kinds and we will pay you the highest market price in Cash. Have you BUTTER? fetch it along, and see our old fashioned Churn, which was patented shortly after the landing of the Pilgrims. And there's our

Hen's Nest.

It is of the "latest style," and we not only want a "nest egg" but wish to keep it full. So bring along your EGGS. If you want

Molasses, Sugar, Coffee, Tea, Rice, Fish &c.

you can always find the best article at the "*one horse grocery*" and at the lowest possible cash price.

Our City Customers

of course need not be told the "one horse" grocery man will carry their goods home—how by way to be sure, but then it costs them nothing, and we are always ready to accommodate.

All articles purchased at this house and not found as represented may be returned and the money cheerfully refunded.

Don't forget the place—1st John Brown's old stand corner Harrison and Pearl streets.

A. C. PROBASCO

Fort Wayne April 23, 1859.

SHAVING SALOON.

Under the Hedekin House.

C. STINE

HAS removed to the above convenient location, where he will be happy to wait on his old friends and the public in general

Shaving, Hair Dressing Shampooing &c.

speedily and skilfully performed; and having thoroughly entered the art in the city of Berlin, will guarantee

WIGS, TOUPEES,

And all kinds of HAIR WORK, BRAIDING &c. Dressing and Repairing neatly attended to.

☞ A separate apartment for the accommodation of LADIES wishing their Hair Dressed.

July 21, 1859 y-1

THE SECRET INFIRMITIES OF

YOUTH and MATURITY.

Just Published Gratis, the 25th Thousand.

A FEW WORDS on the rational treatment without Medicine, of Spermatorrhœa or Loss of Vital Weakness, Nocturnal Emissions, Genital and Nervous Debility, Premature Decay of the System, Impotency, and Impediments to Marriage generally.

BY B. DE LANEY, M. D.

The important fact that the *many alarming symptoms*, originating in the imprudence and folly of youth, may be easily removed without medicine, is in this small tract clearly demonstrated; and the entirely new and highly successful treatment, adopted by the Author, is fully explained, by means of which every one is enabled to cure HIMSELF perfectly, and at the least possible cost, thereby avoiding all the advertised nostrums of the day.

Sent to any address, gratis and post free in a sealed envelope, by remitting (post paid) two postage stamps to DR. B. DE LANEY, 58 East 31st Street New York City. 2 31

A Fine variety of Bird Cages, for sale by

B. W. OAKLEY.

New Dental Rooms.

DR. DLE & APTABLE having permanently located in Fort Wayne, offer their services to the citizens thereof, in every department of

Mechanical or Surgical Dentistry.

Office and residence on Wayne street (south side), between Harrison and Webster streets.

Teeth of the best Porcelain manufacture, mounted on Gold, Platina, or Silver, from a single tooth to full sets, at lowest Cincinnati prices, guaranteed to the entire satisfaction of the patient, and warranted for five years. Teeth extracted by electro-galvanism WITHOUT PAIN.

Filling carefully and thoroughly executed, and all other operations performed in the most careful and scientific manner.

February 12th, 1859 83

Fresh Groceries!

HEDEKIN & SON

HAVE now on hand at their store, corner of Columbia and Barr streets, a large and choice assortment of fresh

Family Groceries.

which they sell at the lowest cash prices.

Sugars, all qualities.	Pepper and Spices.
Molasses and Syrups,	Dried Apples and Peaches
Coffee—Rio, Java, Laguayra, and St. Domingo.	" Cherries, Plums,
Ground Coffee—a superior article,	Good Raisins at 12½.
Teas—Young Hyson, Imperial, Gunpowder, and Black.	Currants, Citrons,
Tobacco—all kinds	Prunes,
Segars and Vermicelli.	Almonds, Filberts,
Corn Starch,	Brazil and Pea-Nuts.
	Hammer Cut Cheese,
	Pickles, Preserves,
	Corn Fruits,
	Soap, Candles.

Wooden Ware, Pitchforks, Shovels, Hoes, Scythes and Sneaths, Cradles, Cordage, Window Glass, &c., &c.

Also, a heavy stock of

Bar and Rod Iron, Steel, Nails, etc.

Grateful for past favors, they invite the attention of their friends and the public to their new stock which will be found of the very best quality, and lower than indifferent articles are usually sold.

GOODS WHOLESALED

at Cincinnati prices, adding freight.

The highest price paid for Butter, Eggs, and produce generally

May 9th, 1859 y45

State of Indiana, } Allen Circuit Court, November Term, 1859
Allen county, ss. }

Louisa Owens vs John Owens } DIVORCE.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Clerk of the Allen Circuit Court, by affidavit filed, that said defendant is a non resident of the State of Indiana.

Notice is therefore hereby given to said defendant of the filing and pendency of said complaint, and that unless he personally be and appear before the Judge of the Allen Circuit Court, on or before the second day of the next term thereof, to be holden at the Court House in the County of Allen, on the 7th day of November 1859, and answer or demur to said complaint, the same will be heard and determined in his absence.

J. D. G. NELSON, Clerk.

CRANE & SMITH, Att'ys

July 1st 1859. [$2 35] 9w1

BOOKS WITH GIFTS!

BOOKS WITH GIFTS!

Extra Inducements to Those Getting Up Clubs.

ALL New and Standard Works at the Publisher's regular prices, with Gifts.

Particulars in Catalogues which will be sent FREE to any address. Perfect satisfaction guaranteed.—Send for Catalogues. Liberal References in Catalogues.

GEORGE F. BITCH,

6m49 325 Walnut Street, Philadelphia, Pa

APRIL, 1859,

Great Attractions

AT THE

BOSTON DRY GOODS STORE.

75 Columbia St.

500 PACKAGES

OF

Dry Goods, Carpets, &c.

Embracing

Everything

Desiriable

in the known world,

both for

City & Country Trade,

AT

Wholesale & Retail,

Good Goods,
Cheap Goods,
Fancy Goods,
Domestic Goods,
Summer Stuff,
Boots & Shoes,
Hats & Caps,
Hard Ware,
Queens Ware,
Trimmed Bonnets,
Umbrellas, Parasols,
Batting Cotton Yarns,

&

GROCERIES

all to be sold at the lowest price

FOR

CASH

OR

Country Produce,

WM. T. ABBOTT,

Fort Wayne, April 9th, 1859.

Stair Carpets — 3 Ply Carpets — Extra 3 Ply Carpets — Tapestry Carpets — Superfine Carpets — Hemp Carpets — Cotton and Wool Carpets — Extra Fine Carpets.

Floor Oil Cloths.

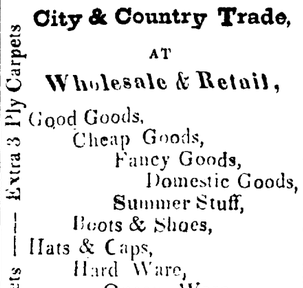
4-4, 5-4, 6-4, 7-4, 8-4, 9-4, 0-4

DR. ROBACK'S

BLOOD PURIFIER & PILLS

THE GREAT

Scandinavian Vegetable Remedies



To Those who Think and Reason.

The intelligent in this country are always ready to test the merits of a prominent discovery or invention, and if satisfied of its excellence, to adopt, approve, and recommend it. It is to this thinking, reasoning class, who always look before they leap, and whose honest and rational judgment gives to public opinion that DR. ROBACK'S BLOOD PURIFIER AND PILLS owe their immense success. When the

GREAT AMBASSADOR OF HEALTH

first announced that his Scandinavian Remedies were infallible in Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Nervous Diseases, Sexual Weakness, Scrofula, Premature Old age, Fever and Ague, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Piles, Hemorrhoids or Piles, Weak Stomach, Colic, Diarrhœa, etc., he stated the manner in which they operated. Their actual effects were compared by sagacious men, with the distinguished Physician's statements, and it was found that every stage of the progress of cure was precisely as had described and promised. The result was that the mind of the community became interested, and that persons of the highest standing in every city and town in the Union, patronized the preparations, and admitted the claims of the illustrious Swede, to be the *First Medical Discoverer of the age.*

THE BLOOD PURIFIER AND PILLS are now universally recommended by well informed and candid persons, as an immediate cure for

INDIGESTION,

Lowness, disease of the Kidneys, Cramps in the Stomach, Wind, Colic, Pain between the Shoulders, Nausea, Headache,

LIVER COMPLAINT.

Jaundice, Pain in the right side, Loss of appetite Sleeplessness, Nightmare,

GENERAL DEBILITY,

Nervous Tremors, Fainting Fits, Epilepsy, Mental Irritation, Despondency, Wasting of the Flesh,

SCROFULA.

Sore Legs, Ulcers on the body, Pimples on the face, General Eruptions, Boils, Mercurial Sores, Glandular Swellings, Scorbutic Symptoms,

NEURALGIA,

Rheumatism, Lumbago, Stiff Joints, Paralysis, Vitus' Dance, Nervous Twitchings,

FEMALE COMPLAINTS.

Spinal Weakness, Barrenness, Disease of the Womb Weakness of the Back, Loins and Limbs,

AUTOGRAPH LETTERS.

Of distinguished men in every profession, warmly recommending the preparations may be seen at Dr Roback's office.

In the SCANDINAVIAN VEGETABLE BLOOD PILLS are united the three great medicinal properties which Physicians have put ere tried in vain to combine in one preparation. They relieve the bowels, purify the blood, and invigorate the system throughout at once and the same time. To the patient who try them will subscribe. The absence of minerals, and of every stupefying drug, renders them harmless, even to the most delicate female, or the feeble child. None can doubt their superiority after one single trial—they are not only better, but in fact, cheaper than any other Pills. Fifty cents a box number of them to produce a better effect.

Price of the Scandinavian Blood Purifier, $1 per bottle, or $5 per half dozen; Scandinavian Blood Pills, 25 cents per box, or five for $1.

☞ Read Dr Roback's Special Notices and Certificates, published in a conspicuous part of this paper from time to time. Dr Roback's Medical Almanac and Family adviser containing a great amount of interesting and valuable Medical information can be had gratis of any of his agents throughout the country.

CARLISLE, Warren Co., O., March 8, 1858.

DR C. W. ROBACK—Dear Sir; For the benefit of suffering humanity, permit me to say that I have found your Scandinavian Blood Purifier and Blood Pills a sure cure for Indigestion and Liver Complaint. I have suffered from the above mentioned disease for five years and have tried a great many physicians but all to no purpose. I was advised by a friend to try your Blood Purifier and Pills and did so. I was living in Cincinnati at the time, and I went to your office and purchased one bottle of the Purifier and one box of Pills to commence with, and bless the day I found your valuable medicines, for I am enjoying good health at present, and feel confident that the cure is permanent. Let others buy and take what they please, as for me, give me the Blood Purifier and Pills for all gastric diseases which arise from impure blood or derangement of the digestive organs. I take no other medicines, and have not for the last eighteen months.

Most truly, V. DUBOIS.

Manufactory, Sales-Rooms and Office, No 8 East Fourth street, 1st building from Main street, Cincinnati, Ohio.

☞ For sale by HUBB. REED & Co., Ft. Wayne; NICHOLAS SCHUCKMAN & Co., New Haven; PETER HELLER, Heller's Corner; PETER EGELEY, Monroeville; D. W. ESTILL, Dixon; W. PARKER, Huntertown; J. HOLLINGER, Cedar P. S. CRIEGENBURN, Maysville, and druggists and merchants generally. y48

A Good assortment of Wire and Steel Rat Traps for sale by B. W. OAKLEY.

Fort Wayne, Nov. 30th, 1858.

---

25 BALES Sheeting, 5 Bales Drill,
5 " Red Picking, 24 " Batts,
2 " Wicking, 2 " Bird wadding
2 " Twine, for sale by the package by

H. R. SCHWEGMAN.

THE GREATEST

MEDICAL DISCOVERY

Of the Age.

Mr. KENNEDY, of Roxbury, has discovered in one of our common Pasture Weeds, a remedy that cures

Every Kind of Humor

FROM

The worst Scrofula down to a common Pimple

He has tried it in over eleven hundred cases, and never failed except in two cases, (both thunder humor.) He has now in his possession over one hundred certificates of its value, all within twenty miles of Boston.

Two bottles are warranted to cure a nursing sore mouth.

One to three bottles will cure the worst kind of Pimples on the face.

Two bottles will clear the system of biles.

Two bottles are warranted to cure the worst canker in the mouth or stomach.

Three to five bottles are warranted to cure the worst kind of Erysipelas.

One or two bottles are warranted to cure all humor in the eyes.

Two bottles are warranted to cure running of the ears and blotches among the hair.

Four to six bottles are warranted to cure running and corrupt ulcers.

One bottle will cure scaly eruption of the skin.

Two or three bottles are warranted to cure the worst kind of Ringworm.

Two or three bottles are warranted to cure the most desperate case of rheumatism.

Three to four bottles are warranted to cure salt rheum.

Five to eight bottles will cure the worst case of scrofula.

One tablespoonful per day prevents chills & fever.

All of the above diseases are occasioned by the first bottle, and a perfect cure is warranted when the above quantity is taken.

ROXBURY, MASS

DEAR MADAM—The reputation of the Medical Discovery, in curing all kind of humors, is so well established by the many cures we have had, who have ever used it, that I need not say anything on the subject, as the most skeptical are convinced and the most careful Druggists in the country are on almost all the praise.

In presenting the Medical Discovery to your notice, I do it with a full knowledge of its curative power in relieving all, and curing many of those diseases to which you are unfortunately subject. To the afflicted, executive deserves to call a certain mother.

NURSING SORE MOUTH.

Is cured as fully a miracle in our own sight is cured in extra cases, and cured in short and healthy time to every one who uses Kennedy's Medical Discovery, become a source of blessing to your household and family.

In the advanced stages of

CANKER

it extends to the stomach and

DYSPEPSIA,

which is nothing but canker on the stomach, then to the intestines and

KIDNEYS,

creating a sinking, goneness, and an indifference even to the cares of your family.

Your stomach is

RAW AND INFLAMED,

your food distresses you, and you commonly take certain kinds, until you destroy the coats that get built by nature, and then the process of digestion is all put on the gastric secretions, your complexion loses health and beauty, and your breath is very offensive, your system becomes debilitated, your spirits are low, and you are subject to the blues, or the dismals, or nobody knows what, then follows a train of diseases which the Medical Discovery is peculiarly adapted to.

CURE

Palpitation of the heart, pain in the side, weakness of the spine, and almost all the diseases to which you are heir, irregularity of the bowels, are also cured by the use of Kennedy's Medical Discovery.

No change of diet is necessary while using the Medicine, but what is best for the sick, is good enough for the well.

Directions for use.—Take a tablespoonful of the Discovery in a wineglass of water, before each meal and at bedtime. Children from 5 to 10 years old, a teaspoonful. From 10 to 15, a dessertspoonful. From 15 to 20, a tablespoonful. Over 20, a wineglassful. Shake the bottle well before using.

Prepared by DONALD KENNEDY,

Price $1.00 per bottle. For sale by

Wm. & Meyer, H. R. Reed,
C. N. Smith and Druggists generally.
And druggists throughout the country. 1y42

HOSTETTER'S

STOMACH BITTERS.

It is a fact that, at some period, every member of the human family is subject to disease or disturbance of the healthy functions; but, with the aid of a good tonic and the exercise of plain common sense, they may be able so to regulate the system as to secure permanent health. In order to accomplish this desired object, the true course to pursue is certainly that which will produce a natural state of things at the least hazard of vital strength and life. For this purpose, Dr. Hostetter has introduced to this country a preparation bearing his name, which is not a new medicine, but one that has been tried for years, giving satisfaction to all who have used it. The Bitters operate powerfully upon the stomach, bowels, and liver, restoring them to a healthy and vigorous action, and thus, by the simple process of strengthening nature, enable the system to triumph over disease.

For the cure of Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Nausea, Flatulency, Loss of Appetite, or any Bilious Complaints, arising from a morbid inaction of the Stomach or Bowels, producing Cramps, Dysentery, Colic, Cholera Morbus, &c., these Bitters have no equal.

Diarrhœa, dysentery or flux, so generally contracted by new settlers, and caused principally by the change of water and diet, will be speedily regulated by a brief use of this preparation. Dyspepsia, a disease which is probably more prevalent, in all its various forms, than any other, and the cause of which may always be attributed to derangements of the digestive organs, can be cured without fail by using HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS, as per directions on the bottle. For this disease every physician will recommend Bitters of some kind; then why not use an article known to be infallible? All nations have their Bitters, as a preventive of disease and strengthener of the system in general; and among them all there is not to be found a more healthy people than the Germans, from whom this preparation emanated, based upon scientific experiments which have tended to prove the value of this great preparation in the scale of medical science.

FEVER AND AGUE.—This trying and provoking disease, which fixes its relentless grasp on the body of man, reducing him to a mere shadow in a short time, and rendering him physically and mentally useless, can be driven from the body by the use of HOSTETTER'S RENOWNED BITTERS. Further, none of the above-stated diseases can be contracted, even in exposed situations, if the Bitters are used as per directions. And as they neither create nausea nor offend the palate, and render unnecessary any change of diet or interruption of ordinary pursuits, but promote sound sleep and healthy digestion, the complaint is removed as speedily as is consistent with the production of a thorough and permanent cure.

For Persons in Advanced Years, who are suffering from an enfeebled constitution and infirm body, these Bitters are invaluable as a restorative of strength and vigor, and need only be tried to be appreciated. And to a mother while nursing these Bitters are indispensable, especially where the mother's nourishment is inadequate to the demands of the child, consequently her strength must yield, and here it is where a good tonic, such as Hostetter's

GREAT ARRIVAL OF

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS

AT THE

Farmer's Depot,

No. 87, Columbia Street, Fort Wayne

JUST received and opened for inspection a large and well selected Stock of

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods.

Silks and Ribbons, Ruches, and Artificial Straw Goods; Wood and Willow Ware, Cradles, Scythes and Snaths.

Groceries, Hardware, Queensware

Nails and Glass.

all to be sold extremely low to suit the times.

I call the attention of my friends and the public in general, to my stock of Goods All who want bargains, come and examine before buying elsewhere. I am in favor of

Quick Sales and Small Profits,

and believe Low Prices to be better than long advertisements

Call and convince yourself of the fact, at No 87 Columbia Street.

H R SCHWEGMAN

SUMMIT CITY
WOOLLEN FACTORY.

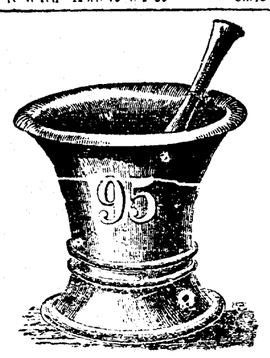
THE public are informed that the above Establishment will continue the manufacture of

Wool in all its Branches

Strict attention will be given to the CUSTOM DE ARTMENT, and persons from a distance can rely upon having their wool carded and spun, or manufactured as promptly, in as good style, and as moderate rates as at any factory in the West.— The highest price in cash paid at all times for Wool

H RUDISILL'S SONS

Fort Wayne April 19 n. 1-59 3m43



MEYER, & BRO,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS IN

Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals,

PAINTS, OILS, VARNISHES, DYESTUFFS.

Patent Medicines, Surgical Instrumen Glassware, Window Glass, Brushes, of all kinds.

PureWines & Brandies

Perfumery Soaps, and Fancy Articles,

ARE constantly receiving fresh supplies of articles in their line direct from New York and Boston.

Country Merchants and Physicians are respectfully invited to call and examine our stock. All Drugs and Medicines will be warranted pure and unadulterated, having been selected with care from some of the best Eastern Houses.

FOR SALE.

I OFFER for sale on liberal terms of payment: LOTS 11 and 12 in block 24, Ewing's Addition (my late residence), price $3,000.

Also the middle 20 feet (adjoining Mr. F. Nirdlinger's) of lot 540, Hanna's addition Price $1,000.

82 Acres of Land, 1½ mile from town, adjoining James Embry's farm on the south, and Simon Edsall's farm on the west; 40 acres are well cleared and fenced Price $1,000.

[illegible] and near the Piqua Road, 2½ miles from [illegible] acres cleared, the balance well [illegible]

[illegible] rapidly rising in value, and [illegible] ment to persons desiring [illegible] Wayne.

I also offer [illegible] Lots and Out Lots in New [illegible] over 7,000 acres of valuable timbered and [illegible] lands, on and near the Lake Erie, Wabash & St. Mary's, and Tiffin & Fort Wayne Railroads, in the eastern part of Allen County.

JOSEPH K. EDGERTON.

Fort Wayne, March 28 1856. 1—39

BOSTICK & BOLMAN

Have just received at their store,

No. 95 Columbia st., Fort Wayne,

The entire New SPRING and SUMMER stock of

Ready-made Clothing,

FURNISHING GOODS, CASSIMERES VESTINGS, SUMMER STUFFS, HATS AND CAPS.

Consisting of every article in that line, from a Linen Coat, to the finest French Broad Cloth, The same in Vests and Pants.

Also the largest stock of

PIECE GOODS

Ever brought to the West, all of which they will sell by the yard, or

Make to Measure

on the most reasonable terms,

FOR CASH!

And warrant all to fit, and made to the latest Fashions, received every month from New York

HATS, CAPS, AND TRUNKS,

And a general assortment of Gents' Furnishing Goods.

BOSTICK & BOLMAN.

Fort Wayne, April 13 n, 1859

Saddles, Harness, & Collars.

C. NEIREITER returns his thanks to his friends and the public for their liberal patronage, and informs them that he has REMOVED to the store lately occupied by Fry & Cheeseman, No 13 Columbia Street, opposite the American House, where he will be glad to see his old customers and as many new ones as want to buy

Good Articles Cheap.

He is manufacturing COLLARS on an extensive scale, and will supply the trade at Wholesale Prices

Saddles and Harness

of all descriptions, warranted well made by the best of workmen, at the lowest Cash prices

A few very nice ROCKING HORSES, different size, to sale cheap.

April 20 1859 tf41

HOOPED SKIRTS, at

ORFF'S.

A general assortment of Housefurnishing Goods at very low prices at ORFF'S

---

100 BBLS. RYE FLOUR for sale at

H R SCHWEGMAN'S

Fort Wayne. May 14 h, 1859

COPPER and Iron Pumps, for sale by

B W. OAKLEY.

MILLINERY
AND FANCY GOODS!

MRS. SULLEY wishes to inform her friends and the ladies of Fort Wayne in general, that she has just returned from the East, where she has selected the largest assortment of Millinery, Fancy and no. 1 fancy articles for ladies' and children's wear, ever offered in Fort Wayne. She would call especial attention to her stock of

BONNETS, RIBBONS,

French, and other Flowers, Misses' and Children's Hats' Embroideries, Dress Trimmings, Silk and Lace Mantillas, &c. &c.,

Mrs S. begs the favor of a call before purchasing elsewhere, as she is confident that no other house can offer equal advantages to customers.

N B — Bonnets and Brown Shakers from 50 cts upwards, and Children's Hats [trimmed] from 37½.

April 13, 1859. d.n.42

SUGAR—very low, by the barrell or retail, at P. PIERR'S

SYRUP and Prime Molasses, for sale by P. PIERR.

GLASSWARE, for sale at P. PIERR'S.

TOBACCO, Snuff, and Cigars, for sale by P. PIERR.

FEATHERS for sale by P. PIERR

A Superior article of Carriage and Plow Bolts for sale by B. W. OAKLEY.

Country Merchants and Milliners

ARE respectfully solicited to examine my Stock when they come to our city to buy Goods. It is complete and suitable for the COUNTRY TRADE and will be

Sold at a Small Advance on Eastern Prices.

Prompt attention will be paid to orders.

The highest market price will be paid for Country PRODUCE. H. R. SCHWEGMAN.

WALL PAPER.

C. L. HILL has just received a full stock of

Wall & Window Paper,

Borders, &c. of the richest and newest patterns.— The best assortment in the state, and cheaper than ever.

H. WILLIAMS, A. C. HUESTIS.

WILLIAMS & HUESTIS,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

GROCERIES,

Fruit, Glass, Nails, Woodenware,

Butter, Cheese, Eggs, Lard, &c.,

No. 85 Columbia street,

FORT WAYNE, IND.

MERCHANTS supplied with Groceries of all kinds, on as favorable terms, all things considered, as can be purchased in *any market*

☞ *All orders filled with dispatch.* ☜

Jan. 17. 1857. 1y29

A Large stock of LARD OIL, SPERM OIL, and BURNING FLUID.

Also, Iceland Moss Paste- a delicious remedy for Coughs and Colds; Gum Drops Jujube Paste, and Spruce Gum, at MEYER & BROS.

Stoves! Stoves!

WE have contracted for $12000 worth of STOVES to be delivered this fall, and manufactured from HANGING ROCK metal, known to all to be the best metal in the world for stoves, made of superior weight, and warranted not to break by fire, bought at low figures, and our customers shall reap the benefit.

COMETS.- We have six sizes of the Comet flat top cooking stoves—the best stove sold in any market; it outstrips all competition wherever introduced. I have sold hundreds in this market, and the sale is every day increasing. No family should be without one. We warrant this stove one year, and if the stove is not what we represent it to be, the money will be refunded. For sale at the sign of the Golden Stove, by A. D. BRANDRIFF.

September 22d, 1855.

PARLOR COOKING STOVES.—You will find three kinds of these Stoves at BRANDRIFF'S.

THE CASTLE PARLOR and the Gem are both beautiful Stoves; for sale by BRANDRIFF.

BUCKEYE STATE—We have five sizes of this Stove, warranted good; also, the Hoosier State 30 inches wood, which suits the farmers. This stove has long been their favorite in heavy and new oaks. We will warrant it one year. Can be had at BRANDRIFF'S.

OHIO Box Stove—3 sizes of this Stove, at BRANDRIFF'S

Ironton Premium Cook Stove.

YOU will find six sizes of this excellent Stove of heavy plate, at BRANDRIFF'S

Sept. 10.

ELEVATED OVEN.—This Stove we are manufactured for this market, out of HAND IRON, and the only one made of the kind exclusively of other material in the United States; it has a fire-chamber in the back, and is the best kind of house warmer. We have a large quantity and can afford them low, considering the great weight and good quality, by BRANDRIFF

UNION Box Stove—3 sizes new pattern, for sale at BRANDRIFF'S

---

500 Lbs. BRASS KETTLES for sale at BRANDRIFF'S.

There are few things which afford us greater pleasure than sitting down to write a notice of the celebrated Hoofland German Bitters, because we are fully conscious we are conferring a public benefit, and our heart tells us that no one notices many have been induced to take these Bitters, and been rescued from death, by dyspepsia, liver complaint, &c., for the cure of which it is certain It is prepared and sold only by DR M Jackson, at the German Medicine Store, No 418, Arch Street, Philadelphia. See advertisement.

BORING MACHINES, for sale by B W OAKLEY.

Indiana Six Hole Premium Cook Store.

YOU will find two sizes of this stove, of heavy plate, and a good baker of beautiful design, at the sign of the Golden Stove.

THE IOWA—This a new Stove, just out, and is destined to meet with rapid sales in this city. It is everything that is nice and good. The sight hole is sufficient. We have the exclusive sale of it in this place, and low. Call at BRANDRIFF'S

KANSAS PARLORS.—3 sizes of this new and beautiful Parlor Stove got up this season, and will carry off the palm. For sale at BRANDRIFF'S

---

500 Lbs. SAD IRON for sale at BRANDRIFF'S.

TIN Plate, Copper Bottom, and Wire for sale at BRANDRIFF'S

SEVEN sizes Fluted Boxes Stoves; very cheap and heavy plated at BRANDRIFF'S.

Fruit!! Fruit! Fruit!

Just arrived by Railroad,

2,000 lbs. dried German Pears,
1500 " " " Cherries,
200 " " Turkish Prunes,
250 " " English Currants,

H. R. SCHWEGMAN.

PAINT SHOP!
O. L. STARKEY

WOULD take this method of informing his friends, and all those in need of his professional services, that he has just fitted up a NEW SHOP

Over Lunceford's Harness Shop,

opposite the Times Office, where he may be found at all times ready to execute

House, Sign, & Ornamental

PAINTING,

Graining, Glazing, Gilding,

Paper Hanging, &c.

Also

Imitation of Wood, Stone, and Marble,

In a style that cannot be surpassed west of New York City.

In regard to his Imitation of Wood, he refers to the Indiana State Bank, Watson Wells and Mr. Cutten den's residences; and for Marbling and Graining to Williams & Huestis' Ice Cream Saloon

He would also state to the Ladies and Gentlemen of this place that he is prepared to finish their parlors and stores with

Florence White.

Which is of a pure snow white, and leaves a beautiful polish, far superior to anything used in this city heretofore.

Also **BRONZING** Columns, Picture Frames, and Images of all kinds.

All work warranted, and satisfaction given or no pay asked.

December 10 1858 y24

County Orders Wanted!

ON the Counties of Allen, Adams, Wells, Huntington, Kosciusco, Whitley, Noble, Lagrange, Steuben and DeKalb, by

J. W. TOWNLEY & Co.

Dec 11, 1858.

A CARD.

WE take this opportunity of saying to customers and the public, that we now have in store one of the largest and best assortment of

DRY GOODS AND GROCERIES

ever offered by us in this market.

Our facilities for buying in the Eastern Market are unsurpassed by any other house in the State.— One of our firm JONAS W. TOWNLEY, devotes a whole time to the purchase of Goods in the New York, Boston and Philadelphia Market, which enables us, instead of purchasing and receiving all our Goods at one time, to have

New Goods arrive almost every day!

We have, this Spring, received over seven hundred packages of goods, and more are on the way.

Our assortment will be found complete in each department, and we invite the attention of *Merchants in town or country Farmers Mechanics, and the public in general*, to give us a call, and we assure them our aim will be to give them Goods in our line, as

Wholesale or Retail,

a cheap as they can be afforded in this market.

One Price, and no abatement.

J. W. TOWNLEY & Co.

Oyez! Oyez! Oyez!

ATTENTION

FRESH DRUGS, MEDICINES,

Chemicals, &c.

HUGH B. REED & CO

HAVING just returned from the principal Eastern Cities, *with pockets turned inside out*, are receiving by Railroad and Canal

The largest, cheapest, and most magnificent stock of

Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals, Wines, Liquors, Paints, Oils, Dyes, Druggists Fancy Goods,

As well as Ten Thousand other ARTICLES necessary to make a complete assortment, ever offered *in the Sale*, including many NEW and RARE PHARMACEUTICAL PREPARATIONS, as

CHEMICAL FOOD,

OR

Compound Syrup of the Super Phosphates.

Used with the most gratifying success in many diseases heretofore of the most difficult treatment such as *Caries, Rickets in Children, Nervous Debility, Marasmus, &c. &c.*

QUERU'S COD LIVER OIL JELLY—a most beautiful and valuable preparation, and a very palatable medicine; another triumph of science and art.

PRICE'S PURE GLYCERINE—an Universal solvent, and a valuable contribution to medical science.

An extensive assortment from the best Manufacturers of

Surgical Instruments,

Physician's Pocket Instruments,

Physician's Pocket Cases,

Dental Instruments,

FRENCH, ENGLISH, and GERMAN

TRUSSES,

of all kinds and the very best qualities

MARSH & Co's

New Patent Radical Cure Truss, which received the *Prize Medal* at the *Crystal Palace Exhibition.*

Hutchinson's Superior Trusses.

Phelp's Trusses

Fitch's Celebrated Suporters.

Heynen's Suporters

And all the other kinds worth wearing.

We have one of the best selected stocks of

WINES & LIQUORS

In the West, comprising at least

TWENTY-FIVE VARIETIES

of the choicest and best Brands, direct from the *Custom House.*

PAINTS & COLORS

A large stock with many new qualities from the Manhattanville Paint and Color Works of the distinguished and popular Mayor of New York, Daniel F. Fleman, among which we have the pleasure of calling special attention to our

Pins Reaady for Use.

A great convenience and desideratum which we will sell cheaper than ever sold before in this market.

All the various *American* and *French*

Zinc Paint

Dry, in Oil, and Varnish.

LINSEED OIL,

Turpentine, Japan Patent Dryer

and

COPAL AND DAMAR VARNISHES,

From the diff-rent and best manufactories.

A large and extensive lot of

Paint Brushes, Varnish Brushes, and White Wash Brushes.

Glue, Glass, Putty, Sand Paper. Druggists' Glass Ware.

KEROSENE LUBRICATING OIL, designed especially for *Machinery*, and far *Superior to Sperm*

Kerosene Illuminating Oil.

The cheapest and most agreeable Artificial Light known. *Utile cum dulce.*

Also CARBON OIL almost equal to Kerosene and superior to every thing else.

KEROSENE and CARBON OIL LAMPS every variety and style.

SPERM, ELEPHANT, WHALE, LARD, AND BANK'S

OILS!

CIGARS,

Habanna—National Guard—Nectar.

Solace Tobacco, Fig Tobacco, Snuff.

Artists' Materials!

Nitrate of Silver in Crystals, Hypo Sulphate of Soda Cyanuret of Potassium, Concentrated Sulphuric Ether, Bromide and Iodide of Cadmium, Chloride of Gold

Fine Ostrich Fly Brushes and Parlor Dusters.

CHEMICAL SOAP for Washing Linen,

A new and superior article; cheap, labor and money saving—warranted to please.

HAIR DYES of all kinds.

PROF. WOOD'S & MRS. ALLEN'S HAIR RESTORERS.

All the Patent and popular

FAMILY MEDICINES

of the Day.

Liquorice Drops, Gum Drops,

of every variety and the best quality.

DR PAUL'S, PETTON'S and MERRELL'S celebrated

FLAVORING EXTRACTS

for Culinary purposes.

LEMON, VANILLA, STRAWBERRY, NECTAR, PINE APPLE, PEACH, ETC., ETC.

The finest, most select and elegant stock of

PERFUMERY,

TOILET ARTICLES, GEMS OF ART.

Perfumeries of the most delicate fragrance.

KISS-ME-QUICK distilled from FRAGRANT TULIPS

KISS ME QUICKLY and all its compounds.

Imitations Prohibited. Patent applied for.

LUBINS and other EXTRACTS.

Tea Rose, New Mown Hay, West End, Upper Ten Jockey Club Magnolia, Sweet Clover, &c.

FRANGIPANNI An Oriental production from the Royal Laboratory of Flowers.

French, English and German Perfume Gems,

Citronella, Musk, Rose, Geranium, and Millefleur

TOILET WATERS.

Genuine EAU LUSTRALE, popular throughout the world.

POWDER PUFFS, Cosmetics, Pomades and all the

FANCY TOILET SOAPS.

HAIR BRUSHES of the finest qualities.

TOOTH and NAIL BRUSHES,

Shell, Buffalo, and India Rubber Dressing Comb of the highest finish and latest styles.

LADIES' TRAVELLING SACKS,

PORTE-MONAIES, WALLETS,

of the most elegant patterns—beauties that cannot fail to please (when well filled)

To the Medical Profession and Country Dealers,

We extend a general invitation to call and examine our *ample* and extensive stock, asserted that we can and will sell them goods of the best quality, cheaper than they can be purchased elsewhere in the West We never offer to duplicate any regular Physician's bill of $50, purchased in Chicago, Cincinnati, Toledo or Cleveland, and reduce it ten per cent.

Grateful for the past liberal patronage, it will be our aim to satisfy all our customers, and give them in all cases *value received*

HUGH B. REED & Co.,

Wholesale and Retail Druggist

Corner of Columbia and Columbia Sts

Jan 3, 1859. FORT WAYNE

☞ SOMETHING NEW!! ☜

A Gift Enterprise Conducted upon a Liberal and Impartial Plan!!!

Endorsed by the entire press of the City of Baltimore

H. E. HOYT & CO'S

GREAT SOUTHERN

GIFT BOOK STORE.

No 41, Baltimore Street,

BALTIMORE, MD.

Headquarters for Southern and Western Orders

WRITE for a CATALOUGE for 1859.

It contains the

Largest List of Useful, Ornamental and Valuable Gifts ever Published.

☞ GREATER INDUCEMENTS to Agents than ever before offered by any establishment in the U. S.

A Gift Worth from 50 *cts. to* $100 00

ACCOMPANIES EVERY BOOK.

Postmasters, Country Merchants, Booksellers, Librarians of Universities, Academies, Private and Circulating Libraries, Schools,

And all others whose business will enable them, are respectfully solicited to become our Agents.— Any person can, by collecting a few clubs, obtain a valuable collection of Books in a short time, without any actual cost, save a few moments leisure time.

We have Agents in all parts of the country, who, besides supplying themselves with valuable Libraries, are realizing HANDSOME PROFITS from the sale of gifts accompanying their books.

Catalouges giving full particulars mailed free to any address

WHAT THE PRESS SAY:

"They have a magnificent assortment of books and have prepared themselves with innumerable elegant Gifts to be distributed among their troupe of friends and customers at large."—*Balt Sun*

"Not only may a selection be made of any choice work, but with it the purchaser is sure to receive some article of Jewelry which in many cases prove quite valuable.—*Balt. Daily Exchange*

"They make no promises that are not strictly performed to the letter, and by thus punctually conducting their establishment, have gained the entire confidence of not only our citizens, but the country abroad.—*Balt Patriot*

A young lady acquaintance of ours purchased for $1 a book at this establishment, a few days since, and received a double cased *Gold Watch valued at one hundred dollars.*—*Balt Clipper*

The success which attends the Gift Book House of H. E. Hoyt & Co, has no precedent in the annals of Gift Enterprises.—*Republican & Argus.*

Call and see them, and our word for it, you will not regret.—*Dispatch Balt*

The inducements to the Southern and Western people to make their purchases from Messrs Hoyt & Co. are much greater than can be offered by any house of the kind in the country. Freight from Baltimore to any Southern point is less and the immense order business done by this firm is a guarantee of their fulfillment of all promises.—*Family Journal*

It is, in a moral; getting books for nothing, and being paid to take them away.—*Elevator.*

All orders will be promptly and impartially filled and forwarded within one day after being received. The Gifts, in all cases, will accompany the books, with a written certificate to the person sending the order.

☞ Remember, no Gifts distributed of less value than 50 cents or more than $100 00

Address, H E HOYT & CO.,

apr 42 No. 41, Baltimore St., Baltimore, Md

W. H. BROOKS, Sr.

Grocery & Provision Store.

Fort Wayne, Ind.

HAVING purchased the entire stock of Groceries, Provisions, etc., of Louis T. Bourie, I am prepared to sell to all my friends, and patrons of the old stand, at fair prices for CASH, everything in my line and will endeavor to keep up a good assortment of every thing that is palatable, and suit all tastes

I have on hand nearly everything in the way of

GROCERIES,

Provisions, Fruits, Fish, Pickles, Nuts, &c. &c.

MY terms are SMALL PROFITS, QUICK SALES, AND READY PAY so come along with your cash.

☞ Goods sold at my house delivered FREE of expense to any part of the city.

The Highest Market Price Paid

for most all kinds of Country Produce, such as Butter, Eggs, Lard, &c: Bring along your Truck, Farmers, if you want money for it, or anything else.

Don't forget the place, No 5 Phoenix Block, formerly occupied by Drake & Bourie

W. H. BROOKS Sr.

Fort Wayne, Nov 20th, 1858. 21-y

C. L. HILL

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Bookseller & Stationer,

Calhoun St., Fort Wayne.

School, Law, Medical and Miscellaneous Books; Writing, Wrapping and Printing Papers; Fancy Articles, &c.

Pianos, Melodeons, Guitars, and other MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS

BOOK BINDING promptly executed

LAND FOR SALE.

THE subscribers offer for sale cheap 160 acres of good Timbered land, in Section 3, Township 30, North of Range 15, twelve miles east of Fort Wayne, on the Ridge Road, leading between the Wabash Valley and the Pittsburg, Fort Wayne & Chicago Railroads. For particulars inquire of Hogeland at the Eagle House, Calhoun Street, Fort Wayne

DANIEL KISTLER.

September 9th 1858 tf1

ALFRED HATTERSLEY,

Gas and Steam Fitter,

BRASS FOUNDER & FINISHER,

Manufacturer of all kinds of

Gas, Steam and Water Cocks.

Main Street, west of Calhoun, FORT WAYNE.

Buildings Fitted up with Gas on short notice

☞ The highest price paid for OLD COPPER, BRASS and ZINC.

Has just received a large and splendid assortment of

Chandeliers, Brackets, Pendants, Glass Shades, &c,

Of the neatest and newest styles, which he will furnish and put up CHEAP FOR CASH.

A general assortment on O.I and Fluid LAMPS.

June 9 1858. y—5'

B. W. OAKLEY

IS now receiving and will keep constantly on hand the largest and best selected stock of

HARDWARE

ever offered in Fort Wayne, and having adopted the CASH SYSTEM will sell at the lowest rates. His stock embraces all that is usually kept in Hardware Stores. Consisting in part of all kinds of

Building Hardware,

such as Locks, Latches, Butts and Screws, Glass and Sash, Hook, Strap, and T Hinges, with all the *etceteras* necessary to trim a mansion or Cabin Also,

Carpenters' Tools.

Hand and Rip Saws, Mortise, Framing and Firmer Chisels, Turners' Chisels and Gouges, with all the numberless little fixtures too numerous to mention.

BLACKSMITHS' TOOLS Anvils, Vices, Bellows, Screw Plates, &c.

COOPERS' TOOLS, Heading, Hollowing, Backing, Straw, and Hoop Knives, Howels, Crows, Truss Hoops, &c.

Saddlery Hardware,

A very superior assortment containing all the new styles and latest improvements in Saddlery ware.

Carriage Trimmings

of all kinds Patent and Enamelled Leathers an Enamelled Cloths of every variety and quality A superior article of RUBBER CLOTH for Carriage Tops, equal to Leather Head Linings, Damasks, Laces, &c., of great variety. Brass and Silver Hat Bands, Wain Sockets, &c.

BELTING,—Vulcanized Rubber and Machine Stitched Leather Belting, of all sizes, kept on hand Also, Rubber and Hemp PACKING.

IRON AND STEEL

A large stock of American, English, German, and Swedes Iron and Steel; best Russia Nail Rod, with a full assortment of NAILS and SPIKES, which are warranted good, or no sale.

We cannot stop to enumerate the half, but request our old patrons and the public to call and examine for themselves We have adopted the

CASH SYSTEM

in our business, feeling it the best for all. Small Profits and Ready Pay, is OUR MOTTO.

We again say, call and examine our stock. We believe we can convince most people that our goods are of a superior quality and very cheap; so call at

No. 79, Columbia st.

where we are always happy to show our goods. A word to our old customers who are indebted. Please call and settle; if you cannot pay, call and settle, so we can close our *Books*. Times are hard, but yet a good time to settle up and balance old matters

Thankful for the past favors, and hoping for more to come,

I R M I N, Young.

B W OAKLEY.

SHEET LEAD and Lead Pipe, for sale by B. W. OAKLEY.

ROPE & CORDAGE, for sale by B W OAKLEY.

WIRE CLOTH, Wire Sieves, and Screens, for sale by B W. OAKLEY.

BURDEN'S Patent Horse Shoes, and best Horse Nails, for sale by B. W. OAKLEY.

A. WHITE,

FASHIONABLE HAIR DRESSER,

56 Columbia st.,

Opposite Colerick's Hall.

Shaving and Hair Dressing

done in the first style of the art

Feb. 26, 1859. y—36

United States Mail Line

Ft. Wayne, Wolf Lake & Wawaka

STAGE.

THE subscriber is now running a Line of Stages from Fort Wayne, via Heller's Corners, Cherubusco, Merlan, Wolf Lake, Fort Mitchell and Albion to Wawaka, on the Toledo & Goshen Airline Railroad.

Leave Fort Wayne Monday and Thursday, at	7 A M
Arrive at Wolf Lake same days, by	5 P M.
Leave Wolf Lake Wednesday & Saturday, at	7 A M
Arrive at Fort Wayne same days, by	5 P M
Leave Wolf Lake Tuesday, Friday and Saturday, at	9 A M.
Arrive at Wawaka same days, by	12 M
Leave Wawaka Tuesday, Friday, and Saturday, at	1 P M.
Arrive at Wolf Lake same days, by	4 P M

LIVERY STABLE.

In connection with the above he also keeps a Livery Stable on MAIN STREET, north east of the State Bank, opposite Miller's Granite Furniture Store.

Horses and Carriages

of all descriptions to hire on reasonable terms.

MATTHIAS GLYNN.

Fort Wayne, Aug. 21, 1858 p1, 8

J. B. HILL. J. M. ORBISON.

HILL & ORBISON,

(Successors to Hill, Orbison & Co.,)

Forwarding & Commission MERCHANTS

FORT WAYNE, IA.

By State Authority.

Choice First-Class Insurance.

—BY THE—

Incorporated 1819.—Charter Perpetual.

Cash Capital $1,000,000.

ABSOLUTE AND UNIMPAIRED.

With a Surplus of $506,387.88.

And the prestige of THIRTY-EIGHT YEARS success and experience

Assets, January 1, 1858.

Cash in hand and deposites in Hartford Banks,		$348 123 69
Cash in transit and Agents' hands,		155 8 2 05
Money due the Company, secured by mortgage,		5 4 8 01
Real Estate unincumbered,		47 653 42
Bills Receivable,		35 177 18
	Market Value.	
102 Bonds 6, 7 and 10 per cent. interest annually,	102 000 00	
657 Shares Railroad Stock,	54 415 00	
60 do. Connecticut River Co. Stock,	1 250 0	
50 do. Suffield Bank, "	5 000 00	
50 do. Waterbury Bank "	5 000 0	
30 do. Providence "	1 8 0 00	
300 do. Hartford "	199 060 00	
985 do. New York "	500 632 50	
15 do. Jersey City "	1 425 00	
100 do. U S Trust Co., N.Y.	10 000 00	
150 do. N.Y.L Ins and Trust Co.	2 500 00	
	$1 506 387 88	
TOTAL LIABILITIES: Unsettled claims not due,	$173 926 88	

LOSSES EQUITABLY ADJUSTED & PROMPTLY PAID

Upwards of $11,000,000

Losses have been paid by the Ætna Insurance Co in the past 23 years.

Fire and Inland Navigation.

Risks accepted at terms consistent with solvency and fair profit.

Especial attention given to Insurance of DWELLING *and Contents for terms of 1 to 5 years.*

The progress of this corporation have been steady and uninterrupted through seasons of financial adversity and storm, or periods eventful in or exciting from sweeping conflagrations and many fires elsewhere, being established on a cash basis, the trouble of the credit system affects us in no material particular.

During "hard times" the security of reliable Insurance is an imperative duty—the ability of property owners to sustain loss being then much lessened.

Agencies in all the principal cities and towns throughout the State. Policies issued without delay by any of the duly authorized Agents of the Company.

☞ Business attended to with dispatch and fidelity.

1 31 JOHN HOUGH, Agent.

Home Insurance Company

OF NEW YORK.

Office No. 4 Wall Street.

Cash Capital - - - - -	$600.000 00
Surplus, over- - - - -	250.000 00
Amount of Liabilities- -	41 110 00

THIS Company continues to Insure Buildings, Merchandize, Shipping, Furniture and their Cargoes, Household Furniture and Personal Property generally, against Loss or Damage by Fire, on favorable terms.

Losses equitable adjusted and promptly paid.

JOAN HOUGH, Jr., Agent.

September 24 1858 1-13 Fort Wayne, Ind.

JAMES HUMPHREY'S

STEAM

Fire and Lime Stone Works,

On the Canal, near the Rockhill House,

FORT WAYNE, IND.

C. W. NEIT HORST B W NETTLEHORST

NETTLEHORST & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Tin, Sheet Iron and Copper Ware

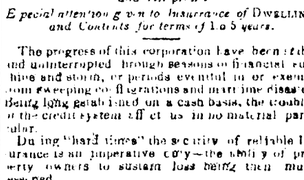
AND DEALERS IN

Stoves, Hollow Ware, &c.

Shop on 1st Store Room No. 12 Columbia Street three doors west of H. B. Reed's Drug Store.

WE keep constantly on hand a perfect assortment of

Cook, Parlor, & Box Stoves



From the justly celebrated Foundries of Troy N Y embracing all of the latest improvements; and, also many of the most approved Patterns of Ohio and Pennsylvania Stoves We would therefore solicit those of our friends who want any thing in our line to give us a call. We not only warrant our stoves, but also our TIN WARE, to give entire satisfaction, as we employ none but experienced Workmen.

P. S. If you want anything in the way of Jobbing, such as

Envetroughs Spouting, &c.,

Call at Nettlehorst & Co. We are prepared to do it with neatness and dispatch.

Nov. 14th, 1857.

BEST Eastern Carriage Springs, for sale by B W. OAKLEY

A Complete Stock of WILLOW WAGONS Gigs &c

Wood-Lawn Mills.

BOSTICK & FRONEFIELD would inform the public that they have purchased the well known Wood-Lawn Mills, known as Wines's or Hanna's Mills, situated one mile east of Fort Wayne, on the Maumee River, and have thoroughly refitted it are now making

GOOD FLOUR

as is made in Northern Indiana, which they keep For Sale at their Flour and Feed Warehouse, in Kiser's Alley

People who wish their Flour will please leave their orders at Bostick & Bolman's Store, 28 Columbia street, or at Peter Kiser's Store, on Calhoun st. and it will be delivered promptly by their Express. They are also prepared to do

Custom of Grist Work

at the shortest notice, and in case of high water, are always ready to exchange flour equally as good as the farmer's wheat he would wish to have ground

Farmers from a distance will be accomodated with a good and comfortable office, in case they wish to stay over night, and good shelter for their teams.

BOSTICK & FRONEFIELD.

Feb 19 1859. y34

VORDERMARK & CO.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Boot and Shoe Store,

2 Phœnix Block, Calhoun st.

E. VORDERMARK having taken C. H. EFFE into partnership, the business will hereafter be conducted under the firm of VORDERMARK & CO., at the well known Old Boot and Shoe Store, Calhoun S., They keep on hand a full stock of

BOOTS & SHOES

chiefly of their own make, which they warrant to be of superior quality. Their eastern work is bought on Cash from the best manufactories, and they can sell on the lowest terms.

Being practical workmen, they will give particular attention to

Home Made & Custom Work

and can warrant their articles to be well and faithfully made, and of the best materials.

Calf and Kip Boots, Stogies, Brogans, and Ladies wear of all kinds,

kept on hand or made to measure.

July 30th, 1858 v—5

The St. Joe Tannery

[Formerly H C GREY & Co.]

THIS Tannery is again in operation under the Firm of E WEISER & Co., who will pay the highest market price for any quantity of

Bark and Hides

delivered at the Tannery.

C WEISER & Co.

Nov 26 y—52

To Grain Raisers!

MOFFIT'S

PATENT SEPARATOR!

Manufactured at Fort Wayne, by

MOFFIT & TOWER.

The firm is exclusively engaged in the manufacture of these Threshing machines, which are the best now in use.

They are prepared to do repairs to any or all kinds of

Threshing Machines.

Shop in Fort Wayne, north side of the Canal on Barr Street, opposite the Gas Works.

☞ Keep constantly on hand Mortised Wagon HUBBS of all sizes.

Feb 4 1859 MOFFIT & TOWER 1 32

"Death to all Vermin!"

CASPAR'S

RAT AND MICE

Exterminator!

Prepared and for sale by

MEYER & BROTHER,

Wholesale and Retail Druggists.

An infallible destroyer of Rats, Mice, Cock Roaches, Croton, Bugs, Ground Squirrel

[redacted]

LUBRICATING OIL for Machinery—something new and superior to any heretofore used—can be had at WALL, MEYER, & Co's

---

OIL for SEWING MACHINES, better than any in the city. WALL MEYER & Co

---

COMPARET, HUBBELL & Co.,

Forwarding & Commission Merchants,

FORT WAYNE IND.

WE receive, Store, and Forward Goods by the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago, and the Toledo, Wabash & Western Railroads, and by the Wabash & Erie Canal, and deal in all kinds of

PRODUCE,

Salt, Fish, Nails, Pork, Beef, Flour, Glass, Coal, &c.

☞ We are also Agents for

Fairbank's Celebrated Scales

and

DUPONT'S GUN POWDER,

For Sporting and Blasting purposes. And for

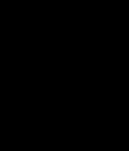
Peacock & Son's Steel Plow.

Our Warehouse is well located on the Canal Basin at the east end of Columbia street, at the terminus of the side track of the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago Railroad

Fort Wayne, April 1 1857.

GREAT WESTERN

Harness, Collars, & Trunk MANUFACTORY.



THE undersigned having been solicited by many citizens and old customers to open a first class factory of this kind has done so in his New Brick Store, partly occupied by H. C. Grey's Leather Store No 119 Columbia St., where he is now carrying on the business in all its branches on a larger scale than ever done in the West, for the purpose of supplying his customers at

Wholesale or Retail

with as good work as can be made in any of the Eastern cities, and at as low rates for CASH. Having a long experience in the business and the quality of work sold by him when in this trade here for years, will be the means of securing to him all his old and scores of new Customers, who shall not go away dissatisfied. His arrangements for getting Collar leather and facilities for making collars will enable him to supply Saddlers and Country merchants from his Collar Factory with a better article and at lower rates than any other house in the West

Saddlery Hardware & Trimmings

always on hand and will be sold at a very small profit.

SAML C SHOAFF.

Sept. 16 h, 1858. y12

J. W. TOWNLEY & Co.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

Dry Goods and Groceries,

Corner of Columbia and Calhoun streets,

FORT WAYNE, IND

JONAS W. TOWNLEY. ROBERT TOWNLEY.

J. W. UNDERHILL

The Fort Wayne Sentinel.

VOL. 20 NO. 3 — FORT WAYNE, INDIANA, SATURDAY, JULY 16, 1859. — WHOLE NO. 1363

THOMAS TIGAR,
EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

OFFICE.—*Corner of Pearl and Calhoun streets, Third Story, opposite P. Eiser.*

TERMS:

Two Dollars per annum, in Advance; Two Dollars Fifty Cents at the end of Six Months; or Three Dollars at the end of the Year.

No paper discontinued until all arrearages are paid up, except at the option of the publisher.

Advertisements inserted at the Dollar per Square of Ten Lines for the first three weeks, and half that rate for subsequent insertions.

A liberal allowance made to those who advertise by the year.

JOB PRINTING

Executed with neatness, accuracy and dispatch, and on the most reasonable terms.

General Insurance Agency,
FORT WAYNE, IND.
Ætna Fire & Mar Insurance Co.
Hartford Connecticut—Capital $500,000
MERCHANTS FIRE&MARINE INS. Co.
Philadelphia, Pennsylvania—Capital $100,000.
STAR FIRE & MARINE INS. Co.
Ogdensburgh, N Y—Capital $150,000.
The above Companies have all the capital paid up, and have complied with all the requisites of the late Act of the Legislature relating to Foreign Insurance Companies, thus affording ample guarantees to the insured.
JOHN HOUGH, Jr.
Fort Wayne, Oct. 30, 1857. y17.

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.

JOHN J. GLENN,
Attorney-at-Law,
FORT WAYNE, Ind.
Office on Calhoun street, over J. C. Brown's Store. y—13

WM. H. COOMBS. WM. H. JONES.
COOMBS & JONES
Attorneys-at-Law
FORT WAYNE Ind.,
WILL give prompt attention to all business entrusted to them in any of the Courts of the State. Jan. 1st, 1859 40

L. M. NINDE, Attorney and Counsellor at Law;
Office—Corner of Calhoun and Pearl streets, (late the Sentinel Office.)

WM. W. CARSON, Attorney and Counsellor at Law,
Office on the Calhoun street, one door south of P. Kiser's Grocery store.

E. P. RANDALL, Attorney and Counsellor at Law, and Master in Chancery.
Office—Clinton street, two doors south of H. Colerick's Brick Store.

R. BRACKENRIDGE, Jun., Attorney and Counsellor at Law, will attend to the Collection, Adjustment or Securing of Debts, the payment of Taxes, purchase and sale of lands, and examination of titles in any part of Indiana.
Office—Corner of Pearl and Calhoun streets, under the Sentinel Office.

JOSEPH S. FRANCE, Esq.,
HAS been commissioned District Attorney for the Common Pleas Court in the Counties of Adams and Allen. He will now be found here and before the bench of Allen, and is now ready to prosecute all misdemeanors coming within his jurisdiction. 6t8

Office on the southeast corner of Calhoun and Columbia Streets, over Muehring's Clothing Store.

MEDICAL NOTICES.

DR. CHARLES E. STURGIS.
HAS resumed the practice of Medicine and Surgery in Ft. Dong Store. Entrance on Main st. Dwelling on corner at opposite the Randolph House. Feb 11, 18-9. y—23

Dr. W. D. STEWART
WILL respectfully announce to the citizens of Ft. Wayne and vicinity that he has returned to and permanently is located in Fort Wayne, where he will continue the practice of Medicine an Surgery. His residence is the same of thirty years. Two doors west of the 1st Presbyterian Church. Offices on Clinton street, immediately east of the Post Office. y41
May 21, 1857.

HOMŒOPATHY.
P. M. LEONARD, M. D., respectfully tenders his professional services to the citizens of Fort Wayne and vicinity, as Homœopathic Physician and Surgeon. He may be found at the office of Dr. Brooks, on Calhoun street, in building north of Court House, at all times when not professionally engaged.

DENTISTRY.
Drs. MAWSON & HALLIWELL.
Surgeon Dentists,
FROM Cleveland, Ohio, respectfully announce to the citizens of Fort Wayne and surrounding Country that they have taken up their abode in this City for the purpose of practicing their profession. Many years experience in North & South American cities, enable them to give the assurance to all persons who may call their services they have the latest improvements in Dentistry, such for inserting Gold, Platina, Vulcanized Rubber, Porcelain, Chrystalyte, &c. &c. Vulcanized Rubber plates. Filling with Crystal gold foil, Gold and Tin and Amalgam Cement To tell the

Teeth cleansed, Extracted and all operations appertaining to their profession performed with ease and ease. Children's Teeth, when every thing that pends on having a regular set of teeth, will be carefully attended to.

Fresh inserted with the latest improvements, that Talmagarthy the most certain and permanent.

Charges moderate, and all their work warranted.
Office, Corner Main & Calhoun Streets, above Mott's Drug Store.
Fort Wayne, August 25 1858. 6t

FLORAL NOTICE.
THE undersigned will offer for sale this Spring, as soon as the weather is suitable for planting, (which is usual from the 1st to the 12 h of May) a very fine collection of

GREEN HOUSE PLANTS,
Verbenas, Dahlias, Phlaxes, Pansies, &c., &c.

We have over fifty varieties of Verbenas; most of them new and rare. A superior assortment of Dahlias of every shade of color, (Double and Single.) Phlaxes, Double and Single, Pansies in all shades; a plant that is perfectly hardy, and without exception will turn sh every season against dirge y w flowers.

We will further add that we have made arrangements for carrying on the NURSERY BUSINESS on the grounds of L. D. G. Nelson, on Main Park, and will be prepared in the Spring of 1859 to fill all orders that may be favored with.

A. DeHOFF NELSON,
W. W. NELSON.
Fort Wayne, April 15, 18 9. 142

SILAS J. LEE & CO
Chemists & Apothecaries,
No. 117 & 119 Water St., cor. of Ohio, CHICAGO, ILL.
IMPORTERS OF
French and German Essences, Flavoring Extracts of Oils and Wines.

THESE Extracts are prepared with the greatest care and warranted to contain no mineral preparations or vegetable poisons.

They import no more Sperits, the flavor of the first brands of Cognac, Hennessy, Dupuy, Seignet and Otards Brandy, Wine, Rum, Whiskey and Gin. They are put up in cases containing 20 and 40 gallons. ESSENCES of Cognac, Holland Gin, London Dock Gin, Jamaica Rum, Old Tom, Bourbon, Monongahela, Scotch and Cherry Whiskey, Kennel Z ritzwhisker, Absynth and Port Wine.

Brandy and Wine Coloring
Essences and Extracts for Flavoring Syrups, Ice Cream and Confectionary.

Orders promptly filled and sent to any order by Express or Private conveyance.

Send for Circular and directions for use sent on application. 1y

G. C. NILL & CO.'s
DRUG STORE,
Corner of Calhoun and Main Streets.
CONSTANTLY ON HAND a fine assortment of
DRUGS, MEDICINES,
CHEMICALS,
PAINTS, OILS,
VARNISHES,
DYE-STUFFS,
GLASSWARE,
WINDOW GLASS
AND PUTTY,
BRUSHES of all kinds.
PERFUMERY, SOAPS,
AND FANCY ARTICLES.

Tobacco, Cigars and Snuffs
PATENT MEDICINES.
Pure Wines & Bandies.
CUSTOMERS AND PHYSICIANS will always find at this establishment fresh and unadulterated Medicines, which will be sold on liberal terms
Fort Wayne, May 28th, 1859.

X. VALROFF,
BAKER,
Main St.-between Barr & Lafayette.
MAKES the best of Wheat and Rye BREAD, Fancy Rolls Rusk, Brezels, and various other Cakes. He has recently added to his establishment a superior Machine by which he is enabled to furnish Boston, Sally Lun, and common CRACKERS at the first quality, at reduced prices.
☞ The team goes round the city every morning, and will serve Bread, Cakes, &c., regularly at the houses of those who desire it.
April 8 y, 1858 6 43

RAILROAD NOTICE.
THE PITTSBURGH, F. WAYNE & CHICAGO Railroad Company
WITH a ample rolling stock and equipment, is prepared to transport Passengers and Freight from
Philadelphia & Pittsburgh to Chicago,
ST. LOUIS, INDIANAPOLIS, CINCINNATI,
And all places West and South-West.
With a great degree of regularity and expedition.

The fact that this road forms a direct and consolidated line between Pittsburgh and Chicago, is a sufficient guarantee that no Trains will make time, and connections with Trains on other Roads.

Change of Time.
GOING WEST
PASSENGERS TRAINS LEAVE

	Express.	Mail.	Freight.
Crestline,	8 45 P M	5 25 A M	1 30 P M
FT. WAYNE,	2 30 A M	9 30 P M	8 30 P M
Reach Chicago,	8.17 A M	7 45 P M	10 30 P M

All Trains make close connections at CRESTLINE for COLUMBUS, CINCINNATI, INDIANAPOLIS and SAINT LOUIS.

Also at FORT WAYNE with Trains on Wabash & Western Railroad for *Lafayette, Central Illinois, and St. Louis.*

Also at Forest with trains on the M. R. & L. E. R. R.

RETURNING:

	Express.	Mail.	Freight.
Leave Chicago,	7 00 P M	7 15 A M	5 15 P M
FT WAYNE,	1 37 A M	1 10 P M	7 15 A M
Are Crestline,	6 45 A M	7 12 P M	8.30 P M

Making close connections with trains for Philadelphia, Baltimore and New York.

Trains from St. Louis, Indianapolis, Cincinnati, and Columbus make close connections at Crestline with all returning trains. At Fort Wayne trains from St Louis, Central Illinois, Lafayette, and intermediate places, connect with above trains. At Forest, connections are made with Trains to and from Cincinnati, Springfield and Dayton.

☞ *Baggage checked through, and a charge for handling.*

☞ For tickets and further information apply to A T Johnson, Agent, at the Grant Westerfield street Office, directly on the west side of the Monongahela House, Pittsburgh, or to G W Tuttle, Passenger Station, Penn Street, between Wayne and Canal; R F Parker, No. 90 Dearborn Street, opposite the Tremont House, Chicago, or to the Agents at the Stations on the line.

☞ All Trains leave at Fort Wayne 15 minutes.—Remember above in leaving time.

J. R. ANDERSON, Gen. Superintendent.
J. N. DUBARRY, Supt. Western Division.
June 23 1858. 151

New and Direct Route
FROM
Toledo to St. Louis,
Springfield, Naples, Decatur, and all points in the West.

Toledo & Wabash Railway.
No change of Cars for Baggage between Toledo and St. Louis.

ON and after Sunday, April 24th, 1859, Passenger Trains will leave Fort Wayne as follows:

GOING WEST.

Mail Express	2 45 A M
Express	2 15 P M
Freight	5 45 A M

GOING EAST.

Mail Express	11 55 A M
Express	4 15 P M
Freight	7.25 P M

Passengers by train leaving Fort Wayne at 2.45 A M, connect at Peru with Morning Train of the Peru and Indianapolis Railroad, for Indianapolis and Lafayette, with *all the Roads lead ng from that point.*

Each Train going East make close connections at Toledo with Trains of the Cleveland and Toledo Railroad, *for Cleveland, Dunkirk, Buffalo, Albany, New York and Boston.*

☞ FREIGHT TRAINS run daily between Toledo, Fort Wayne and State Line.

CEO. H. BURROWS, Gen Supt.
Toledo, April 21, 1859.

1858 FORT WAYNE 1859
STEAM IRON WORKS.
JACOB SOWER. JOSEPH STORY.
SOWER & STORY,
Manufacturers of and Dealers in
STATIONARY STEAM ENGINES
Of every size and variety, for Saw and Grist Mills, Forges and Warehouses.

Railroad Cars, Car Wheels,
SAW AND GRIST MILL GEARING,
Threshing Machines; Store; Potash, & Sugar Kettles, Plows, Plow Shears, &c.
and every other variety of Castings used in the western country, all on the most fashioned style and pattern. We invite particular attention to our

SHORT STROKE ENGINES
and machines for saw mills, which are the most simple, durable, economical and easily managed now in use in the country, the saw dust and slabs supplying abundant fuel.

Those wishing to purchase in our line will do well to give us a call (or address us by letter) as we are bound not to be beat in style and prices by any one throughout the country.

REPAIRS done with promptness and dispatch. Cash paid for old Castings and Brass.
Fort Wayne, October 30, 1858. 1y

NAPKINS AND TABLE LINEN
OF all styles and prices just opened at the Boston Store.
W. T. ABBOTT.
July 2 tf.

SUIT CAPES, Raglans, and Mantillas, at
BIRD'S

NAILS—Wrought Nails, of the best quality for sale at the lowest rates by
REDKIN & SON.

C. F. RAPP,
MANUFACTURER AND WHOLESALE
Dealer in
STICK AND FANCY CANDIES.
Calhoun Street, Opposite Public Square.
Fort Wayne, Indiana.

ROCKHILL HOUSE,
By PHILO RUMSEY,
Corner of Broadway and Main Streets,
FORT WAYNE, IND.
January 20th, 1855. y26

CITY READING ROOM
CALHOUN STREET,
Opposite Odd Fellows' Hall,
IS now open to the public, where will be found
DAILY PAPERS,
From the cities of New York, Philadelphia, Boston, Cincinnati, Louisville, St. Louis, New Orleans, Chicago, Buffalo, Cleveland, Toledo, and Fort Wayne. Also,
Pictorials & Weeklies
From different parts of the United States; FREE to all good Citizens and Strangers.

The room adjoining will be found all the choice Brands of
Cigars, Tobacco and Fruit.
Fort Wayne, March 24, 1859. y—35

H. N. WARD,
Calhoun st., Fort Wayne in Stewart's building,
IMPORTER OF
CHINA,
Glass and Queensware,
SILVER PLATED
Tea Setts, Spoons, & Forks,
Castors, Butter Knives, Waiters and Goblets,
IVORY HANDLED KNIVES,
Common Knives—Forks,
Chamber Setts, Toilet Setts,
BRITANNIA WARE,
LOOKING GLASSES.
One Price Store, "For Cash Only."
The China and Queensware are imported expressly from first manufacturers in France and England, and the Glass Ware bought of the best American markets.

Customers will be elevated at the same price.

☞ A large assortment of Common Ware for country merchants. v30

C. ORFF,
AGENT OF THE
WHEELER & WILSON Manf. Co.,
The best
SEWING MACHINE
In the world.
Call and see a sample. If you want a nice present for your wife, go to ORFF'S and order a
SEWING MACHINE.

NEW SPRING GOODS!
WOODWARD & YOUNG
Have just received a splendid assortment of
MEN & BOYS'
Ready-made Clothing,
HATS, CAPS,
And Furnishing Goods.
No. 95 Columbia st., opposite Meyer & Bro's.

ROBINSON'S
New Brick Store,
At the Old Stand in Fort Wayne.
This Wholesale and Retail
BOOT AND SHOE
MANUFACTORY
AND LEATHER STORE
IS the most extensive establishment of the kind in this part of the country.

My Retail Room
Immediately opposite the Court House of the White Front. Boots Forest Roll and Toilet Slipper, to the Finest Gaiter and Shoe Boot.

Merchants & Shoe Dealers
can be supplied as low as they can buy out of Eastern Jobbing Houses, as I employ no agents but work to sell. Call and see before you buy elsewhere. Workers where the Jobbers buy their stock; and who in my own

HOME MADE WORK
is added to the Eastern, whose stock is unrivalled.

Also: Sole Leather, Upper, Calf Skins, Kip Skins, Linings, Bindings, Lasts, Pegs and Findings.

Cash paid for Hides & Skins
JAMES H. ROBINSON.
Fort Wayne, Ind. May 15, 18 9

Spring & Summer Clothing
C. E. VOGEL,
Calhoun st., two doors south of P. Kise.
HAS just received his Spring Supply of
Cloths, Cassimeres, Summer Stuffs Vestings, &c.,
Which he is prepared to make to measure. In the best and most fashionable style, and warrants to give entire satisfaction to his customers, in quality, workmanship and cheapness. He is also making up and keeps for sale a full stock of
Ready-made Clothing,
Coats, Summer Coats, Pants, Vests &c. of all qualities the clothing is all home-made, and will be found superior to any eastern shop work.

Gent's Furnishing Goods, Shirts, Under-shirts, Drawers, Cravats, Undress ties, &c., in great variety—all of which will be sold for cash
Cheaper than ever.

MRS. VOGEL, also, offers at the same place a neat and fashionable assortment of
MILLINERY,
Bonnets and Fancy Goods,
To which she invites the attention of ladies, as she designs selling at the very lowest prices. Bonnets made up, and all kinds of Millinery Work promptly executed &c.
Bonnets Altered, Cleaned and Pressed.

THE BOUDOIR
Family Sewing Machine,
Cheapest, Best, and most Reliable Machine yet offered to the Public.

THIS machine, which works with TWO threads making the right lock stitch, is equal in every respect to the high priced machines, and is sold for only $50.

The UNDERSIGNED, the agent for this sale of Wm Sayles' Machines, has removed from the "Daguerrean Room" to the room over Vandervoort's Shoe Store Calhoun Street, and respectfully solicits a call and examination. Patent Right to use and sell machines for Lenawee county granted.

Satisfactory information can be given from ladies of this city, who are using them as truly valuable. Sewing Machines.
May 6th, 1859. 6m

BY AUTHORITY.

PUBLIC ACTS

Of the Thirty-Fifth Congress of the United States.

Passed at the second session, which was begun and held at the City of Washington, in the District of Columbia, on Monday, the sixth day of December, A. D. 1858; and ended on Thursday, the third day of March, A. D. 1859.

CHAP. LXXXVI.—An Act for the Relief of Congressional Township number twenty-seven, North, of Range Number six, East, in Wabash County, Indiana.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the auditor of the State of Indiana be, and he is hereby authorized and directed to issue to Hiram Hill or his assignee, a patent for the quantity of one hundred and sixty acres and nine one hundredths of an acre, it being all that portion of the United States land, or any part of the published plats, subject to private entry, at the minimum price of one dollar and twenty five cents per acre, the same, already surveyed to the fractional township, and declared to be the inhabitants of Congressional township number twenty seven, north, of range number six, east, in the county of Wabash, and State of Indiana, and to cause to be issued to the said Hiram Hill, in the amount of school lands belonging to said township, and to be held and controlled in the same manner

SEC. 2. *And be it further enacted* That when the said lands shall have been surveyed and entered as aforesaid, and duly reported to and approved by the Secretary of the Interior, he shall cause a patent or patents to issue thereto.

Approved, March 3, 1859.

CHAP. LXXXVII.—An Act making an Appropriation for the Payment of the Expenses of Investigating Committees and for other Purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the sum of one thousand dollars be, and the same is hereby, appropriated out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated for the payment of expenses of the several investigating committees of the House of Representatives during the present Congress, and that the same shall be added to the miscellaneous items of the contingent fund of the House, with that condition of the appropriation, that the pay of messengers, clerks, and other officers employed by the committees of the House of Representatives during the first session of the thirty fourth Congress, contained in the act entitled "An act making appropriations for the civil and diplomatic expenses of the Government for the year ending the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and fifty four," approved May fifth, eighteen hundred and fifty four, shall be paid out of the contingent fund of the House of Representatives.

Approved, March 3, 1859.

CHAP. LXXXVIII.—An Act making Appropriations for the Payment of Invalid and other Pensions of the United States for the year ending the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and sixty.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums be, and the same are hereby, appropriated, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the payment of pensions for the year ending the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and sixty:

For invalid pensions—under the act of eighteen hundred and forty-two—two hundred dollars.

For pensions under acts of eighteen hundred and seventeen, eighteen hundred and twenty, of seventeen hundred and twenty eight, and seventeen hundred and twenty nine, twenty thousand dollars.

For pensions under acts of eighteen hundred March, eighteen hundred and twenty, of seventeen hundred and ninety eight, and seventeen hundred and ninety two, forty thousand dollars.

For pensions to widows and orphans, under the act of eighteen hundred and twenty eight, and the act of twenty June, eighteen hundred and forty three, eighteen hundred and forty four, and eighteen hundred and forty five, eighteen hundred and forty eight, and eighteen hundred and forty nine, one hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

For pensions to widows and orphans, under the act of eighteen hundred and forty eight, and the act of twenty June, eighteen hundred and forty three, eighteen hundred and forty four, and eighteen hundred and forty five, eighteen hundred and forty eight, and eighteen hundred and forty nine, one hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

For navy invalid pensions, (the thousand dollars.

For navy pensions to widows and orphans, one hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

For navy pensions to widows and orphans, under the act of eighteen hundred and forty eight, and the act of twenty June, eighteen hundred and forty three, eighteen hundred and forty four, and eighteen hundred and forty five, eighteen hundred and forty eight, and eighteen hundred and forty nine, one hundred and fifteen thousand dollars.

For private pensions, one thousand dollars

SEC. 2. *And be it further enacted*, That in all cases of appropriation for the payment of pensions to invalids under the act of Congress, passed granting pensions to invalids, the fifty cent or two dollar per month, as the case may be, shall be allowed to all officers in the United States Navy on the active service list.

Approved, March 3, 1859

[NO. 13.] A Resolution in Relation to the Second Section of the act of Congress entitled "An Act to provide for the Location of certain confirmed private Land Claims, in the State of Missouri and for other Purposes."

Resolved, by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the second section of an act of Congress, entitled "An act to provide for the location of certain confirmed private land claims in the State of Missouri and for other purposes," approved June 1st, eighteen hundred and forty nine, be hereby so amended as to read as follows: That the Secretary of the Interior be, and he is hereby authorized and empowered to cause to be issued to each of the claimants entitled to the benefits of the act to which this is an amendment, or to their legal representatives, a patent for the quantity of land confirmed to him or them by the first section of said act, and which he or they may elect to take, not exceeding in the aggregate, in the whole, one hundred and sixty acres, to be located in conformity with the provisions of the act to which this is an amendment, and to be subject to the same restrictions as to alienation as are contained in the first section of said act: *Provided*, That the Secretary of the Interior shall not be authorized to issue patents for more than the quantity of land confirmed by the decree of the court in each case.

Approved, February 24 1859.

[NO. 14.] A Joint Resolution amendatory of the Act entitled, "An Act to regulate the Compensation of Members of Congress," approved August sixteenth, eighteen hundred and fifty-six, so far as relates to such Members as shall die during their Terms of Service

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the provisions of the act of Congress to which he shall have been elected, commencing with the first session of the thirty-fifth Congress, or their widow surviving him, or his heirs at law for the period of one year after his decease, shall have claimed from the Government of the United States, to the amount of one thousand dollars each, in addition to the compensation provided by law for one session of each Congress to which he may have been elected: *Provided however*, That no compensation shall be claimed and paid in all under this resolution for more than one session of any Congress: *And provided further*, That in the case shall constructive mileage be computed or paid.

SEC. 2. Be it further resolved, That the compensation of such person elected to the thirty-fifth Congress, who may die before any session of Congress, shall hereafter be computed and paid from the time the commission of the predecessor is here by directed to be computed and paid for, and not otherwise.

SEC. 3. Be it further resolved, That the provision of this joint resolution, so far as the same are beneficial to the widow or heirs at law of members of Congress deceased, shall be extended and applied to the widow and heirs at law of members elected to the present Congress, who have died since its commencement.

Approved, March 3, 1859.

The late King of Prussia once sent to an aide de-camp, Colonel Malachowski, who was brave but poor, a small portfolio, bound like a book in which was deposited five hundred crowns. Some time afterwards he met the officer, and said to him, Ah, well, how did you like the paper work which I sent you?—Excessively nice, replied the colonel, I regarded with much interest that I expect the second volume with impatience.—The king smiled, and said, Malachowski, you are a brave man, and a gentleman, but you are a bad calculator. I told Solomon Sanpiatzo all along how I was going to make me self stand around, and how I was going to make her get up and make the fire every morning, and let me lie abed; and how I was going to shut her up and feed her on bread and water, if she dared to say she would not do it."

A very little argument that, Mr. Pepper," said a soft voice behind him.

Mr. P started up, and there stood Mrs. P, right behind his chair laughing just as hard as she could. Mr. Pepper put on a serene look.

"Sit down in that chair madam," he said, pointing to the one he had just vacated, while I have a little conversation with you."

"Now I would be pleased to know why you did not obey my orders this morning, and where have you been all the forenoon?"

"Where I have been this forenoon, Mr. Pepper, I have not the least objection to tell you; I have been down town doing a little shopping. I have purchased some lovely napkins; just look at them," she said, holding them up demurely, for his inspection. "I only paid a dollar apiece for them—extremely cheap, don't you think so?" she added.

Mr. Pepper was astonished; how she dared turn the conversation in this way, was a mystery to him. Suddenly his bottled wrath broke forth. Turning fiercely upon her, he said—

"Betsey Jane, you disgust me; you seem to make very light of this matter; but it is going serious than you imagine, as you will find to your cost, presently. If you do not instantly beg my pardon, in a submissive manner, I shall exercise my authority to bring you to a proper sense of your misconduct, by imprisoning you in one of my chambers, until you are willing to promises strict obedience to my wishes."

At the close of this eloquent and dignified speech, Mr. Pepper drew himself up to his full height, and, stationed himself before Mrs. P, ready to receive her expressions of sorrow and penitence; he had no doubt that she would fall down at his feet and say—

"Dear Philander, won't you please forgive me this time, and I'll never do it any more!" and he was going to say, "Betsey Jane, you had better not!" but instead of doing all this, what did you think she said? Laughed him right in the face.

Mr. Pepper was awfully wrathy. He sprang up in a voice of thunder and said—

"Mrs. Pepper walk right up stairs this very minute, and don't let the grass grow under your feet while you are going, neither. You have begun your antics in good season. Mrs. Pepper, but I'll have you know it won't pay to continue them any length of time. Mrs. Pepper. Again I command you to walk up stairs."

"Well, really, Mr. P, it is not at all necessary for you to speak so loud. I am not so deaf as that comes for but as for walking up stairs, I have not the least objection of doing so, if you will wait until I have recovered from my fatigue, as I cannot think of doing so before."

"I bid you once more, Mrs. P."

"There, all I have to say is this, you'll have to carry me, for I won't walk!"

Mr. Pepper looked at his wife for a moment in the greatest astonishment; but as she began to laugh at him again, he thought to himself—

"She thinks I won't do it, and hopes to get off in that way; but it won't do; up stairs she's got to go, if I do have to carry her; so here goes," taking the body of his lady in his arms, he soon had the satisfaction of seeing her safely lodged in her prison, and carefully locked her in. He then ordered a little red headed youth on the front floor steps to attend to callers, and also to see that Mrs. P did not escape; and then he took himself to a restaurant for his dinner, and after despatching that he hurried off to his office, and commenced writing with business.

About the middle of the afternoon, our young remained rushed into his office, and said, never stopping to take breath—

"Mr. Pepper had better run home just as fast as ever he can, for that woman that's shut up he is making an awful racket; and she he tearing around there, and rattling things the distressing or other, then I don't know what splitting he'll

"Without waiting to hear more, Mr. Pepper seized his hat, and hurried off home at a most and go-fast pace.

Open ng the door, he stole up stairs, as cave fully as possible, and applying his eyes to the key hole, beheld a sight which made him fairly roar with rage.

Mr. Pepper was sitting in front of the fireplace, reading his newspaper. The one she was engaged in perusing at that particular moment, was from a Miss Polly Primrose, who, it appeared had grown looked favorably on the suit of Mr. Pepper; but a more dashing lover appearing on the scene, Miss Polly sent him a note of dismissal, promising undying friendship; and accompanying the same with a lock of her hair, and some walnut mouse.

But it was not the love letter about that made Mr. Pepper so outrageous. He had been something of a traveller in his day, and had rattled about in a cupboard in his rambles, which he had deposited in a cupboard in the room where his lady had confined Mr. P, and she had got hold of them, and was pounding them up, demurely, with a rolling pin.

She had split up an elegant writing desk with his Indian battle-axe, in order to have a fire, as the day was rather chilly. In one corner of the fireplace was Mr. P's best beaver, filled with ashes, and in the other his wig filled with love letters.

On a small table, close to Mrs. P, was a beautiful, neat china dish, filled up with bear's oil in which she had sunk Mr. P's best cravat, and having fired one end of it, it offered her sufficient light for her labors—for Mr. Pepper had closed the blinds for the better security of the culprit.

On some coals in front of the fire, was Mr. Pepper's silver christening jewel, in which Mrs. P was popping corn, which she ever and anon, stirred with his fiddle bow, meanwhile occasionally poneling up the fire with the fiddle, for Mr P had with commendable foresight, removed the shovel and tongues.

Mr. Pepper condescended to peep into the keyhole until he had obtained a pretty correct idea of what was going on within. Never was Pepper so fired as he. He shook the door, but it was securely fastened within, and resisted all attempts to open it. He ordered Mrs. Pepper, to open it instantly or take the consequences; but as she did not open it, it is to be presumed that she preferred the consequences. Mr. Pepper ran down stairs like a mad man.

"This is not the time to talk," he said, "or I shall not have a rag of clothing to my back."

Procuring a ladder, he began to climb into the bedroom, but Miss Pepper was not to be taken so easily. She knew that he had left the door unlocked, for she had examined it as soon as he had left it; but she had no idea of letting him have the benefit of her fire; so hastily seizing several large bottles of cologne, she threw the contents upon the fire, and in a few minutes had the satisfaction of seeing it entirely extinguished. This duty performed she left the apartment, and locking the door, she stationed herself in a convenient position to hear everything that transpired within.

In a few moments, Mr. Pepper was safe in the apartment, and as soon as he had closed the window, he stood bolt upright in the middle of the room and said in a deep voice:

"Hezekel, come forth!"

No answer.

"Jude, do you think to escape?"

Still no response. Mr P. begins to feel uneasy and hastily commences to search the room, but has not proceeded far when he hears a slight flutter near where the vicinity of the door—he listens a moment, and it is repeated—Darting to the door, he attempts to open it, but he finds himself a prisoner. "There is some more chicanery in this thing, and hearing to the window; looks also for poor Mr. Pepper! his wife has just removed the ladder, and he cannot escape.

He sits down in the chair, and looks fearfully around him, and presently he arises and picks up a few fragments of a letter is lying on the carpet and finds it from Polly Primrose. He wonders what she has done with the lock of hair.

At this moment his eye falls upon the daguerreotype, which is lying on the table before him; mechanically taking it up, he opens it and sees—what? nothing but his own face, all the rest of him being rubbed off, and around his lovely phiz is the missing curl, the sentiments carefully stowed in the corner of the case.

Mr. Pepper fairly blubbered aloud.

"Good! thought Mrs. P, "when you find your level, I'll let you out and not till then. A little wholesome discipline will do you good, and I am fully prepared to administer it."

How long Mrs. Pepper kept her liege lord cooling the deposit saith not, nor as to what parental lectures then when he was released from captivity, are we any better informed, but of this we are certain: Mr. Pepper might have been seen a morning or two afterwards, to put his head in the bedroom and heard to say, in a very meek manner:

"Honey Jane, I've made the kitchen fire, and put on the teakettle, won't you please to get up and get breakfast?"

A Great Pity.—It is a great pity that the Black Republicans cannot see their way to triumph in 1860. But they cannot as sure of their prominent journals confess. If Kansas shall be admitted at the next session Congress the Electoral College chosen in November, 1860, will consist of 305 votes, 154 of which will be necessary to a choice. If the Black Republican Slates will have 126 with the doubtfulling 120 of those states. If the Black Republicans should carry all the free States except New York they would all back three votes of a majority. If they should carry all except Pennsylvania, California and Oregon, they would still lack two votes of a majority. They cannot fail to carry Pennsylvania and Indiana, or Pennsylvania and Illinois, and still live. As a practical matter of fact, they must carry both New York and Pennsylvania or "go up."

They will be no better off if the election should go to the House. The fifteen slave States will be against them; Illinois is against them; Oregon will be against them and so will California. These are enough without counting either Kansas or Minnesota.

It is, we say, a great pity that the Black Republicans cannot see their way to triumph in 1860. But they cannot.—*Detroit Free Press.*

A Grandmother at Twenty-six Years.—We have just been informed of a remarkable instance of early development in Franklin county. It is that of a negro woman belonging to a gentleman in that county, who gave birth to a female child at fourteen years of age. The daughter improved upon the example of her mother, and gave birth to a child at 11 years of age; so that there is only a difference of twenty-six years between the age of grandmother and grand daughter.—*Richmond Dispatch.*

Dr. Beecher says: Nurse chase's lie. Let it alone and it will run itself to death.

The Duke of Argyle thinks highly of Mrs. H B Stowe—thinks she can't be spoiled—but the Duke does not approve of a woman's appearing upon a platform in public, unless she is going to be hanged—when, he says, it is unobjectionable."

Fanny Fern says she "once had a narrow escape from being a minister's wife. If she had a narrower escape than the minister, we are much mistaken.—*New York News.*

A person fond of the marvellous, told an improbable story, adding, as was his want, "did you ever hear of that before?" "No sir," said the other, "pray did you?"

A number of ladies at the Dress Reform Convention at Auburn, N. Y., declared for the bloomer dress or nothing. To fit the bloomer fate, we may expect the alternative.

Empty-headed people are generaly happy; cork always floats.

Misplaced Politeness.—Asking Crinoline to rest on the sofa.

A good baker is bred to his business; and consequently his business is bread to him.

Most kinds of roots and bark are now used as medicines, except the cube root and the bark of a dog.

Honesty is the best policy, but it keeps a man shocking poor," said Smith, as he warmed the cigar, without missing it with sand.

Medical.—Two thin shoes make one cold, two colds one attack of bronchitis; two attacks of bronchitis, one slim coffin.

Never confide in a young man; new nails look. Never tell your secrets to the aged; old doors seldom shut close.

The Mayor of a certain town not west proposes to kill half the dogs of his town, and lose their hides with the dog's of the other half.

"You have only yourself to please," said a married friend to a single bachelor. "Yes" he replied, "but you don't know how difficult it is."

Fort Wayne Sentinel.

SATURDAY, JULY 16, 1859.

☞ For Sale, a Certificate of Scholarship in *Dietrich's Mercantile Institute*. Enquire at this office. 1648

Democratic State Convention.—It has been usual in Indiana to hold our Democratic State Conventions on the 8th of January—a glorious day, and very suitable for that purpose. That day falling on Sunday next year, the State Central Committee have called the Convention to meet on Monday, the 9th. This is objected to by the entire democratic press of the state, as inconvenient and unsuitable, compelling the delegates from remote counties to leave home on Saturday, and lay over at Indianapolis on Sunday, subjecting them to unnecessary expense and delay, causing the desecration of the Sabbath by the political caucusing and manoeuvring which would be sure to take place on that day. A later day, say Wednesday or Thursday, is recommended. The Central Committee have not, as yet, seen fit to listen to the remonstrance and make the change desired, but we hope they will do so. Inasmuch as the convention cannot be held on the 8th, and Monday is undoubtedly a very inconvenient day, we certainly would recommend a change to Wednesday or Thursday. It is essential that this should be done to ensure a full attendance of delegates, as many who would wish to attend, would refuse if they were to be subjected to the additional expense and loss of time of staying an extra day at Indianapolis. We therefore unite in the call to the committee to change the day, and trust they will not remain longer in opposition to the declared sentiment of the entire democratic party in the state.

Our City Council—The old board of council have at length seen fit to retire from office, and the new board and other officers chosen at the late election have been sworn into office. The same course has already been adopted in every other city in the State.

The council drew lots to decide their respective terms of office, which resulted as follows:

1st. Ward:	John Hurt,	4 years.	
"	John Trentman	2	"
2d	"	B H Tower,	4	"
"	Morris Cody,	2	"
3d	"	D D Minor,	4	"
"	H Niermann,	2	"
4th	"	James Humphrey,	4	"
"	O D Hurd,	2	"
5th	"	Daniel Nestle,	4	"
"	A C Beaver,	2	"

On Monday the new board fixed the salaries of officers as follows: Mayor, $1,000 per annum. Clerk $300; Marshal $800; Treasurer $400; Market Master $200; Council $1 00 for each meeting, and $2 per day while serving on Committee. Chief Engineer $2 per day, while actually engaged in the duties of his office.

The assessment for City Taxation is 55 cents on the $100, and 50 cents poll, for the general levy; and 25 cents on the $100 for School purposes.

On Tuesday the Council elected George Humphrey Chief Engineer of Fire Department; and Drs. Wordsworth, and Meinhardt, and J. H. Robinson, Esq. Board of Health.

The Canal.—The repairs on our canal are finished, and water will be let in this evening.

A swing or pivot bridge is in course of erection over the canal on Calhoun street. This will be a great convenience to travellers, as it obviates the necessity of the high embankments on each side. The bridge will be under the charge of the city authorities, who take the responsibility of keeping it in order, that no unnecessary detention may arise to persons wishing to cross.

The Weather has been intensely hot for the past week, the thermometer ranging at 86° to 93° in the shade, and on Thursday it reached 100°. On that day we learn that refreshing showers were experienced in several places, but the town was not favorded to us, and we are almost parched up with the excessive heat and drought.

Of course, our readers will not be to unscrupulous as to expect us to write lengthy editorials under such a torrid heat. The thing is impossible, for if we should chance to stumble on an idea, it would certainly evaporate before we could put it on paper.

The Wheat Harvest in this region is about over. The weather has been most propitious, and we rejoice to learn the crop is abundant and of the very best quality. It is perhaps the best crop we have had for many years. Oats and corn also promise well.

The wheat crop in all parts of the country is spoken of as excellent.

Vandalism.—Some disorderly boys are in the habit of breaking the windows and committing other depredations on the Western School House. The new Marshal should keep a sharp look out for the rowdies and bring them before the Mayor, who would doubtless inflict such a penalty as would learn them to avoid such wanton disregard of propriety in future. A heavy fine and a few days or weeks imprisonment in the Calaboose would have a beneficial effect on them.

How the Course of Gov. Willard is Looked Upon.—The Columbia City *News* copies an article from our last paper, on Gov. Willard's refusal to concur with the Commissioners in their location of the Penitentiary at Fort Wayne, and adds:

"We wonder if Willard will not begin to think, soon, that he cannot have his own way after all he said and done? Had he not better approve the action of the board at once, so that the design of the Legislature can be carried out? We think he had; and save his credit. If he does not, salt will not save him."

Jewish Synagogue.—The Jews of this city have purchased the German Methodist Church, on Harrison Street, which they intend to enlarge and handsomly, and use as a place of worship. This will be the first Jewish synagogue in the State. This congregation is small, and the expense of the building will be heavy. They therefore appeal to the liberality of our citizens for some assistance. The appeal, we are gratified to learn, has been, so far, very generously responded to, and hopes are entertained that the requisite amount will be raised. This class of our citizens have been liberal in their contributions to all public enterprises, and as it is the first time they have asked any thing from the public, it is right to afford them the assistance they ask, and credital'e to our citizens that their claims have been so kindly acknowledged.

Another Match.—Bell's Life in London of the 26th June, contains a notice of the acceptance of the challenge given by Mr. King to this place for a pigeon match. The party accepting proposes to shoot for £150 ($750) a side. The match to come off at Newmarket, during the October races. One half the stakes are already deposited.

This makes two matches Mr. K has engaged in England. He will doubtless have more, and we expect to see him return in the fall crowned with laurels and with his pockets lined with locks.

☞ The best place we know of this hot weather is Drake's Reading Room; while that superb lemonade of his is the most delightful and refreshing thing imaginable, and leaves the happy partakers cool and calm as a summer morning. The saloons and groceries are deserted, and every one is drinking Drake's lemonade. His establishment has given an impetus to the cause of temperance that all the abstinence societies lecturers and prohibitory laws failed to accomplish. Father Mathew did some good in his day, but nothing like what Moses Drake is effecting now. He deserves the thanks of the community for his good work.

Mr. Wm. Jacobs has returned to town, and has in connection with his son, bought out John Hamilton's hunt and shoe store, corner of Calhoun and Columbia streets. Mr. Jacobs is well known to our citizens as a fair and honorable tradesman, particularly obliging to his customers, and his return to the business will be hailed with satisfaction by hundreds of his old friends. He makes a point of always keeping the best goods and selling at the lowest prices, and having secured the services of the best boot-maker in the state, his home-made work will now be superior to any to be found elsewhere. Give him a call.

C. NEIBEITER will remove his saddlery store next week to the new building erected by P. Chneck on the opposite side of the street, No. 122, where he will offer for sale a large and full assortment of saddles, collars, valises, &c. &c., of the best quality, at the lowest rates. He will furnish the trade at wholesale prices. Further particulars will be given in his advertisement next week.

CHARLEY RAPP is making a choice article of Ice Cream, and his neat little saloon, (on Calhoun, opposite public square,) deserves a pretty good share of custom these warm evenings.

For the Sentinel.

THE NORTHERN STATE PRISON.

The Logansport Journal, in an article entitled "The Penitentiary Question," lets off the following paragraph:

"The Commissioners refuse to report any other location than Fort Wayne, and the Governor positively refuses to approve that. Between them the final location will be likely to go over until the next session of the legislature."

Unfortunately for the astute editor of the *Journal*, not a word of the above paragraph is true. The Commissioners have selected Fort Wayne—the Governor refuses to either approve or disapprove and seeks by non action to bring the Commissioners to his own selected point. The law evidently intends that the Commissioners shall make the location and the Governor approve; but his Excellency and the editor of the Journal, think the Governor should make the selection and the Commissioners approve. *This is not the law.* The law says very clearly, that the Commissioners, "after a careful examination," shall select a point north of the National Road for a site upon which to build the prison, and present a report of the same to the Governor for its approval or disapproval; if he approves, it shall be the place of the erection of the said prison; if he disapproves, the Commissioners, "without further examination, I shall select another site, and so on until" they"—the Governor and Commissioners—"agree." The questions now before the public are: Have the Commissioners done their duty? and, has the Governor done his? It is unquestionably the *duty* of the Governor to approve the selection made by the Commissioners, if the location is the better one. If there are other points that present superior facilities for the erection of the Prison, then let the Governor disapprove of this one, and the Commissioners under the law select another, and present that other to him.

The Journal is evidently in the fog in relation to the law and its "requirements." The Journal says:

"Papers that attack the Governor for withholding *his* sanction do not render him justice, for he is given by the law, an influence and a responsibility in the selection of a place equal at least, to the Commissioners."

Now, not a word of this is true. The Governor is not made by the law one of the "Board of Control," and if he has no secret motives or *pecuniary interests*, he ought evidently to let the "responsibility" fall upon the *Commissioners*.

The law empathetically says that the "Board of Control" shall have the absolute *control* of the erection and management of the New Prison; and provides further that they shall "make a careful examination" for the location, and report the same to the Governor for his approval. What business the Governor had to travel around and examine different points, we cannot understand. That he very properly might have visited the point selected by the "Board of Control," and examined into the health of the location, facilities for building, appropriateness of the site, &c., is true; but that he had a right to constitute himself a "Board of Control" to select a location, is an assumption as impertinent as it is unwarranted by the law. Let it be remembered that this law was recommended by his Excellency in two messages; that it was passed by Democrats of both Houses; that it received his approval; and that the "Board of Control" were appointed by *himself*, and the gentlemen appointed were universally acknowledged by the *press* of both parties, to be honest and qualified for the position; then let the people of the State decide whether there is not "a cat in the meal tub."

We have heard it whispered that certain political considerations induce his Excellency to take this course of con-tention. Well, all we have to say on that subject is, that *Democratic Allen* will take care of herself. We are proud of our city, and the enterprise of her citizens. He who strikes at either to subserve political or personal ends may expect to feel the *weight* of our blows in a political contest. No trumped up charges against the Commissioners will amount to anything. The question is this—"*Is Fort Wayne an eligible point for the erection of the Prison?*" If it is, let the Governor approve! If it is not, let him disapprove and that without further delay. B.

Financial Condition of our City.

The following extract from a paper presented to the Common Council, by E. P. Randall, Esq., Mayor, on Monday evening last, showing the financial condition of our city, will be interesting to our readers:

A large proportion of the present indebtedness of the city has been created by the purchase of the lots and the erection thereon of the two new School Houses.

School House No. 1, in the eastern part of the city, on Clay street, and the lots upon which it stands, have cost the sum of $16,079.27. School House No. 2, in the western part of the city, on Jefferson street, and the lots upon which it was created, have cost $18,342.00; making together the sum of $34,422.27, of which amount $17,955.33 has been paid, leaving due on account of School Houses $16,466.90 and some interest. Of this amount there is now due and will become due during the present year $8,270.21 besides interest.

There was a law passed at the last session of the Legislature, amending the Common School Law, which requires all lands or lots acquired for School House purposes to be conveyed to the city in its corporate name, and the tax for building and repairing the same to be levied by the Common Council of the city. Under this law it becomes your duty to levy a tax sufficient to meet the $8,270 21 payable the current year. The taxable property of the city, as returned by the Assessor, is $2,300,000, or so nearly that we can assume that sum as the basis. Making proper allowance for delinquencies, to meet this indebtedness alone will require a levy of thirty five cents on the one-hundred dollars valuation, and a poll tax of 50 cents in addition. The law, however, limits your levy for this purpose to 25 cents, and a poll tax of 50 cents, which is the same levy as was made by the School Trustees last year, and will yield a revenue to apply on the School House of about $5,585.

The indebtedness of the city, exclusive of the School House debt, was on the first of May, 1859, above $5,000. The current ordinary expenses of the city for the year ending May 1st, 1859, were $13,465. The total debt of the city, incurred for the year ending as above, was $19,337 72; of this last amount $3,213 53 was expended in the purchase of four lots in the western part of the city for market purposes, and $2,650 were appropriated by the Council and paid on the School House debt.

If the ordinary expenses of the present year equal the past, namely $13,465 00, and putting the indebtedness of the city on the first of May last at $5,000, you would have to provide for the payment of $18,465 00 during the present year,—to raise which would require a levy of eighty cents on the hundred dollars valuation. Such a tax would be too heavy a burden upon the business and enterprise of the city; I would therefore recommend a levy not exceeding sixty cents, and then by a careful selection of those improvements which the public interests require to be made immediately, and postponing others, bring the expenses within your means of paying.

The Penitentiary Question

The Commissioners refuse to report any other location than Fort Wayne, and the Governor positively refuses to approve that. Between them the final location will be likely to go over until the next session of the legislature.

The Commissioners do not all believe they have the right to locate, without reference to the Governor. One of them, only thinks so. He is attracted to Fort Wayne, by peculiar influences. It was his suggestions, alone, that originated the proposition to purchase the grounds and make contracts.

The requirement, contained in the law, for the approval of the Governor was put in for wise purposes, and the wisdom of it is now apparent. Papers that attack the Governor for withholding his sanction do not render him justice, for he is given, by the law, an influence, and a responsibility in the selection of a place, equal, at least, to the Commissioners.—*Logansport Journal.*

That is true. The Governor is entitled to full immunity from attack for regarding his responsibility in this matter of locating the penitentiary, but not for *disregarding* that responsibility. And that is just where we place our objection to his conduct. His right to refuse his sanction to the location already made is indisputable, but his duty is so *to inform* the Commissioners in equally indisputable. Except from rumor the Commissioners and the public have no knowledge, of course, as to either step can be taken in the business. And this is the trouble. If Governor Willard had promptly told the Commissioners that he thought their location a bad one, and he would not approve it, he would have fulfilled the requirements of the law, "put in for wise purposes," whether he might have judged wisely as to the location or not. They would then have gone on and made another location, and submitted it to him, and so kept on till they had settled upon some place they the Governor would approve. But he won't do this. He won't say whether he approves Fort Wayne or not, except as we may trust rumors, and newspaper statements. He has made no official declaration of his opinion. In this state of affairs nothing can be done. Now it is clearly the Governor's duty to do one thing or the other, to approve or disapprove. There is no mistake about that. But he won't do either. Why, we, of course, don't know, though we might harness a guess if it was worth while hunting for the motives of a man who sets so whimsically, and so like a petulant, spoiled boy, instead of a clear headed, sensible man. But whatever his motive there is his action, or rather non action, and there is the law, and it is very easy to see if the two fit together. What notices the Commissioners may have had in selecting Fort Wayne, or adhering to their selection, we don't know, and we don't care. We are no apologist of theirs. It is with the public conduct of both Commissioners and Governor that we are concerned, and we don't care for the hidden motives, if there are any in either case.—*State Journal.*

State Board of Equalization.—This body adjourned yesterday. It was ordered that the following changes be made:

Addition to the value of real estate in the following counties, as equalized by the District Boards, of 12 per cent. in Parke; of 10 per cent. Vermillion; 5 per cent in Hamilton; 4 per cent. in Wabash; 10 per cent. in Monroe; 10 per cent. in Bartholomew; and 2 per cent. in Tippecanoe. Reductions were made from the value of real estate in the following counties, as equalized by the District Boards, of 10 per cent. in Putnam; 10 per cent in Wells; 5 per cent. in Jay; 5 per cent. in Adams; 30 per cent. in Brown; 10 per cent. in Jennings; 5 per cent. in Lawrence; and 3 per cent. in Carrol county.

An effort was made to add 5 per cent. to the total value of the appraisement of the 6th District, but it was ruled down by a vote of 12 to 2.

The following statistics show the taxables of Indiana, exclusive of railroads and personal property, reported to the State Board. The changes made will increase the amount but little:

Whole number of acres	23,125,121
Value of lands and improvements	$252,383,779
Value of lots and improvement	47,443,723
Total value of Real Estate	$299,827,502

CHANGE MADE BY DISTRICT BOARDS.

Increase over appraisement	$1,679,597
Decrease on appraisement	3,154,133
Net Increase	1,527,351
Total value as equalized	$301,354,856
Average value of lands and improvements per acre	$12 65
Total value in 1851	$147,196,181
Increase value since 1851	154,156,372
Increase since 1858	70 per cent.

It is estimated that the personal property will amount to $120,000,000, which, with the railroads added to the real estate, will make the total valuation about 470,000,000. The whole number of polls will be about 210,000.—*State Journal.*

Death of Hon. Rufus Choate.

HALIFAX, July 14.

Hon. Rufus Choate died in this city yesterday morning. His health had continued to improve during the stay here, until half past six o'clock on Tuesday evening, when the attacks commenced which closed his career. He was unconscious from his attack until 9 o'clock on Wednesday morning, when he died. His remains will be taken to Boston for interment. A meeting of the Bench and Bar of this city had been called to prepare an address of condolence to his family.

Mr. Choate was sixty years of age; was born in Ipswitch, Mass, in October, 1799. He was preparing for a trip through Europe for the benefit of his health.

WASHINGTON, July 11.

Mr. Sanman, the former Superintendent of the Public Printing, now under indictment for malfeasance in office, has returned to this city.

A special dispatch from New Orleans, published in the Charleston Courier on the 9th inst. says that General Weel has defeated the Liberal forces, and that General Zuloaga at Guanajuato had proclaimed Santa Anna Dictator. This affair has caused great confusion at San Luis Potosi. Ex-Governor Barrera had attempted a revolution in the Provinces of Campeachy, which was followed by similar demonstrations in the other provinces. The Government was making vigorous efforts to suppress the out break.

The State Department has recently had under consideration the subject of the Hudson Bay and Puget Sound Agricultural Companies in connection with their privileges in Washington Territory; and it is understood that its action thereon is to the effect that their possessory rights ceased by the limitation of their charters on the 20th of May last, as well as under the Oregon Treaty. It will be recollected that these companies, some years ago, offered to sell their rights to the United States for $1,000,000, and subsequently expressed their readiness to be satisfied with $600,000 for their possessions.

The Catholic Missions at Vancouver, and other claims, are involved in this decision, which, now falling under the administration of the Interior Department, is likely to present some important features, if not controversy, concerning the titles to immense lands.

WASHINGTON, June 13.

The late Congress appropriated only fifteen thousand dollars as a preliminary to the taken of the next census for the preparation of blank forms, instructions to Marshals, etc. Ample time will be allowed for the selection of reliable deputies and such arrangements be made by the Secretary of the Interior as will secure the prosecution of the work with more perfectness than heretofore.—Many applications have been made for employment as Clerks, but the Census Bureau will not be organized until next year, when the returns shall be received.

There is authority for the assertion, that however desireable the acquisition of Lower California may be to the Administration, no such proposition is now pending between the Governments of the United States and Mexico as has been stated.

Secretary Floyd's health is slightly improved. He will return to Washington to accompany the President to Bedford Springs on Monday.

WASHINGTON, July 14.

The Constitution of this morning contains a copy of a dispatch from the State Department recently sent to our minister at Berlin, on the subject of naturalization. The case is that of a naturalized citizen of the United States, who is a native of Hanover and who, when he left his native country was neither in actual service in the Hanover army or had been drafted to serve in it, but who has not been his return to Hanover been deprived of his liberty and compelled to perform military service, the President and Cabinet concur in the views expressed; taking the ground that the moment a foreigner becomes naturalized his allegiance to this native country is severed. he is no more responsible for anything he may say or do or omit to say or do after naturalization, his new character than if he had been born in the United States. Should he return to his native country, he returns as an American citizen and no other character.

In order to entitle his original government to punish him for an offence, this must have been committed whilst he was a subject and owed allegiance to that government. The offence must have been complete before his expatriation. It must have been of such a character that he might have been tried and punished for it the moment of his departure. Our Minister is instructed to demand the release of the naturalized citizen in question.

WASHINGTON, June 14.

Gun Exploded.—While the gunner's crew were engaged in their usual practice at the Washington Navy Yard to-day, a sixty-four pound army gun, which is said to have been thoroughly tested in 1851, burst. Two of the gunners, James H Wilson and William Nokes were instantly killed, a part of their heads being blown off and their bodies thrown a considerable distance from the gun platform. Besides, eight men were severely and two men slightly wounded.

One Day Later from Europe.

Arrival of the City of Baltimore and Adelaide.

NEW YORK, July 17.

The steamships City of Baltimore and Adelaide have arrived.

The Adelaide comes from Liverpool via St. Johns, to which point she brought the first intelligence of the battle of Solferino.

The City of Baltimore left Liverpool on the 29th, but brings advices to the 30th ult., received by telegraph at Queenstown, where she stopped on her passage.

Count Pourtales, the Prussian Embassador, has arrived at the headquarters of the Austrian army.

Laybach has been fixed upon as the seat of government of Lombardy.

The Austrian head quarters have been moved from Villa Franca to Verona.

France is preparing to move an army on the Rhine.

General Cyrbai, the ex-commander-in-chief of the Austrian army, has taken command as Colonel of a regiment bearing his name.

The Paris correspondent of the London Times says, in regard to the battle of Solferino, that General Neil, with 35 000 men and two divisions of cavalry—in all about 50,000—was engaged in forcing the Austrian center. After twelve hours' fighting, the Austrians brought up reserves of 80,000, and the allies their reserve of 40,000. It was a most critical moment, and in three hours more the general fighting ended to the advantage of the Allies. The Zouaves are said to have been much cut up, and the first chasseurs of Algeria were terribly treated. Four Generals killed and one wounded. Orders have been received at Milan to prepare 14,000 beds for the wounded.

PARIS, June 29.

The *Moniteur* contains details of the battle of Solferino, but these are reports of different attacks of the various corps d'armee. The Moniteur does not state the number of killed and wounded on either side.

TURIN, June 28

The Piedmontese Gazette publishes official details of the battle, written on the same day. According to positive information, twenty-five thousand Sardinians held their ground a mile fifty thousand Austrians, who occupied a formidable position, from which they were dislodged by the Sardinians, under the orders of King Victor Emmanuel.

The Sardinian loss is said to be about one thousand killed and the same number wounded.

The London Times' Paris correspondent reports that a project has been opened for the mobilization of one hundred battalions of the National Guard, and reorganizing them for garrison duty.

The details received of the recent massacre of Perugia by the Swiss troops, state that neither sex nor age was spared. Among the murdered by the soldiers after the fighting had ceased, were three married couples, five elderly females, a girl four years old, &c. An infant was also torn from its mother's breast and thrown into the Tiber.

The London Times' Paris correspondent says that the Piedmontese were at one time during the battle of Solferino completely enveloped by the Austrians, but they recovered, and, repulsing the enemy, kept their position with exceeding courage.

TURIN, June 29

Deserters from the Austrians state unanimously that there were forty thousand Austrians at Peschiera. The position fell to the Piedmontese. General Buragny d'Hilliers was Solferino, and marched against Carrina.

Arrival of the Canada.

Later from the Seat of War.

SACKVILLE, N. B., July 12.

The steamship Canada, from Liverpool, with dates to the 2d inst., passed Cape Race, at half past 5 o'clock on Sunday afternoon, and arrived at Halifax this forenoon.

The intelligence from the seat of war states that no fighting had occurred since the battle of Solferino. The allied troops continued to cross the river Mincio without molestation from the enemy.

The Emperor of Austria has not taken his departure from Vienna, as he was said to intend but he is now expected to remain in Italy.

The new English Ministry has announced that it will be governed by a strict neutrality. Mr. Cobden has declined the proffered seat in the new English Ministry.

The Emperor Napoleon had removed his head quarters from Volta to Valeggio. The Sardinians under the command of Victor Emmanuel, have invested Peschiera, their lines extending from Lake Garda to the Mincio.

The battle commenced at a little before five o'clock in the morning, not far from sunrise. Just back of Castiglione rises a high range of hills which project a mile or thereabouts into the plain and then break off inward the left into a wide expanse of hills, and so into the rolling surface which makes that portion of the plain.

The Austrians had taken the position upon these hills, planting cannon upon those nearest to Castiglione which they could approach, as the French army was in full force, and around that little village, and had stationed their immense army all over the surrounding plain.

As nearly as we can now learn, the Emperor Francis Joseph, had collected here not less than two hundred and twenty-five thousand troops and commanded them in person. His evident purpose was to make a stand here and risk the fortunes of the war upon the laurels of the day.

Napoleon promptly accepted the challenge, and commenced the attack as soon as it was light this morning, by placing the cannon upon the hills still nearer to Castiglione than those held by the Austrians, and opening fire upon the heights beyond. He took his own stand upon the highest of these, a steep, sharp backed ridge, which commands a magnificient view of the entire circuit of the plain, and from that point directed the entire movement of his army during the early portion of the day.

The French very soon drove the enemy out of the town and followed them into the small villages of the plain below. The first of these was Soltering, where they had a sharp and protracted engagement. The Austrians disputed every inch of the ground, and fought here as they did throughout the day, with the utmost desperation.

They were three times driven out of the town before they could stay out. The people of the village, moreover, took part against the French, upon whom they fired from their windows, and the French were compelled, in self-defense, to burn the town. When they found it impossible to hold their ground any longer they fell back slowly and steadily until they reached the village of Volta, directly southeast from Castiglione, and is only about a mile from the river Mincio, from which however, it is separated by a range of hills.

Upon these hills in the rear of the town, and overlooking it completely on the south and south east sides, the Austrians had planted very formidable batteries, and when I arrived on the field and went at once to the height where the Emperor had stood at the opening of the engagement, but which he had left an hour before to follow his victorious troops, those batteries were blazing away upon the French who were stationed on the plains below.

The general result was soon made evident by the slackening of the Austrian fire, and by the falling back of their smoke, and a corresponding advance on the part of which rose from the French artillery. The commanding at that point lasted for nearly an hour, but in a precisely what direction the Austrians returned it was not possible from the position I occupied to see.

Part of the Austrian force probably crossed the river Mincio which flows southward from the lower end of Lake Garda, and empties into the Po; but the battle continued to rage all over the region northwest of a line connecting the towns of Castiglione, Solferino, and Volta. At one point after another a sharp cannonading would arise, and continue half or three-quarters of an hour, and after each successive engagement of this kind, the result became apparent in the retreat of the Austrians and the advance of the French forces.

During all the early part of the day the sky had been clear and the weather hot; but clouds began to gather about noon, and at five o'clock, while the cannonade was at its height, a tremendous thunder storm rolled up from the north west. The action lasted for about an hour, and the cannonade, so far as we could distinguish, was long sealed.

The storm ceased, the clouds blew away and the sun shone out again, and the air was cool and perfectly delightful.

Though the cannon may have ceased for a time to take part in it, the fight had in the mean time gone on; and when I again resumed my pair of observation, from which the storm had expelled me, the commanding commence on the extreme left of the entire field and on the very borders of the Lake, south east from Castiglione and west of Peschiera.

The Piedmontese troops, under the King who commands them in person, had been posted there and received the Austrians as they came around from about seven o'clock until after nightfall, an incessant and most terrible combat was here kept up.

The batteries of the two armies were apparently about a half a mile apart, and at the out set they were both served with nearly equal and effective vigor, but the Austrians gradually slackened their fire, and took up new positions while the Sardinians poured a rapid and uninterrupted shower of balls upon them, suspending only for a few moments at a time, and then resuming it again with redoubled fury.

The wind had gone down, the air was still, and the sound of musketry, as well as of cannon was distinctly heard. Sometimes only a single flash would be seen, then two or three at once and sometimes half a dozen would break forth in instant succession.

It was beginning to be dusk when I turned to descend the hill and all the way down I still heard the roar of the cannon and the clattering of the guns of the infantry.

The Austrians have sustained an overwhelming defeat, and it seems to me not unlikely that the Emperor may now be induced, by the representations of the neutral powers, to accept the peace which Napoleon will very likely to tender him.

I am afraid to venture upon any conjecture as to the number killed and wounded, but from the nature of the case, it must be enormous. I am confident that not less than ten thousand wounded have been brought into the village alone during the day, to say nothing of those who were left on the field, or taken in other places.

Details of the Foreign News.—That Paris letter in the London Times, dated June 23, says an extraordinary meeting of the Deputies will be held to raise a fresh contingent of men, and the writer thinks this does not strengthen the hope that the war will be confined to Italy. The same writer, in his letter of the 22d, says:

The breach between the Archbishop of Paris and the court is regarded as certain. His Highness is said to have given the request to officiate at the *Te Deum* for Magenta an answer to which there was no reply possible. I can not join in thanksgiving for the murder of fifteen thousand human beings, nor raise a hymn of joy founded upon that pain and misery of others; but I will sing a *De Profundis* and *Requiem* for the souls of the departed with the greatest pleasure."

In some of the rural districts of France the priests are said to have preached against the war, and have denounced what they would consider the predatory view of Victor Emmanuel.

ROME, June 18.

The Pope's Trio ble.—The Holy father is in the beginning of new difficulties. Those of 1848 were nothing in comparision. For the last few months the French in command here have gone on step by step, and last by last, depriving the Pope of his authority.—They have now come to the point that the Pope is only a name in Rome.

Last Sunday a telegraphic dispatch announced the departure of the Austrians from Bologna and the other legations. This was immediately followed by an other stating that Bologna was in arms against the Pope, and that a Provisional Government had been proclaimed there, as in Florence.

Since then the Perugia and all the Romagna have rebelled. The Pope's troops that were sent to put down the insurrection, have in great part deserted and gone over to Piedmont. Several congregations of Cardinals have been held to decide on what to do whether the French are to be called in to put down the insurrection or not.

It is hard to know the plan of Napoleon with regard to Rome. I think he will either take away the legations or impose a constitution on the Pope which can never be accepted. Napoleon will not appear in all this. Cavour is now the Tribune of Italy. All obey his orders. Palmerston's old project will now be realized—to have the Austrians driven out of Italy, and to give a constitution to all the Papal States. The Neapolitans are only waiting for orders from Cavour to rebel. Such is the present state of Italy.

[From the Washington Constitution.]

Interesting Letters on the Naturalization Question.

Reference having been made to the course pursued by Mr. Fillmore's Administration in relation to naturalized American citizens who returned to their native homes, we publish on the subject, the recorded opinions of Daniel Webster and Edward Everett each of which was Secretary of State, during the Administration:

[Extract]—*Mr. Webster to Ignacio Tolen, N. Y.*

DEPARTMENT OF STATE,
Washington, June 25, 1850.

The corpuet paid to any passport granted by this department to a naturalized citizen, formerly a subject of Spain, will depend upon the laws of that nation in relation to the allegiance due its authority by its native born subjects. If that government recognizes the right of its subjects to denationalize themselves and assimilate with the citizens of other countries, the usual passport will be a sufficient safeguard to you but if allegiance to the Crown of Spain may not legally renounced by its subjects, you must expect to be liable to the obligations of a Spanish subject if you voluntarily place yourself within the jurisdiction of that government.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE,
Washington, June 1, 1852.

SIR: I have to acknowledge the receipt of your letter to Mr. Reddall of the 7th ultimo, inquiring whether Mr. Victor B. Dupierre, a native of France, but a naturalized citizen of the United States, can expect the protection of this Government in that country when proceeding thither with a passport from this Department. In reply, I am to inform you that if, as is understood to be the fact the government of France does not acknowledge the right of natives of that country to renounce their allegiance, it may lawfully claim their services when found within French jurisdiction.

I am, sir, very respectfully,
Your obedient servant,
DANIEL WEBSTER.

To T. B. Nones, Esq., New York.

The letter from Mr. Everett was addressed to our minister at Berlin, under date of 14th January, 1853; in reference to several cases which had been presented by that minister the question raised, Mr. Everett writes, "have received the particular attention of the President." The following extracts sufficiently state the doctrine:

If then, a Prussian subject, born and living under this state of law, chooses to emigrate to a foreign country without obtaining the certificate which alone can discharge him from the obligation of military service, he takes that step at his own risk. The clects to go abroad under the burden of a duty which he owes to his government. His departure is of the nature of an escape from her laws; and if, at any subsequent period he is induced enough to return to his native country, he cannot complain if those laws are executed to his disadvantage. It is case resembles that of a soldier or sailor enlisted by conscription or other compulsory process in the army or navy. If he should desert the service of his country, and thereby render himself amenable to military law, no one would expect that he could return to his native land and bid defiance to its laws, because in the mean time he might have become a naturalized citizen of a foreign State.

For these reasons, and without entering into the discussion of the question of perpetual allegiance, the President is of opinion that, if a subject of Prussia, lying under a legal obligation in that country to perform a certain amount of military duty, leaves his native land, and without performing that duty or obtaining the prescribed "certificate of emigration," comes to the United States and is naturalized, and afterward, for any purposes whatever, goes back to Prussia, it is not competent for the United States to protect him from the operation of the Prussian law. The case may be one of great hardship, especially if the omission to procure the certificate arose from inadvertence or ignorance, but this fact, though a just ground for sympathy, does not alter the case in one of international law.

☞ Several deaths from sun stroke have already occurred in Philadelphia and New York. The attack may generally be averted by bathing the head occasionally with cold water, or wearing a wet cloth inside the hat. Intoxication is a predisposing cause. The remedial treatment is simple. The head should be rubbed with cold water, and the patient made to swallow carbonate of ammonia in solution.

BALTIMORE, July 13.

Murder.—A shocking murder occurred in South Baltimore last night. Thomas Eaton and George Burkle, intoxicated, got into a quarrel, when Eaton struck Burkle a violent blow with a hammer, which crushed in the latter's skull, killing him instantly. Eaton was arrested.

Fort Wayne Railroad Time Table.

The Toledo & Wabash Trains, leave the depot at Fort Wayne:—

Going West:

Mail Express, at 2 45 A.M.
Express—2 15P. M.
Freight—6 45 A. M.

Going East:

Mail Express, at 11 20 A.M.
Express—1 15 A.M.
Freight—7.45 P. M.

Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne, & Chicago Trains

Going East:

Mail Accommodation 1 30 P. M.
Through Express 1 07 A. M.
Express Freight 7 15 A. M.
Local Freight 6.00 P. M.

Going West:

Mail Accommodation 1 45 P. M
Through Express 2 30 A. M.
Express Freight 6 30 A. M.

HAIR DYE—HAIR DYE—HAIR DYE!

W. A. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE.

The Original and Best in the World!

All others are mere imitations and should be avoided, if you wish to escape ridicule and disappointment.

Grey, Red, or Rusty Hair dyed instantly to a beautiful and natural Brown or Black, without injury to the skin or hair.

Batchelor's Dye is the Only One that Produces a Reliable, Instantaneous and Perfect Dye, without the Ridiculous Effects Produced by Washes Advertised as Restoratives, Invigorators, &c., which after a few months' use, Ruin the Hair, Make it Harsh, Crisp and Dry, Causing it to Split and Finally Break Off.

Sold and applied at No. 233 Broadway, New York.

The Genuine has the name and address upon a steel plate engraving of each Box as follows:

WILLIAM A. BATCHELOR,
233 Broadway, New York.

WIGS!—WIGS!!—WIGS!!!

BATCHELOR'S WIGS AND TOUPEES are at all times the most elegant, light, easy and durable.

Extracts from letters received every day, dictating all that is said, or intended, this is the only establishment where first class things are properly understood and made.

233 Broadway, New York.

Common sense tells the mass of the people, whenever the ant-named and misanthrope philosophy is to may say to the contrary. Show them a good article, let its merits be clearly demonstrated, and they will not hesitate to give their most cordial patronage. Many instances have already rattled the judgment of physicians as to the virtues of Hostetters Bitters, as may be seen in the numerous testimonials of this medicine that are annually made in every section of the land. It is now brought and as greatly superior to all other remedies yet devised for the dyspepsia, and for the various ills that arise from derangement of those portions of the system. Hostetter's name is rapidly becoming a passport to good health Maine to the shores of the Atlantic to the Pacific. Try the article and be satisfied.

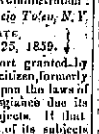
Sold by all druggists in the world.

☞ See a testimonial.

Dr Roberts's Scandinavian Remedies

Are you sick, no matter what organ is affected, depend upon it the *blood*, which is the food and nutriment of every organ, is full of corruption! My Scandinavian Blood Purifier, breaks up the poisons of disease in the fluids of the body. They purge and purify the elements of the blood. Hence their quick and complete cures in dyspepsia, scrofula, eruptions, sore, tumors, sorgonorrhea, kidney complaints, piles low fevers, debility, dissipation, headaches, worst of a nasal throat, etc., etc. These remedies are assuredly the wh's medical world. See advertisement.

The Poetry of Physic.



AYER'S PILLS ahre, sugar-coat'd, cover'd o palate, but their every, although wrapped up, is bitter, and all a with giant Power to cure the very worst forms of disease. There are thousands of sufferers who would not wear their sleeves up here if they knew they could be cured for 25 cent. Try Ayer's Pills and you will know it.

Purify the blood and disease will be started out.

Cleanse the system from impurities and you are cured always.

For the light cases of all impurities, and scrofula, in its every varieties, ulcerous sores, humors, blotches, pimples, eruptions, tetter, salt rheum, scald head, ringworm, sore eyes, tumors, enlargements, derangements of the liver, kidneys, stomach and bowels, all derangements and all diseases which a purgative remedy can reach, fly before them as chaff before the wind.

Remember you are not suffering from any of the numerous complaints they cure—suffer no more—the remedy has been provided for you, and it is criminal to neglect it.

They are not recommended as a cure for any of the various complaints they cure—suffer no more—the remedy has been provided for you, and it is criminal to neglect it.

They Ayer's Cherry Pectoral is the best medicine for a Cough, is known to the whole world, and they Ayer's Pills are the best of all pills, is known to those who have used them.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER, Practical Chemist, Lowell, Mass., and sold by

H. B. REED & Co.,
MEYER & BROTHER.

The condition of the stomach is of vital importance. No man, woman, or child can be healthy unless the work of digestion is regularly, thoroughly, and vigorously performed. With three-fourths of civilized society, this is not the case. And yet the remedy is within the reach of all. If not already known, Hostetters Bitters, prepared by Dr C M Jackson, Philadelphia, will surely create a regular and healthy action of the stomach, as oil will lessen the friction of machinery, but the victim of dyspepsia or indigestion in any of its forms, try it, and we guarantee a good appetite, physical vigor, firm nerves, sound sleep by night, and increased cheerfulness by day. See advertisement.

Card to Ladies.

The BAC

JACOBS

ON HAND AGAIN WITH

BOOTS, SHOES,

AND LEATHER!

AT WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

THE undersigned would respectfully announce to the citizens of Fort Wayne and surrounding country, that they have purchased the entire stock of M. JNO. HAMILTON and will continue in the old stand at the corner of Calhoun and Columbia streets in Fort Wayne. Their assortment will be all that can be general and complete. In Eastern manufactured work for

Children, Misses, Ladies and Gentlemen

every grade and style direct from the very best manufacturers; and having made arrangements with a prominent and well known boot and shoe maker of Fort Wayne, we have every facility for getting up and constantly keeping on hand a general assortment of

HOME-MADE WORK

not surpassed by any other establishment in the city of Fort Wayne—

ALL WARRANTED.

In short, may be found in our stock anything in this line from the little child's fancy Parasol up to the gent's long-legged Water Proof Boot. Our prices throughout will be fixed very reasonable indeed.

All work done to order on the shortest notice and in the best manner. From our long acquaintance with the business, our close application to the same, and our efforts to please, we hope to merit a liberal share of public patronage.

W. JACOBS & SON.

Fort Wayne July 13, 1860. 1y

James Anstin, vs. Henry Smith } Allen Circuit Court—November Term, 1859.

DIVORCE.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Clerk of the Allen Circuit Court, by affidavit filed, that said defendant is a non-resident of the State of Indiana. Notice is therefore hereby given said defendant of the filing and pendency of said complaint, and that Calhoun he personally be and appear before the Judge of said Court, on or before the second day of the next term thereof, to be holden at the court house in the county of Allen on the 7th day of November, 1859, and answer or demur to said complaint or the same will be heard and determined in his absence.

CHASE & SMITH, Att'ys for plaintiff.

July 12, 1859. $3 10 3w3

PARK HOTEL

Corner Beekman and Nassau Streets,

Opposite Whitlock Building,

NEW YORK.

THIS house having been newly refitted with all the modern improvements will be opened for the accommodation of the travelling public on the 25th inst., and the proprietor respectfully solicits a share of their patronage, feeling confident that from the manner in which the house will be conducted that it will give a comfortable home to patrons.

It has superior accommodations for Merchants, being near the Park, Hall of Justice, Post Office and Stock Exchange, and combines in its location facilities and privacy of apartment—a desideratum which will be paid to the wants and comfort of its patrons.

1-2y2 P. WELHT, Proprietor.

THOS. PARSONS, M. D.

Physician, Surgeon & Accoucher

Formerly of the Nottingham Eye Dispensary, England.

OFFICE, Calhoun Street, over Fox Bimer's Shoe Store. D. Parsons will devote his whole time and attention to the profession, and hopes by strict attention to all calls both from town and country to merit a continuance of public patronage. Particular attention will be given to diseases of the Eye, Ear, and Lungs. Operations for Cataract performed.

Office hours, 8 to 10 A. M., and 1 to 3 P. M.

Fort Wayne July 9th, 1859. y3 2

READY FOR SALE!

16 MOFFIT'S Patent Grain Separators!

THE best Threshing Machines in use. For sale at the manufactory.

MOFFITT & TOWER.

Fort Wayne, July 9-5.

$12,000 STAPLE AND FANCY Dry Goods, Received at GRFF's.

Brown sheeting 3¼ to 12c.

Cha l'ons as low as 8½ at 9¼.

Printed Delaines worth 25c at 12½c.

Printed Lawns and Gingh ms at 25c.

10 pcs. last colored Calico for $1.

Lowell and Portsmouth Cloth for Dusters and Bed Ticking at Bottom Prices.

Cloths, Cassimeres and Meltons, Beavers, Sipes, Fancy Cassimeres, Mantellas, Bayadere Silks, Black and White Valentia, Brown and Bandana Handkerchiefs.

Bleached and Bleached Drilling.

Bleached Linen Table-Cloths at 87½, worth $1 25

Silk Fringes at 12½ worth 75c. Fancy Cashmeres at 12½ worth 25c. Dress Trimmings, &c., &c.

Call and see.

1-y3 GREFF.

THE WHEELER & WILSON

SEWING MACHINE

is the perfection for family use, AND WE CHALLENGE THE WORLD.

$100 MACHINE FOR $75!

$75 do. $50!

Calhoun and Berry, at the great,

Old No. 8.

Street Planking.

THE undersigned will receive Sealed Proposals until 7 o'clock p m on Monday, August 1st, 1859, for

Grading & Planking Main Street,

From the west side of Calhoun street to the west side of Broadway, 49 feet wide. The work to be completed by the 1st day of November next. Plans and specifications to be seen at the Mayor's office in said city.

E. VERDENKAMP,
J. FOELLINGER,
A. MOWER,
Committee.

Fort Wayne, July 9-3. 4w2

State of Indiana, } Allen Common Pleas Court.
Allen County, ss. } July Term, 1859.

Hannah Thorp, vs James W Thorp.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, by affidavit, that said defendant is a non-resident of the State of Indiana, it is therefore ordered by the Court that said defendant be notified of the filing and pendency of said suit by publication in the Fort Wayne Sentinel. Notice is therefore hereby given said defendant unless he personally be and appear before the Court now here on the first Monday in October next, on the first Monday in October next, on the first Monday in October next,

GREAT ARRIVAL OF

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS

AT THE

Farmer's Depot,

No. 87, Columbia Street, Fort Wayne

JUST received and opened for inspection a large and well selected Stock of

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods.

Silks and Ribbons, Bonnets, and Artificial Straw Goods; Wood and Willow Ware, Cradles, Scythes and Snaths.

Groceries, Hardware, Queensware

Nails and Glass.

all to be sold extremely low to suit the times.

I call the attention of my friends and the public in general, to my stock of Goods. All who want bargains, come and examine before buying elsewhere. I am in favor of

Quick Sales and Small Profits,

and believe Low Prices to be better than long advertisements.

Call and convince yourself of the fact, at No 87 Columbia Street.

D. R SCHWEGMAN

SUMMIT CITY

WOOLLEN FACTORY.

THE public are informed that the above Establishment will continue the manufacture of

Wool in all its Branches

Strict attention will be given to the CUSTOM DE ARTMENT, and persons from a distance can help upon having their wool carded and spun, returned stored on promptly, in neat and workmanlike style, and as cheap as at any factory in the West. The highest price in cash paid or wool delivered at the Factory.

H RUDISILL'S SONS

Fort Wayne April 10 n. 1859 3m43

No. 95 Columbia Street.

No. 95 Columbia Street.

MEYER, & BRO,

WHO SALE & RETAIL DEALERS IN

Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals,

PAINTS, OILS, VARNISHES, DYESTUFFS,

Patent Medicines, Surgical Instruments Glassware, Window Glass, Brushes,

of all kinds

Pure Wines & Brandies

Perfumery Soaps, and Fancy Articles,

ARE constantly receiving fresh supplies of a articles in their line direct from New York and Boston.

Country Merchants and Physicians are respectfully invited to call and examine our stock. All Drugs and Medicines will be warranted pure and unadulterated, having been selected with care from some of the best Eastern Houses.

FOR SALE.

I OFFER for sale on liberal terms of payment: LOT 11 and 12 in block 24, Ewing's Addition (one late residence), price $3,000.

Also the mill the 20 feet lot joining Mr. F. Niedlinger's) of lot 330, Hanna's addition. Price $1,000.

92 Acres of Land, 14 miles from town, adjoining James Bailey's farm on the south, and Simon Edsall's farm on the west; 40 acres are well clear to be fenced. Price $1,000.

Also, 80 acres near the Piqua Road, 21 miles from this city, 25 acres cleared, the balance well timbered. Price $2,000.

The above property is rapidly rising in value, and persons wishing to purchase would be meet to persons desiring to settle in and near Fort Wayne.

Also, nine lots in Hanna's addition, Lots are Out Lots in Block 19, Hanna, and over 7,000 acres of valuable timbered and farming lands on and near the Lake Erie, Wabash & Mississippi, and Toledo & Fort Wayne Railroads, in the eastern part of Allen County.

JOSEPH K. EDGERTON.

Fort Wayne, March 28 1856. 1y39

BOSTICK & BOLMAN

Have just received at the store,

No. 95 Columbia st., Fort Wayne,

Their entire New SPRING and SUMMER stock of

Ready-made Clothing,

FURNISHING GOODS, CASSIMERES VESTINGS, SUMMER STUFFS, HATS AND CAPS.

Consisting of every article in that line, from a Linen Coat, to the finest French Broad Cloth.

The same in Vests and Pants.

Also the entire stock of

PIECE GOODS

Ever brought to this West, all of which they will sell by the yard, or

Make to Measure

on the most reasonable terms,

FOR CASH!

And warrants all to fit, and made to the latest Fashions, received every month from New York.

HATS, CAPS, AND TRUNKS,

And a general assortment of Gents' Furnishing Goods

BOSTICK & BOLMAN.

Fort Wayne, April 13 n. 1859

Saddles, Harness, & Collars.

C. NEIBERGER returns his thanks to the friends and the public generally for their liberal patronage, and informs them that he has REMOVED to the store lately occupied by Fry & Greenman, No. 1.3 Columbia Street, opposite the American House, where he will be glad to see his old customers and as many new ones as want to buy.

Good Articles Cheap.

He is manufacturing COLLARS on an extensive scale, and will supply the trade at Wholesale Prices

Saddles and Harness

of all descriptions, warranted well made by the best of workmen, at the lowest Cash prices.

A few very nice ROCKING-HORSES, different sizes, for sale cheap.

April 20, 1859 n41

HOOPED SKIRTS, at ORFF'S.

A general assortment of Household furnishing Goods at very low prices at ORFF'S

---

100 BBLS. RYE FLOUR for sale at H R Schwegman's

Fort Wayne, May 14 h. 1859

COPPER and Two Pumps, for sale by B W. OAKLEY.

MILLINERY

AND FANCY GOODS

MRS. SULLEY wishes to inform her friends and the Ladies of Fort Wayne in general, that she has just returned from the East, where she has selected the largest assortment of Millinery, Fancy and necessary articles for ladies' and children's wear, ever offered in Fort Wayne. She would call especial attention to her stock of

BONNETS, RIBBONS,

French and other Flowers, Misses' and Children's Hats' Embroideries, Dress Trimmings, Silk and Lace Mantillas, &c., &c.,

Mrs S. begs the favor of a call before purchasing elsewhere, as she is confident that no other house can offer an equal advantage to customers.

N. B.—Bonnets and Hoods, Shakes from 50 cts upwards, and Children's Hats [trimmed] from 37½.

April 13, 1859. d.n42

SUGAR—very low, by the barrell or retail, at P. PIERRS

SYRUP and Prime Molasses, for sale low P. PIERR.

GLASSWARE, for sale at P. PIERR'S.

TOBACCO, Snuff, and Cigars, for sale by P. PIERR.

FEATHERS for sale by P. PIERR

A Second article of Carriage and Plow Bolts for sale by D. W. OAKLEY.

Country Merchants and Milliners

ARE respectfully solicited to examine my Stock when they come to our city to buy Goods. I am constantly and suitable for the COUNTRY TRADE and will be

Sold at a Small Advance on Eastern Prices.

Prompt attention will be paid to orders.

The highest market price will be paid for Country PRODUCE. H. R. SCHWEGMAN.

WALL PAPER.

C. L. HILL has just received a full stock of

Wall & Window Papers,

Borders, &c. of the richest and newest patterns.—The best assortments in the state, and cheaper than ever.

H. WILLIAMS, A. C. HUESTIS.

WILLIAMS & HUESTIS,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

GROCERIES,

Fruit, Glass, Nails, Woodenware,

Butter, Cheese, Eggs, Lard, &c.,

No. 85 Columbia street,

FORT WAYNE, IND.

MERCHANTS supplied with Groceries of all kinds, on as favorable terms, all things considered, as can be purchased in any market

☞ All orders filled with dispatch. ☜

Jan. 17, 1857. 1y29

A Large stock of LARD OIL, SPERM OIL, and BURNING FLUID.

Also, Iceland Moss Paste: a delicious remedy for Coughs and Colds; Gum Drops, Jujube Paste, and Spruce Gum, at MEYER & BROS.

Stoves! Stoves!

WE have contracted for $12000 worth of STOVES to be delivered this fall, and manufactured from HANGING ROCK metal, known to all to be the finest metal in the world for stoves, made of selected scrap, and warranted not to break by fire, bought at low figures, and our customers shall reap the benefit.

COMETS.—We have six sizes of the Comet flat top cooking stoves—the best stove sold in any market, except the all cornered, known as the Queen. I have sold hundreds in this market, and the sale is every day increasing. No family should be without one. We warrant this stove one year, and if in stove is not what we represent it to be, the money will be refunded. For sale at the sign of the Golden Stove, by A. D. BRANDRIFF.

September 22 t. 1855.

PARLOR COOKING STOVES.—You will find three kinds of thine Stoves at BRANDRIFF'S.

THE CASTLE PARLOR and the Gem air tight Ventilated Stoves, for sale by BRANDRIFF.

BUCKEYE STATE.—We have five sizes of this fine, warranted good; also, the Hoosier Stove 20 inches wood, which suits the farmers. This stove has long been their favorite heavy and neat cake. We will warrant it one year. Call on BRANDRIFF'S.

OHIO Box Stove—3 sizes of this popular Stove at BRANDRIFF'S

Franton Premium Cook Stove.

YOU will find six sizes of this excellent Stove of heavy plate, at BRANDRIFF'S

ELEVATED OVEN.—This Stove we are now guaranteed for this market, out of Hass: it and the only one made of the kind exclusively attended to in the United States; it bakes 3 Rye-chin ers in a quick baker, and is the very kind of house warmer. We have a large quantity and can afford them low, considering the great weight and good quality, by BRANDRIFF

UNION Box Stove—3 size new pattern, for sale at BRANDRIFF'S

---

500 Lbs. BRASS KETTLES for sale at BRANDRIFF'S.

THE new things which find so great favor as to keep pitting down to within a notice of the sale named Hoadland German Bitters, however we are fifty collections we are conferring a public benefit, especially in the United States; it bears a Rye-chin ers in a quick baker, and is the very kind of house warmer. We have a large quantity and can afford them low, considering the great weight and good quality, by BRANDRIFF

PAINT SHOP!

O. L. STARKEY

WOULD take this method of informing his friends, and all those in need of his professional services, that he has just fitted up a NEW SHOP

Over Lanceford's Harness Shop,

prior to the Times Office, where he may be found at all times ready to execute

House, Sign, & Ornamental

PAINTING,

Graining, Glazing, Gilding,

Paper Hanging, &c.

Also

Imitation of Wood, Stone, and Marble,

in a style that cannot be surpassed west of New York City.

In regard to his Imitation of Wood, as to refer to the Indiana State Bank, Watson Wells and Mrs. Clarendon's residences; and for Marbling and Graining to Williams & Huestis' Ice Cream Saloon.

He would also invite to the Ladies and Gentlemen of this place that he is prepared to finish their parlors and square with

Florence White.

White is of a pure snow white, and leaves beautiful polish, far superior to anything used in this city heretofore.

Also **BRONZING** Columns, Picture Frames, and Bungies of all kinds.

All work warranted, and satisfaction given or no pay asked.

December 10 1858 124

County Orders Wanted!

ON the Counties of Allen, Adams, Wells, Huntington, Kosciusco, Whitley, Noble, Dekalb, Steuben and DeKalb, by

J. W. TOWNLEY & Co.

Dec 11 1858.

A CARD.

WE take this opportunity of saying to our customers and the public, that we now have in store one of the largest and best assortment of

DRY GOODS AND GROCERIES

ever offered by us in this market.

Our facilities for buying in the Eastern Market are equal to any other house in the State.—One of our firm will visit the New York Market, at two different times during the purchase of Goods in the New York, Boston and Philadelphia Market, which enables us, instead of purchasing and receiving all our Goods at one time, to have

New Goods arrive almost every day.

We have this Spring, received over seven hundred packages of goods, and more are on the way.

Our assortment will be found complete in each department, and we invite the attention of the *Merchants and country Farmers, Mechanics, and the public* in general, to give us a call, and we assure them our aim will be to give them Goods in our line, as in all cases *"value received."*

Wholesale or Retail,

a cheap as they can be offered in this market.

One Price, and no abatement.

J. W. TOWNLEY & Co.

June 5, 1858. FORT WAYNE

Oyez! Oyez! Oyez!

ATTENTION

FRESH DRUGS, MEDICINES, Chemicals, &c.

HUGH B. REED & CO

HAVING just returned from the principal Eastern Cities, with *pockets turned inside out*, are receiving by Railroad and Canal

The largest, cheapest, and most magnificent stock of

Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals, Wines, Liquors, Paints, Oils, Dyes, Druggists Fancy Goods,

As well as Ten Thousand other ARTICLES necessary to make a complete assortment, ever offered *for Sale*, including many NEW and RARE ARMACEUTICAL PREPARATIONS, as

CHEMICAL FOOD,

OR

Compound Syrup of the Super Phosphates.

Used with the most gratifying success in many diseases heretofore of the most difficult treatment, such as *Caries, Rickets in Children, Nervous Debility, Marasmus, &c. &c.*

QUEEN'S COD LIVER OIL JELLY—a most ornamental and valuable preparation, and a very palatable medicine; another triumph of science and art.

ICED'S PURE GLYCERINE—an universal solvent, and a valuable contribution to medical science.

An extensive assortment from the best Manufacturers of

Surgical Instruments,

Physician's Pocket Instruments,

Physician's Pocket Cases,

Dental Instruments,

FRENCH, ENGLISH, and GERMAN

TRUSSES,

of all kinds and the very best qualities

MASON & Co's

New Patent Radical Cure Truss,

which received the *Prize Medal* at the *Crystal Palace Exhibition.*

Hutchinson's Superior Trusses.

Phelps's Trusses

Fitch's Celebrated Supporters.

Heynen's Supporters

And all the other kinds worth wearing.

We have one of the best selected stocks of

WINES & LIQUORS

In the West, comprising at least

TWENTY-FIVE VARIETIES

of the choicest and best Brands, direct from the *Custom House.*

PAINTS & COLORS

A large stock with many new qualities from the Manufactureille Paint and Color Works of the distinguished and popular Major of New York, Daniel E. Tilman, among which we have the pleasure of calling special attention to our

Pins Ready for Use.

A great convenience and desideratum which we will sell cheaper than ever and before in this market.

All the various *American* and *French*

Zinc Paint

Dry, In Oil, and Varnish.

LINSEED OIL,

Turpentine, Japan Patent Dryer

and

COPAL AND DAMAR VARNISHES.

From the different and best manufactories.

A large and extensive lot of

Paint Brushes, Varnish Brushes, and White Wash Brushes.

Glue, Glass, Putty, Sand Paper. Druggists' Glass Ware.

KEROSENE LUBRICATING OIL, designed especially for *Machinery*, and the *Superior to Sperm*

Kerosene Illuminating Oil.

The cheapest and most agreeable Artificial Light known. *Will burn three.*

Also CAMPHINE OIL, almost equal to Kerosene and superior to every thing else.

KEROSENE and CAMPHINE OIL LAMPS every variety and style.

SPERM, ELEPHANT, WHALE, LARD, AND BANK'S

OILS!

CIGARS,

Habanna—National Guard—Nectar.

Solace Tobacco, Fig Tobacco, Snuff.

Artists' Materials!

Nitrate of Silver in Crystals, Hyposulphite of Soda, Creasote of Pyroxin, Collodion and Sulphuric Ether, Bromide and Chloride of Cadmium, Chloride of Gold

Fine Ostrich Fly Brushes and Parlor Dusters.

CHEMICAL SOAP for Washing Linen,

A new and superior article; cheap, labor and money saving—warranted to please.

HAIR DYES of all kinds.

Prof. Wood's & Mrs. Allen's HAIR RESTORERS.

All the Patent and Popular

FAMILY MEDICINES

of the Day.

Liquorice Drops, Gum Drops,

of every variety and the best quality.

DR PAR'S, PERRY'S and MERRELL'S celebrated

FLAVORING EXTRACTS

for Culinary purposes.

LEMON, VANILLA, STRAWBERRY, NECTAR, PINE APPLE, PEACH, ETC., ETC.

They are the most select and elegant stock of

PERFUMERY,

TOILET ARTICLES, GEMS OF ART,

Perfumeries of the most delicate fragrance.

KISS-ME-QUICK distilled from FRAGRANT TOILET KISS ME QUIETLY and all the compounds.

Imitation Prohibited. Patent applied for.

LUBINS and other EXTRACTS.

Tea Rose, New Mown Hay, West End, Upper Ten, Jockey Club Magnolia, Sweet Clover, &c.

FRANGIPANNI An Original production from the Royal Laboratory of Flowers.

French, English and German Perfume Gems,

Citronelle, Musk, Rose, Geranium, and Millefleur

TOILET WATERS.

Genuine EAU LUSTRALE, popular throughout the world.

POWDER PUFFS, Cosmetics, Pomades, and all the

FANCY TOILET SOAPS.

HAIR BRUSHES of the finest qualities.

TOOTH AND NAIL BRUSHES,

Shell, Buffalo, and India Rubber Dressing Combs of the highest finish and latest styles.

LADIES' TRAVELLING SACKS,

PORTE-MONAIES, WALLETS,

of the most elegant patterns—Beauties that cannot fail to please (when well filled)

To the Medical Profession and Country Dealers,

We extend a general invitation to call and examine our supply and extensive stock, assured that we can and will sell them goods of the best quality, cheaper than they can be purchased elsewhere in the West. We never offer to duplicate any regular Physician's bill of $50, purchased in Chicago, Cincinnati, Toledo or Cleveland, and reduce it ten per cent.

In full for the past liberal patronage, it will be our aim to satisfy all our customers, and give them in all cases *"value received."*

HUGH B. REED & Co.,

Wholesale and Retail Druggist

Corner of Columbia and Calhoun Sts.

June 5, 1858. FORT WAYNE

SOMETHING NEW!!

A Gift Enterprise Conducted upon a Liberal and Impartial Plan!!!

Endorsed by the editors of the City of Baltimore

H. E. HOYT & CO'S

GREAT BOOKSTORE

GIFT BOOK STORE.

No 41, Baltimore Street,

BALTIMORE, MD.

Headquarters for Southern and Western Orders

WRITE for a CATALOGUE for 1860.

It contains the

Largest List of Useful, Ornamental and Valuable Gifts ever Published.

☞ GREATER INDUCEMENTS to Agents than ever before offered by any Establishment in the U. S.

A Gift Worth from 50 cts. to $100 00

ACCOMPANIES EVERY BOOK

Postmasters, Country Merchants, Booksellers, Librarians of Universities, Academies, Private and Circulating Libraries, Schools,

And all others whose business will enable them, are respectfully solicited to become our Agents.—Any person can, by collecting a few clubs, obtain a valuable collection of Books in a short time, without any actual cost, save a few moments leisure time.

We have Agents in all parts of the country, who, besides supplying themselves with valuable Libraries, are realizing Handsome Profits from the sale of gifts and supplying the books.

Catalogues giving full particulars mailed free to any address

WHAT THE PRESS SAY:

"They have a monthly sale or assortment of books and have prepared an enterprise with many notable elegant Gifts to be distributed among their patrons, friends and customers at large."—*Bolt Sun*

"It only may a selection be made of any choice work, but with it the purchaser is sure to receive some article of Jewelry which in many cases prove quite valuable."—*Daily Exchange*

"They make no promises that are not strictly performed to the letter, and by thus punctually carrying out their obligations, have gained the entire confidence of not only our citizens, but the country abroad."—*Bolt Patriot.*

A young lady acquaintance of ours purchased for $1 a book at their establishment a few days since, and received a double cased *Gold Watch valued at one hundred dollars.*—*Bolt Clipper*

The above which notices the Gift Book House of H. E. Hoyt & Co., have correctly stated its character and enterprise.—*Republican & Argus.*

Call and see them, and our word for it, you will see no regret.—*Dispatch Bolt*

The inducements to the Southern and Western people to make their purchases from Messrs Hoyt & Co are such as scarcely than can be offered by any house in the trade in the country. Freight from Baltimore to any Southern point is low and the immense order by these down by this firm is a guarantee of their full fulfilment of all promises.—*Family Journal*

It is, in a literal sense, books by nothing, and being paid to take them away.—*Elevator.*

All orders will be promptly and impartially filled and forwarded within one day after being received. The Gifts, in all cases, will accompany the books, with a written certificate to the person sending the order.

☞ Remember, no Gifts distributed of less value than 50 cents or more than $100 00

Address, H. E. HOYT & CO.,

dec 2 No. 41, Baltimore St., Baltimore, Md

W. H. BROOKS, Sr.

Grocery & Provision Store.

Fort Wayne, Ind.

HAVING purchased the entire stock of Gove, Rice, Provisions, etc., of Lewis T. Brooks, I am prepared to fill to all my friends, and many more of the old stand, at Lot one of the CANAL, everything in my line and will endeavor to keep the a good assortment of every thing that is palatable, and sell all lower than can be had at any house in the city.

GROCERIES,

Provisions, Fruits, Fish, Pickles, Nuts, &c. &c.

My terms are SMALL PROFITS, QUICK SALES, and READY PAY, persons about with them.

☞ Goods sold at my house delivered FREE of expense to any part of the City.

The Highest Market Price Paid

for most all kinds of Country Produce, such as Butter, Eggs, Lard, &c. Also buying young Stock, Farrow, if you want money to buy or anything else.

Don't forget the place, No. 5 Phœnix Block, formerly occupied by Drake & Brooks

W. H. BROOKS, Sr.

Fort Wayne, May 20th, 1858. 21-y

C. L. HILL

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Bookseller & Stationer,

Calhoun St., Fort Wayne.

School Law, Medical and Miscellaneous Books; Writing, Wrapping and Printing Paper; Fancy Articles, &c.

Pianos, Melodeons, Guitars, and other MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS

BOOK BINDING promptly executed.

LAND FOR SALE.

THE subscriber offers for sale those 16 acres of good Timbered land, in Section 3, Township 30, South of Range 15, twelve miles east of Fort Wayne, on the Bluffton Road, adjoining the town of Van Valley and the Pottsville. Fort Wayne & Cincinnati Railroads. For particulars inquire of Hezekiah at the Engelke House, Calhoun Street, Fort Wayne

DANIEL KISTLER.

8 p nov 6th 1858 v21

ALFRED HATTERSLEY,

Gas and Steam Fitter,

BRASS FOUNDER & FINISHER,

Manufacturer of all kinds of

Gas, Steam and Water Cocks.

Main Street, west of Calhoun, FORT WAYNE

Buildings Fitted with Gas on short notice.

☞ The highest price paid for OLD COPPER BRASS and ZINC

The just received choice and splendid assortment of

Chandeliers, Brackets, Pendants, Glass Shades, &c.,

Of the greatest and newest styles, which he will furnish and put up CHEAP FOR CASH.

A general assortment of Oil and Fluid LAMPS.

June 9, 1858. y—35

B. W. OAKLEY

IS now receiving and will keep constantly on hand the largest and best selected stock of

HARDWARE

ever offered in Fort Wayne, and having adapted the CASH SYSTEM will sell at the lowest rates. His stock embraces all that is usually kept in Hardware Stores. Consisting in part of all kinds of

Building Hardware,

such as Locks, Latches, Butts and Screws, Glass and Sash, Hook, Strap, and T Hinges, with all the *accessories* necessary to trim a mansion or Cabin. A so,

Carpenters' Tools.

Hand and Rip Saws, Mortise, Framing and Firmer Chisels, Turners' Chisels and Gouges, with all the numberless little fixtures too numerous to mention.

BLACKSMITH'S TOOLS, Anvils, Vices, Bellows, Screw Plates, &c.

COOPER'S TOOLS, Heading, Hollowing, Backing, Straw, and Hoop Knives, Howels, Crows, Truss Hoops, &c.

Saddlery Hardware.

A very superior assortment comprising all the *new styles* and latest improvements in Saddlery ware.

Carriage Trimmings

of all kinds. Patent and Enamelled Leathers and Enamelled Cloths of every variety and quality. A superior article of RUBBER CLOTH for Carriage Tops, equal to best in the market. Best Linings, Damasks, Lace Cord, Gimp and Hoop Skirts, Tassels, Cords, Trus Hoops, &c.

Saddlery Hardware.

A very superior assortment comprising all the *new styles* and latest improvements in Saddlery ware.

Carriage Trimmings

of all kinds. Patent and Enamelled Leathers and Enamelled Cloths of every variety and quality. A superior article of RUBBER CLOTH for Carriage Tops, equal to best in the market. Best Linings, Damasks, Lace Cord, Gimp and Hoop Skirts, Tassels, Cords, Trus Hoops, &c.

BELTING,—Vulcanized Rubber and Meshing Straight Leather Belting, of all sizes, kept on hand Also, Rubber and Hemp PACKING.

IRON AND STEEL

A large stock of American, English, German, and Sweden Iron and Steel; best Russia Nail Rod, with a full assortment of NAILS and SPIKES, which are warranted good or no sale.

We cannot stop to enumerate the half, but request our old patrons and the public to call and examine for themselves. We have adopted the

CASH SYSTEM

in our business, believing it the best for all. Small Profits and Ready Pay, is OUR MOTTO.

We again say, call and examine our stock. We believe we can convince most people that our goods are of a superior quality and very cheap; so call at

No. 79, Columbia st.

where we are always happy to show our goods. A want to our old customers who are indebted. Please call and settle; if you cannot pay, call and settle, so we can close our *Books*. Times are hard, but yet a good time to settle up all balance old matters.

Thankful for the past favors, and hoping for more to come,

I R main, Yours,

B W OAKLEY.

SHEET LEAD and Lead Pipe, for sale by B. W. OAKLEY.

ROPE & CORDAGE, for sale by B W. OAKLEY.

WIRE CLOTH, Wire Sieves, and Screens, for sale by B W. OAKLEY.

BUDDEN'S Patent Horse Shoes, and best Horse Nails, for sale by B W. OAKLEY.

A. WHITE,

FASHIONABLE HAIR DRESSER,

56 Columbia st.,

Opposite Colerick's Hall.

Shaving and Hair Dressing

done in the first style of the art

Feb. 26, 1859. y-36

United States Mail Line

Ft. Wayne, Wolf Lake & Wawaka

STAGE.

THE subscriber is now running a Line of Stages from Fort Wayne, via Hoffer's Corners, Cherubusco Station, Wolf Lake, Port Mitchell and Albion to Wawaka, on the Toledo & Goshen Airline Railroad.

Leave Fort Wayne Monday and Thursday, at 7 A M

Arrive at Wolf Lake same days, by 5 P M.

Leave Wolf Lake Wednesday & Saturday, at 7 A M

Arrive at Fort Wayne same days, by 5 P M

Leave Wolf Lake Tuesday, Friday and Saturday, at 9 A M. 12 M

Arrive at Wawaka same days, by 5 P M.

Leave Wawaka Tuesday, Friday, and Saturday, at 1 P M.

Arrive at Wolf Lake same days, by 4 P M

LIVERY STABLE.

In connection with the above he also keeps a Livery Stable on MAIN STREET, south east of the State Bank, opposite Miller's Granite Furniture Store.

Horses and Carriages

of all descriptions to hire on reasonable terms.

MATTHIAS GLYNN.

Fort Wayne, Aug. 21, 1858 1-1, 8

1858. 1858.

J. R. HILL. W. ORBISON.

HILL & ORBISON,

(Successors to Hill, Orbison & Co.,)

Forwarding & Commission MERCHANTS

FORT WAYNE, IA.

By State Authority.

Choice First-Class Insurance.

—BY THE—

Incorporated 1819.—Charter Perpetual.

Cash Capital $1,000,000.

ABSOLUTE AND UNIMPAIRED.

With a Surplus of $506,387.88.

And the prestige of FIFTY-EIGHT YEARS success and experience.

Assets, January 1, 1858.

Cash in hand and deposited in Hartford Banks,		$348 123 69
Cash in Agents' hands,		166 812 05
Notes due the Company, secured by mortgages,	5,4 8 01	
Real Estate unincumbered,	47 653 12	
Bills Receivable,	35 177 12	
	Market Value.	
102 Bonds & 7 and 10 per cent. Interest principally,	102 000 00	
657 Shares Railroad Stock,	54 416 00	
90 do. Lawrence River Co. Stock,	2 250 0	
50 do. Real Estate,	5 000 00	
50 do. Waterbury Bank "	5 000 0	
31 do. Providence "	1 8 0 00	
200 do. Hartford "	100 000 0	
985 do. New York "	500 812 5	
50 do. Jersey City "	1 125 0	
193 do. U S Trust Co. N.Y.	19 300 0	
150 do. N Y L I and Trust Co. "	22 500 00	
	$1 506 367 38	
TOTAL LIABILITIES! Unsettled claims not due,	$173 925 81	
LOSSES EQUITABLY ADJUSTED & PROMPTLY PAID		

Upwards of $11,000,000

Losses have been paid by the Ætna Insurance Co in the past 39 years.

Fire and Inland Navigation.

Risks accepted at terms consistent with security and fair profit.

Especial attention given to insurance of Dwellings and Contents for terms of Live Years.

The progress of this corporation have been rapid and uninterrupted, through Revulsions of financial credits and seasons, or periods eventful in or unusual in encouraging or discouraging insurance. During long term and in a cash basis, the trouble of the credit system effect us in to much and paid under.

In long "hard times" the security of reliable insurance is an imperative duty—the ability of property owners to sustain loss lightly than much enriched.

Agencies in all the principal cities and towns throughout the State. Policies issued without delay at any of the duly authorized Agents of the Company.

☞ Business attended to with dispatch and fidelity.

1 y 34 JOHN HOUGH, Agent.

Home Insurance Company

OF NEW YORK.

Office No. 4 Wall Street.

Cash Capital,	$600.000 00
Surplus, over	250.000 00
Amount of Liabilities,	41 110 00

THIS Company continues to Insure Buildings, Merchandize, Ships in Port and their Cargoes, Household Furniture and Personal Property generally, against Loss or Damage by Fire, on favorable terms.

Losses equitably adjusted and promptly paid.

JOAN HOUGH, Jr. Agent,

Fort Wayne, Ind.

September 24 1858. 1-13

JAMES HUMPHREY'S

STEAM

Freestone Lime Stone Works,

On the Canal, near the Rockhill House,

FORT WAYNE, IND.

C. W. NETTLEHORST. B. W. NETTLEHORST

NETTLEHORST & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Tin, Sheet Iron and Copper Ware

AND DEALERS IN

Stoves, Hollow Ware, &c.

Shop and Store Room No. 12 Columbia Street, a few doors west of H. H. Reed's Drug Store.

WE keep constantly on hand a perfect assortment of

Cook, Parlor, & Box Stoves

Wood-Lawn Mills.

BOSTICK & FRONEFIELD would inform the public that they have purchased the well known Wood-Lawn Mills, known as Wanemaker & Hamm's Mills, situated one mile east of Fort Wayne, on the Maumee River, and have thoroughly refitted it and now making

GOOD FLOUR

as is made in Northern Indiana, which they keep For Sale at their Flour and Feed Warehouse, in Kiser's Alley

People who wish their Flour will please leave their orders at Bostick & Upham's Store, 28 Columbia street, or at Peter Kiser's Store, on Calhoun st., and it will be delivered promptly by their Express. They are also prepared to do

Custom or Grist Work

at the shortest notice, and in case of high water, are always ready to exchange flour or grist as good as the farmer's wheat he wishes to have ground.

Farmers from a distance will be accommodated with a good and comfortable office, in case they wish to stay over night, and grain shelter for their teams.

BOSTICK & FRONEFIELD.

F b 19, 1859 y34

VORDERMARK & CO.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Boot and Shoe Store,

2 Phœnix Block, Cathoun st.

E. VORDERMARK having taken G. SHAFER'S store particularly the business will here after be conducted under the firm of VORDERMARK & CO., as the well known Boot and Shoe Store, Calhoun St. They keep on hand a full stock of

BOOTS & SHOES

Side by of their own make, which they warrant to be of superior quality. Their eastern work is bought for Cash from the best manufacturers, and they can sell on the lowest terms.

Being practical workmen, they will give particular attention to

Home Made & Custom Work

and can warrant their articles to be well and faithfully made, and of the best materials.

Calf and Kip Boots, Stogies, Brogans, and Ladies wear of all kinds,

kept on hand or made to measure.

July 3 1858 y-5

The St. Joe Tannery

[Formerly H C GREY & Co.]

THIS Tannery is again in operation under the Firm of E WEISER & Co., who will pay the highest market price for any quantity of

Bark and Hides

delivered at the Tannery.

C WEISER & Co.

Nov 25. y—12

To Grain Raisers!

MOFFIT'S

PATENT SEPARATOR!

Manufactured at Fort Wayne,

BY

MOFFIT & TOWER.

The firm is extensively engaged in the manufacture of three Threshing machines, which are the best now in use.

They are prepared to do repairs to any or all kinds of

Threshing Machines.

Shop in Fort Wayne, north side of the Canal on Barr Street, opposite the Gas Works.

☞ Keep constantly on hand Mortised Wagon HUBBS of all sizes.

MOFFIT & TOWER

Feb 4, 1859 1-34

"Death to all Vermin!"

CASPAR'S

RAT AND MICE

Exterminator!

Prepared and for sale by

MEYER & BROTHER,

Wholesale and Retail Druggists.

An infallible destroyer of Rats, Mice, Cockroaches, Crotch, Bugs, Ground Squirrels, Moles, Insects, &c.

LUBRICATING OIL for Machinery—cheaper than any and superior to any heretofore used—for sale by WALL, MEYER, & Co's.

OIL for SEWING MACHINES, better than any in the city. WALL, MEYER & Co's.

COMPARET, HUBBELL & Co.,

Forwarding & Commission Merchants,

FORT WAYNE, IND.

WE receive, Store, and Forward Goods by the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago, and the Toledo, Wayne & Western Railroads, and by the Wabash & Erie Canal, and deal in all Kinds of

PRODUCE,

Salt, Fish, Nails, Pork, Beef, Flour, Glass, Coal, &c.

☞ We are also Agents for

Fairbank's Celebrated Scales

and

DUPONT'S GUN POWDER,

For Sporting and Blasting purposes. And for

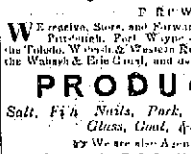
Peacock & Son's Steel Plow.

Our Warehouse is well located on the Canal Basin at the east end of Columbia street, at the terminus of the side track of the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago Railroad.

Fort Wayne, April 1, 1857.

GREAT WESTERN

Saddlery, Harness, Collars, & Trunk MANUFACTORY.



THE undersigned having been a saddler and by many citizens and old customers, to open a first class factory of the kind mentioned above, he does so in Fort Wayne, in a larger, public room occupied by H C Grey's Leather Store, No. 110 Columbia St., where he is now engaged in the business in all its branches, and will be pleased to receive the patronage of his old customers and the public generally.

Wholesale or Retail

with as good work as can be made in any of the Eastern cities, and at as low rates for CASH. He thinks it unnecessary to say much, as his name and long experience in the business and fine quality of work sold by him when in this trade, have made it well known, as one of security to him all his old and new customers. He shall not go into any boasting—but simply say, that he will be there, as one of security to him all his old and new customers. He shall not go into any boasting—but simply say, that he will be there, as one of security to him all his old and new customers.

F. S. If you want anything in the way of Saddling, such as

Enetroughs Sporting, &c.,

Call at Nettlehorst & Co. We are prepared to do it with promptness and dispatch.

Nov. 11th, 1857. y—1

BEST Eastern Carriage Springs, for sale by H W. OAKLEY

A Complete Stock of WILLOW WAGONS at COMPEE'S

J. W. TOWNLEY & Co.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

Dry Goods and Groceries,

Corner of Columbia and Calhoun streets,

FORT WAYNE, IN'D.

JOSIAH W. TOWNLEY. ROBERT TOWNLEY.

J. W. UNDERHILL. WM. H. UNDERHILL

UNDERHILL & CO.,

(Successors to P. Underhill,)

DEALERS IN

MARBLE MONUMENTS,

Head-Stones, Mantels, Cabinet Slabs, &c.,

Water Lime, Plaster Paris and Land Plaster.

The largest Establishment in the West.

Main st., two blocks west of Calhoun st.,

Fort Wayne,

And WARSAW, Ind.

PIANO FORTE WAREROOM

HILL & JACOBS having opened rooms for the sale of Piano Fortes and other Musical Instruments, keep on hand a full assortment of

Piano Fortes & Melodeons,

of various styles and qualities, from the most celebrated Manufactories in the United States.

SHEET MUSIC—A large collection kept on hand. New Music constantly received.

A fine assortment of

Guitars, Violins, Flutes, &c.,

Also Violin and Guitar Strings, In fact, almost every thing in the music line.

Feb 6 1858.

GOOD NEWS!

ALL who want to buy good and CHEAP GOODS are invited to call at

P. PIERR'S.

There they will find every thing right, in

Groceries and Dry Goods!

Molasses, prime article, A

Golden Syrup, A

Ten Teas 31 to $1 00 per lb.

Coffee, 121 cents per lb

Sugar very low, and prime article.

Call and satisfy yourself if I the truth.

GLASSWARE excessively low; CROCKERY cheap—cheaper than any other line.

Come, come, and see!

January 23d, 1858

GOOD RAISINS at 10